Appointment of Independent Directors and Establishment of Nomination and Remuneration Committees by TSE-Listed Companies

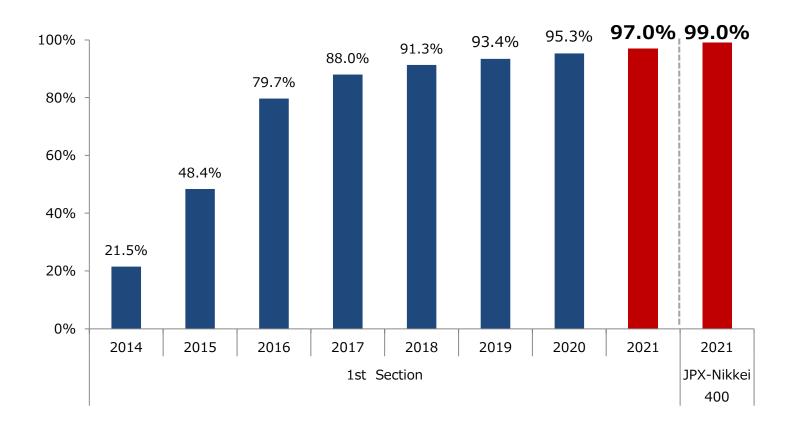




Companies with two or more Independent Directors

97.0% of the 1st Section and 99.0% of the JPX-Nikkei 400 companies appoint two or more independent directors.

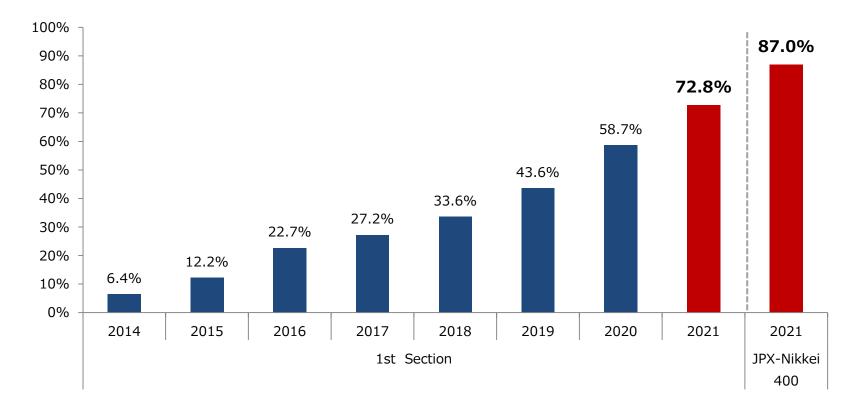
[Ratio of 1st Section Companies with two or more Independent Directors]



Companies with 1/3 or more Independent Directors

72.8% of the 1st Section Companies and 87.0% of the JPX-Nikkei 400 companies appoint 1/3 or more independent directors.

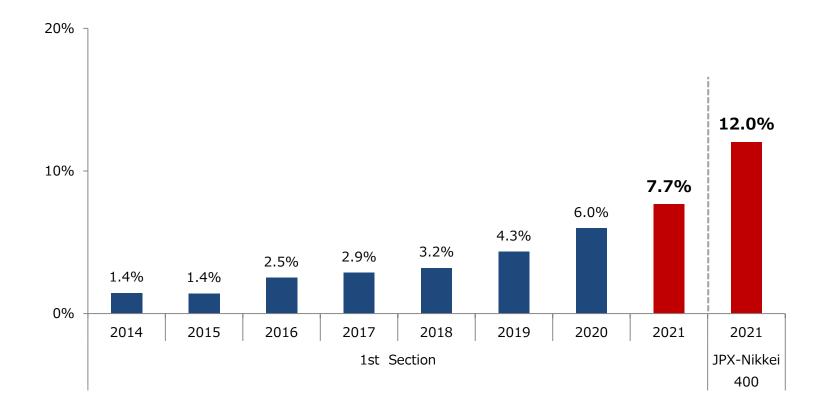
[Ratio of 1st Section Companies with 1/3 or more Independent Directors]



Companies with Majority Independent Directors

7.7% of the 1st Section Companies and 12.0% of the JPX-Nikkei 400 companies appoint majority independent directors.

