2025 Case Studies (Prime Market)

Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. December 26, 2025 3rd edition



This document is intended as a reference for listed companies that are considering taking action to implement management that is conscious of cost of capital and stock price, and also as a reference for future updates for listed companies that have already made disclosures. This report is based on interviews with many investors in Japan and overseas, and compiles examples of Prime Market-listed companies' measures investors deemed as fulfilling the expectations they have for corporations.

Note: The examples in this document are provided solely for informational purposes as a reference for listed companies that are considering action to implement management that is conscious of cost of capital and stock price, and are not intended as a solicitation for investment in any stock or for any other purpose.

Index - I . TOPIX Core30 & TOPIX Large70

		Page lumbe r	Code	Name	Sector	2024 Case Studies Inclusion Status	① Considering the cost of capital/equity	analysis and y evaluation based on the investor's perspective	(3) Inspection of balance sheets to ensure their	① Setting goals based on the expectations of shareholders and investors	② Implementing fundamental initiatives with an awareness	and Disclo	perspectives of management and employees	(\$) Explanation f of efforts in relation to medium- to long-term goals	① Proactive involvement of management	tailored approach to	③ Disclosure of dialogue and further	④ f Revision of goals and initiatives an ongoin	on
	1 1	Page 5	6503	Mitsubishi Electric Corporation	Electric Appliances			1			•		<u>:</u>	•		<u> </u>		•	
	2 F	Page 8	6762	TDK Corporation	Electric Appliances						•				•		•	•	
П	3 P	age 11	8750	Dai-ichi Life Holdings,Inc.	Insurance			•		•	•	•						•	
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Index - II. TOPIX Mid 400

#	Page Numbe r	Code	Name	Sector	2024 Case Studies Inclusion Status	① Considering the cost of capital/equity	urrent Situa ② Multifaceted analysis and evaluation	③ Inspection of	① f Setting goals based on the expectations of shareholders and	② Implementing fundamental initiatives with an awareness	and Disclosing aware of the need to reduce	perspectives of management and employees	(5) Explanation of efforts in relation to medium- to long-term goals	① Proactive involvement of		③ Disclosure of dialogue and further	④ f Revision of goals and initiatives on an ongoing
4	Page 14	4183	Mitsui Chemicals,Inc.	Chemicals	√		•			•		•	•				•
5	Page 17	6481	THK CO.,LTD.	Machinery				•		•			•				
6	Page 20	6925	USHIO INC.	Electric Appliances						•						•	•
7	Page 24	7186	Yokohama Financial Group,Inc.	Banks	✓		•		•		•		•			•	•
8	Page 28	7259	AISIN CORPORATION	Transportation Equipment	✓					•		•				•	•
9	Page 32	9024	SEIBU HOLDINGS INC.	Land Transportation	✓					•							
10	Page 34	9065	SANKYU INC.	Land Transportation				•		•				•			•
11	Page 37	9147	NIPPON EXPRESS HOLDINGS,INC.	Land Transportation			•			•							•
12	Page 41	9508	Kyushu Electric Power Company, Incorporated	Electric Power and Gas								•	•	•			
			(Reference) Number of co	ompanies introd	uced per point	. 0) ;	3 2	2 1	7	7 1	3	4	1 2	2 0	3	6



Index -III. TOPIX Small

#	Page ‡ Numbe r	Code	Name	Sector	Inclusion Status	① Considering the cost of capital/equity	rrent Situa ② Multifaceted analysis and evaluation	③ Inspection of	① Setting goals based on the	② Implementing fundamental initiatives with an awareness	and Disclo	perspectives of	Explanation of efforts in relation to medium- to long-term goals	① Proactive involvement of	I. Dialogue ② Taking a tailored approach to shareholders and investors	③ Disclosure of dialogue and further	④ If Revision of I goals and Initiatives on I an ongoing
1	3 Page 46	1885	TOA CORPORATION	Construction	✓		•		•	•				•	•	•	•
1	4 Page 50	3139	Lacto Japan Co.,Ltd.	Wholesale Trade					•			•	•			•	
1	5 Page 53	5482	AICHI STEEL CORPORATION	Iron and Steel			•		•	•							•
1	6 Page 56	6745	HOCHIKI CORPORATION	Electric Appliances						•							•
1	7 Page 58	7972	ITOKI CORPORATION	Other Products						•			•				•
1	8 Page 61	7981	TAKARA STANDARD CO.,LTD.	Other Products				•	•	•			•			•	•
1	9 Page 64	8011	SANYO SHOKAI LTD.	Textiles and Apparels	✓					•		•	•	•		•	•
2	0 Page 67	8084	RYODEN CORPORATION	Wholesale Trade						•			•				•
2	1 Page 70	8219	AOYAMA TRADING Co.,Ltd.	Retail Trade			•	•		•							•
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I. TOPIX Core30、TOPIX Large70