[Ratio of 1st Section Companies with Majority Independent Directors]





(Table) Appointment of Independent Directors

	Number of Companies	Directore		more Inc	with 1/3 or dependent ectors	Companies with Majority Independent Directors		
		Number	Ratio	Number	Ratio	Number	Ratio	
1 st Section	2,191	2,126	97.0%	1,595	72.8%	168	7.7%	
I Section		(+56)	(+1.7%)	(+319)	(+14.1pt)	(+38)	(+1.7pt)	
2 nd Section	473	360	76.1%	195	41.2%	14	3.0%	
2 ^{na} Section		(+3)	(+1.7%)	(+25)	(+5.8pt)	(+3)	(+0.7pt)	
Mothers	372	212	57.0%	182	48.9%	37	9.9%	
Mouleis		(+29)	(+0.9%)	(+33)	(+3.2pt)	(+13)	(+2.5pt)	
145040	699	346	49.5%	200	28.6%	16	2.3%	
JASDAQ		(+70)	(+10.0%)	(+44)	(+6.3pt)	(+1)	(+0.2pt)	
Total	3,735	3,044	81.5%	2,172	58.2%	235	6.3%	
		(+158)	(+3.0%)	(+421)	(+10.5pt)	(+55)	(+1.4pt)	
JPX-Nikkei 400	399	395	99.0%	347	87.0%	48	12.0%	
		(+5)	(+0.5%)	(+53)	(+12.7pt)	(+10)	(+2.4pt)	

* Change from 2020 indicated in parentheses.



(Table) Number of Outside/ Independent Directors per Company

	Number of	Directors	Number of Independent Directors				Number of Outside Directors			
Con	Companies	Average	Average	1	2	3 or more	Average	1	2	3 or more
1 st Section 2,191	2,191	8.9	3.2	61	679	1,447	3.3	32	594	1,564
1 Section	2,191			2.8%	31.0%	66.0%		1.5%	27.1%	71.4%
2 nd Section	Section 473	7.6	2.1	102	234	126	2.5	66	208	197
2 Section				21.6%	49.5%	26.6%		14.0%	44.0%	41.6%
Mothers	Mothers 372	6.1	1.9	149	112	100	2.2	116	120	134
riotrers				40.1%	30.1%	26.9%		31.2%	32.3%	36.0%
JASDAQ	AQ 699	9 7.0	1.6	270	220	126	2.0	240	251	196
JAJDAQ				38.6%	31.5%	18.0%		34.3%	35.9%	28.0%
Total		3,735 8.1	2.6	582	1,245	1,799	2.9	454	1,173	2,091
10tai 3,7.	3,/35			15.6%	33.3%	48.2%		12.2%	31.4%	56.0%
JPX-Nikkei 400 399	200	399 10.2	4.0	4	43	352	4.1	2	38	359
	399			1.0%	10.8%	88.2%		0.5%	9.5%	90.0%

* Percentages in lower rows are the ratios to the number of companies in each section.