II. TOPIX Mid400

III. TOPIX Small

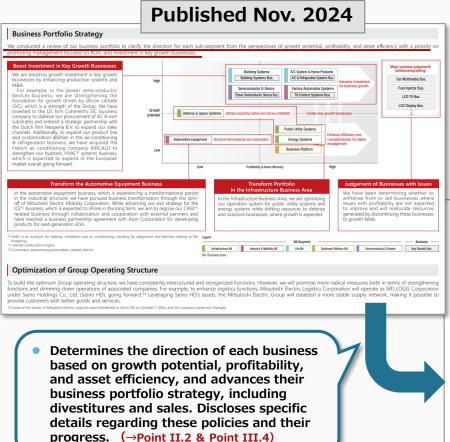


Mitsubishi Electric (6503) (i)

TOPIX Core30









Voice of Investors

While managing numerous businesses, the company is advancing a portfolio strategy focused on growth potential, profitability, and asset efficiency, and working to allocate management resources with clear priorities. Through comprehensive disclosure, including progress updates, Q&A sessions, and explanations of segment-specific ROIC projections and improvement measures, they convey their earnest commitment to structural reform.

Published Oct. 2025

Business Portfolio Strategy

The Mitsubishi Electric Group is reviewing its business portfolio by clarifying the direction of each business based on growth potential, profitability, and asset efficiency, as well as by backcasting from its ideal vision. This process includes growth investment in key growth businesses, strengthening the profitability of resilient businesses, and evaluating value recapturing businesses while improving their profitability. Going forward, we will conduct a more thorough evaluation of our business operations and execute growth investments, including M&A, to drive further growth and advance our business portfolio strategy

We are implementing growth investments including strengthening our production system and M&A. While overall growth is steady, earnings in the FA control systems business have deteriorated due to sluggish market conditions and intensifying competition. Therefore, we are implementing radical structural reforms aimed at an early recovery to a growth trajectory.





Main Initiatives Air-conditioning & Refrigeration Systems Business Construction of a new factory in India for global business expansion

Mitsubishi Electric to Build Plant in India for Room Air



 Building Systems Business Establishment of Mitsubishi Electric Building Solutions Corporation to build an integrated business management structure

 Power Device Business Construction of a new wafer plant to strengthen production capacity for SiC power semiconductors

To enhance profitability, we are promoting the shift FY2022 actual of resources to the defense systems business in Revenue ¥1.1 trillion Infrastructure BA and the optimization of business

Revenue ¥1.2 trillion Operating 9.8% profit margin

Main Initiatives

 Defense Systems Business Construction of a new production facility to expand capacity

 Energy Systems Business Establishment of an optimal business structure by transferring

the generator business to Mitsubishi Generator Co., Ltd.

Value Recapturing Businesses

divestiture of businesses that do not show potential for improved profitability. To date, we have already decided to terminate operations worth 0.5 trillion yen. Furthermore, during FY2026,

We are actively assessing the withdrawal or Revenue ¥1.3 trillion Revenue ¥1.9 trillion

we plan to assess the continuation or termination of businesses totaling 0.8 trillion yen Investment Policy to Strengthen the Business Portfolio

To achieve growth from the integration of components and digital technologies leveraging Serendie, we have established an M&A investment framework of 1 trillion yen (within three years). We are promoting growth investment based on the following policies

1 Strengthening existing businesses

- Achieving non-linear growth through M&A in the globally competitive Industry and HVAC sectors Actively investing in businesses with growth potential, such as the defense systems business
- 2Creating synergies between businesses Creating synergies between businesses through digital technologies (M&A in the energy
- management sector and other sectors)
- 3Strengthening Al and digital areas
- Pursuing M&A to strengthen capabilities in data collection, analysis, operational optimization, and predictive maintenance

Mitsubishi Electric Corporation 2025 INTEGRATED REPORT 21

Source: (Top left) Mitsubishi Electric Corporation, Integrated Report 2024 (Fiscal Year Ended March 2024), Page 13 (Underlining added by TSE) https://www.mitsubishielectric.com/investors/library/integrated-report/pdf/2024/integrated report2024 en.pdf (Bottom right) Mitsubishi Electric Corporation Integrated Report 2025 (Fiscal Year Ended March 2025) Page 21 https://www.mitsubishielectric.com/investors/library/integrated-report/

Mitsubishi Electric (6503) (ii)

TOPTX Core30





Q&A

* This information is current as of September 2025

O Could you elaborate on your current views on the key growth businesses and resilient businesses?

A Our key growth businesses have grown steadily through focused investments in strengthening production systems, M&A, and others. However, in the FA control systems business, revenue and profitability declined compared with FY2022, so we will aim for an early recovery to a growth trajectory by reducing fixed costs and revamping our sales and development structure.

In resilient businesses, we have been strengthening profitability through efficiency improvements and resource shifts. Furthermore, we are achieving high profitability in areas such as UPS* for data centers in the Infrastructure BA and optical communication devices in the Semiconductor & Device segment, We expect these areas to continue to generate stable, high profitability going forward.

* Uninterruptible Power Supply

How will you proceed with determination of business termination or continuation in value recapturing businesses with revenue of 1.9 trillion ven?

- A Of the 1.9 trillion yen, we have already decided to terminate 0.3 trillion yen worth of businesses. In addition, determining the termination or continuation of businesses adding up to 0.8 trillion yen will be done during FY2026. The remaining 0.8 trillion yen represents businesses currently deemed to be worth holding, and we will continue to strive to improve their profitability. Some businesses might be classified as resilient businesses in the future, but for those that remain in the value recapturing businesses, we might reassess them and implement radical measures.
- What specific businesses are included in the 0.8 trillion yen for which a decision on termination or continuation is to be made by the end of FY2026? Also, what criteria are used for selection?
- A Selection of the businesses are based on comprehensive considerations, including profitability, efficiency, growth potential, and synergies with other businesses. In addition to some businesses within the Industry & Mobility BA, which is promoting structural reforms. there are some businesses within the Infrastructure BA. We will continue to consider the issue from various perspectives and determine the direction to take.

- Based on your evaluation of value recapturing businesses, what level of contribution to profit margins do you anticipate in the future?
- A We aim to improve our operating profit margin by 2 percentage points over the next three years by combining termination of unprofitable businesses, optimization of indirect costs, and other various measures.
- Please provide details on the next steps and completion dates for structural reform in the automotive equipment business.
- A We will implement initiatives to enhance management efficiency, including the consolidation of offices and sales branches, and review our global production system. In addition, we will advance our business portfolio strategy by accelerating negotiations with customers to expedite the termination of underperforming businesses, aiming to improve profitability and efficiency. Furthermore, while promoting initiatives to improve profitability, we will concurrently assess the positioning of our business within the portfolio by considering all possible scenarios.
- What are your basic thoughts on conducting M&As in the new M&A investment framework of 1 trillion yen (within three years)?
- As we assess the termination or continuation of businesses totaling 0.8 trillion yen during FY2026, we have established a three-year M&A investment framework of 1 trillion ven to create growth areas without falling into a state of diminishing equilibrium. While giving due consideration to capital efficiency and synergies, we will make appropriate decisions on individual M&A transactions in areas that contribute to growth driven by both "components"

What is the background behind launching Serendie?

- A In the past, the Mitsubishi Electric Group has leveraged data from individual platforms optimized for each of its businesses, including transportation, energy, factory automation, buildings, and air conditioning. To further enhance collaboration between these businesses, Serendie has been developed as a digital platform that facilitates unprecedented interactions between data and expertise aggregated from components, systems, and services in different areas across previously unconnected areas.
- Nere there businesses using data before? And what specific solutions will you offer in the future?
- A Each business unit has been implementing data-driven solutions, including remote services for processing machines and computerized numerical controllers (CNCs), as well as remote monitoring and maintenance services for elevators. In addition to the solutions presented in this Integrated Report, we will continue to develop new cross-business solutions, such as enhancing comfort throughout building spaces by integrating elevators and air conditioning
- How do you plan to develop Serendie-related businesses into a pillar of
- A The Mitsubishi Electric Group's business model has traditionally focused on a hardwareonly sales model of components, although there were some segments that successfully turn services such as repairs and maintenance into viable businesses. By leveraging Serendie, we will integrate on-site usage data with design and manufacturing expertise to enhance the value of data collection components. Furthermore, we will provide services and solutions that leverage the data obtained, thereby creating new and stable sources of revenue.