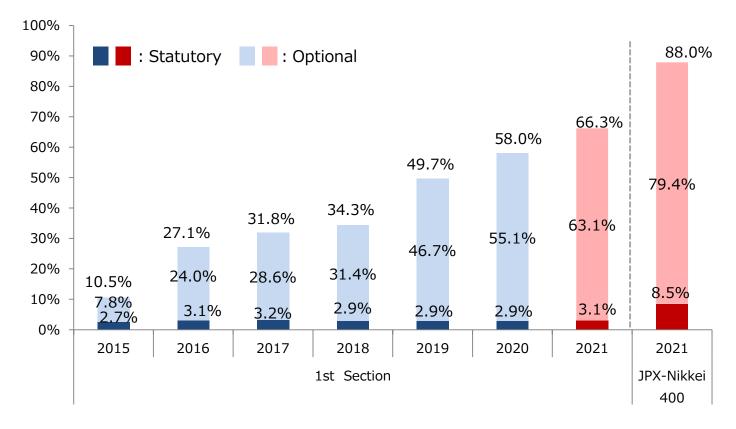


2. Establishment of Nomination and Remuneration Committees

Establishment of Nomination Committees

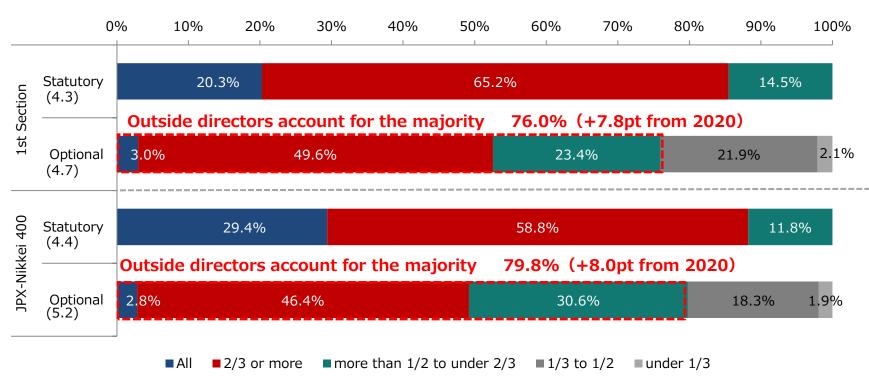
<u>66.3%</u> of the 1st Section Companies and <u>88.0%</u> of the JPX-Nikkei 400 companies have established statutory or optional Nomination Committees.

[Ratio of 1st Section Companies with Nomination Committee]



Ratio of Outside Directors in Nomination Committees

<u>76.0%</u> of optional Nomination Committees established by the 1st Section companies and <u>79.8%</u> of optional Nomination Committees established by the JPX-Nikkei 400 companies have majority outside directors.



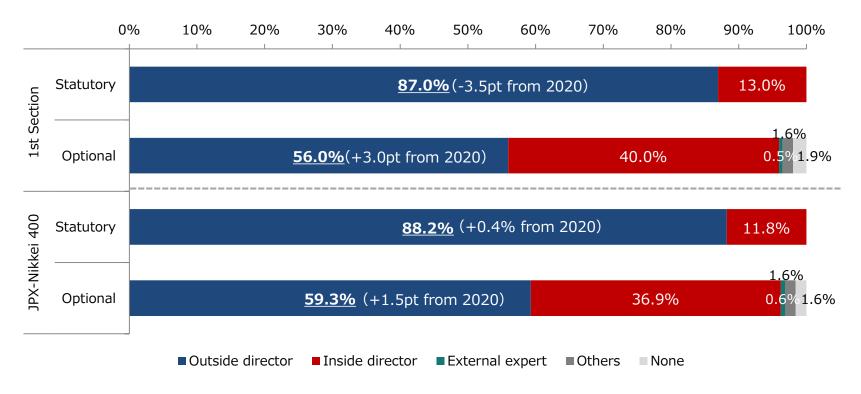
[Ratio of Outside Directors in Nomination Committees]

* Average number of members of Nomination Committees indicated in parentheses

Attributes of Chairpersons of Nomination Committees

- The statutory Remuneration Committees of <u>87.0%</u> of the 1st Section companies and <u>88.2%</u> of the JPX-Nikkei 400 companies appointed outside directors as the chairpersons.
- The optional Remuneration Committees of <u>56.0%</u> of the 1st Section companies and <u>59.3%</u> of the JPX-Nikkei 400 companies appointed outside directors as the chairpersons.

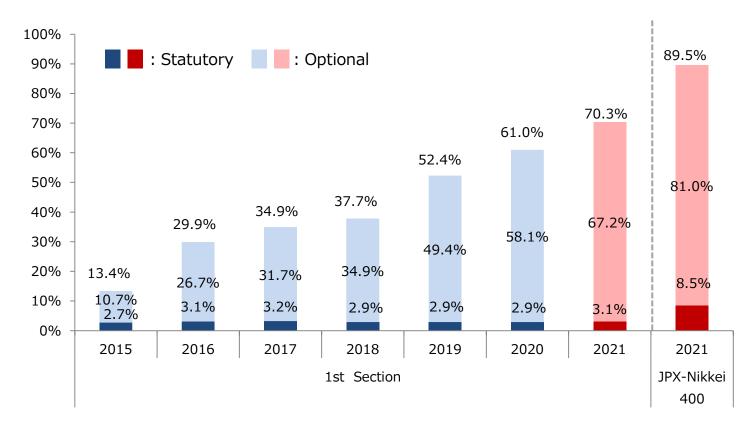
[Attributes of Chairpersons of Nomination Committees]





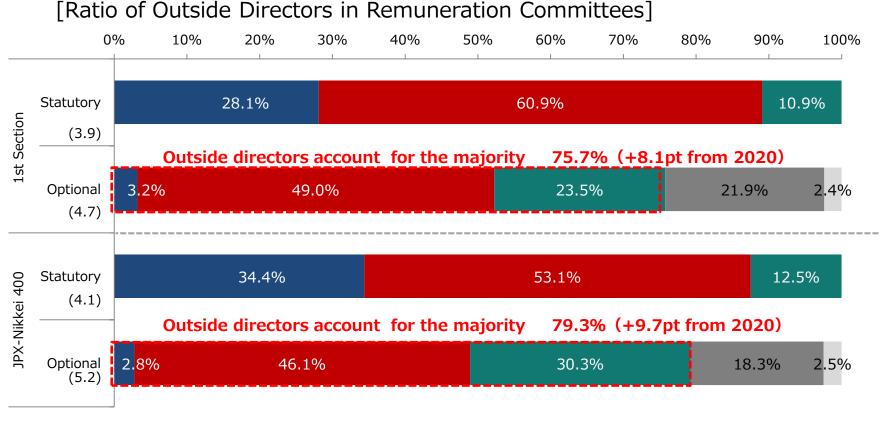
70.3% of the 1st Section Companies and 89.5% of the JPX-Nikkei 400 companies have established statutory or optional Remuneration Committees.

[Ratio of the 1st Section Companies with Remuneration Committee]



Ratio of Outside Directors in Remuneration Committees

75.7% of optional Remuneration Committees established by the 1st Section companies and 79.3% of optional Remuneration Committees established by the JPX-Nikkei 400 companies have majority outside directors.

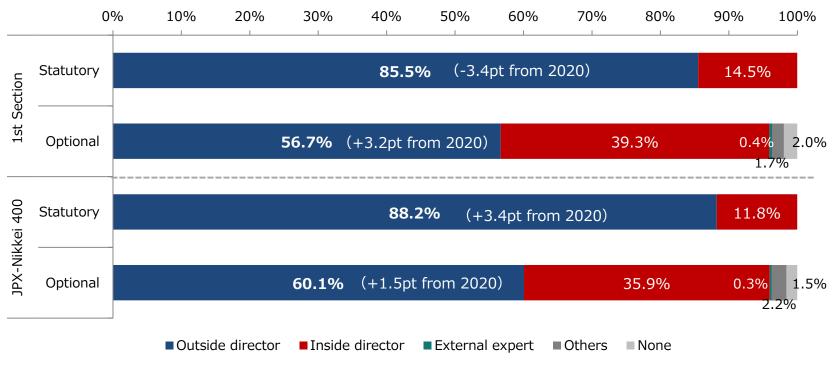


■ All ■ 2/3 or more ■ more than 1/2 to under 2/3 ■ 1/3 to 1/2 ■ under 1/3

* Average number of members of Remuneration Committees indicated in parentheses

Attributes of Chairpersons of Remuneration Committees

- The statutory Remuneration Committees of <u>85.5%</u> of the 1st Section companies and <u>88.2%</u> of the JPX-Nikkei 400 companies appointed outside directors as the chairpersons.
- The optional Remuneration Committees of <u>56.7%</u> of the 1st Section companies and <u>60.1%</u> of the JPX-Nikkei 400 companies appointed outside directors as the chairpersons.



[Attributes of Chairpersons of Remuneration Committees]

(Table) Status of Nomination/Remuneration Committee Establishment

	Number of Companies	Compan Nomination (Statutory and Op	Committee	Companies with Remuneration Committee (Statutory and Optional combined)		
	Companies	Number	Ratio	Number	Ratio	
1st Section	2,191	1,452	66.3%	1,541	70.3%	
ISC SECTOR	2,191	(+193)	(+8.3pt)	(+215)	(+9.3pt)	
and Contian	473	146	30.9%	157	33.2%	
2nd Section		(+22)	(+5.1%)	(+24)	(+5.5pt)	
Mothers	272	44	11.8%	80	21.5%	
Mothers	372	(+16)	(+3.2pt)	(+35)	(+7.7pt)	
145040	699	74	10.6%	108	15.5%	
JASDAQ		(+31)	(+4.4pt)	(+49)	(+7.1pt)	
Total	3,735	1,716	45.9%	1,886	50.5%	
		(+262)	(+6.4pt)	(+323)	(+8.0pt)	
JPX-Nikkei 400	399	351	88.0%	357	89.5%	
		(+24)	(+5.4pt)	(+22)	(+4.9pt)	

* Change from 2020 indicated in parentheses.



(Table) Organizational Form based on Japanese Companies Act

	Number of	Companies with Three Committees		Companies with Supervisory Committee		Companies with <i>Kansayaku</i> Board	
	Companies	Number	Ratio	Number	Ratio	Number	Ratio
1st Soction	2,191	69	3.1%	750	34.2%	1,372	62.6%
1st Section		(+6)	(+0.2pt)	(+88)	(+3.8pt)	(-75)	(-4.0pt)
2nd Section	473	4	0.8%	173	36.6%	296	62.6%
		(±0)	(+0.0pt)	(+2)	(+1.0pt)	(-9)	(-1.0pt)
Mothers	372	4	1.1%	104	28.0%	264	71.0%
		(-1)	(-0.5pt)	(+19)	(+1.9pt)	(+28)	(-1.4pt)
JASDAQ	699	4	0.6%	210	30.0%	485	69.4%
JASDAQ	099	(±0)	(+0.0pt)	(+22)	(+3.1pt)	(-22)	(-3.1pt)
Total	3,735	81	2.2%	1,237	33.1%	2,417	64.7%
		(+5)	(+0.1pt)	(+131)	(+3.0pt)	(-78)	(-3.1pt)
JPX-Nikkei 400	399	34	8.5%	98	24.6%	267	66.9%
		(+1)	(+0.2pt)	(+19)	(+4.6pt)	(-17)	(-4.8pt)

* Change from 2020 indicated in parentheses.

(Reference) Japan's Corporate Governance Code (Revised)

Principle 4.8 Effective Use of Indepndent Directors

Independent directors should fulfill their roles and responsibilities with the aim of contributing to sustainable growth of companies and increasing corporate value over the mid- to long-term. <u>Companies listed on the Prime Market should therefore appoint at least one-third of their directors as independent directors (two directors if listed on other markets) that sufficiently have such qualities.</u>

Irrespective of the above, if a company listed on the Prime Market believes it needs to appoint <u>the majority of directors</u> (at least one-third of directors if listed on other markets) as independent directors based on a broad consideration of factors such as the industry, company size, business characteristics, organizational structure and circumstances surrounding the company, it should appoint a sufficient number of independent directors.

Supplementary Principle 4.10.1

If the organizational structure of a company is either Company with Kansayaku Board or Company with Supervisory Committee and independent directors do not compose a majority of the board, in order to strengthen the independence, objectivity and accountability of board functions on the matters of nomination (including succession plan) and remuneration of the senior management and directors, the company should seek appropriate involvement and advice from the committees, including from the perspective of gender and other diversity and skills, in the examination of such important matters as nominations and remuneration by <u>establishing an independent nomination committee and remuneration committee under the board</u>, to which such committees make significant contributions.

In particular, <u>companies listed on the Prime Market should basically have the majority of the members of each</u> <u>committee be independent directors</u> and should disclose the mandates and roles of the committees, as well as the policy regarding the independence of the composition.



Notes on Figures

Figures for each year are based on the Corporate Governance Reports of listed companies as of the following days.

2014 : July 14, 2014 2015 : July 14, 2015 2016 : July 14, 2016 2017 : July 14, 2017 2018 : July 13, 2018 2019 : July 12, 2019 2020 : August 14, 2020

2021 : July 14, 2021

What is an "Independent Director"?

- An outside director that is designated by each listed company as an independent director under the TSE listing rules.
- To protect the interests of general shareholders, TSE requires listed companies to designate highly independent outside directors/ auditors as "independent directors"/"auditors."