Explains the concept and future direction of business portfolio strategy to investors in an easy-tounderstand Q&A format. (→Point

II.2)

- Mhat are the unique strengths of the Mitsubishi Electric Group in terms of data-driven solutions and services?
- A The Mitsubishi Electric Group has a wide range of technology assets, including power electronics and mechatronics. We have delivered superior components as well as systems and solutions, leveraging the synergies created by the optimal integration of these assets. In addition, we operate across a broad spectrum of industries, from household applications to space exploration, and we possess diverse customer connections along with extensive on-site expertise. Rather than focusing on software, the Mitsubishi Electric Group provides solutions and services that integrate its strengths in components with digital technology.
- Serendie-related businesses are targeting revenue of 1.1 trillion ven and an operating profit margin of 23% by FY2031. What is the current
- A The results for FY2025 were revenue of approximately 650 billion yen and an operating profit margin of 11%, For FY2026, we project revenue of approximately 680 billion ven and an operating profit margin of 13% (as of May 2025). Although data collection components fell short of initial plans for both revenue and operating profit margin due to sluggish sales of FA equipment, such as programmable logic controllers (PLCs), data utilization solutions continue to grow steadily, and there is no change in our medium-term direction.

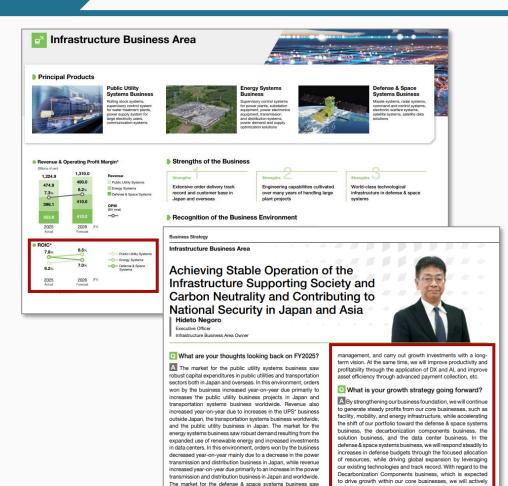
Source: Mitsubishi Electric Corporation, Integrated Report 2024 (Fiscal Year Ended March 2024), Pages 22 and 23 https://www.mitsubishielectric.com/investors/library/integrated-report/

Mitsubishi Electric (6503) (iii)

TOPIX Core30







robust demand due primarily to an increase in government-

related budgets. In this environment, both orders and revenue

increased year-on-year due to a rise in large-scale projects in

the business. As a result, revenue from the entire Infrastructure

BA was 1,224.9 billion yen, with operating profit of 89.4 billion

What initiatives are you undertaking to improve ROIC?

A In FY2025, the profitability of existing businesses became

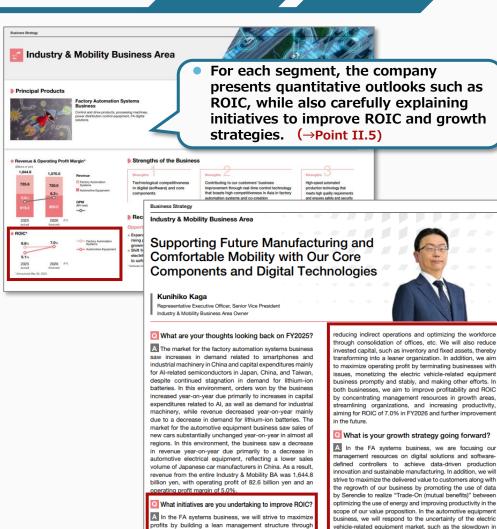
more stable, ROIC improved in each business, and ROIC fo

the entire Infrastructure BA was 7.2%. To achieve further

mprovements, we will review the allocation of production

oles across the entire supply chain with a focus on asset-ligh

yen and an operating profit margin of 7.3%.



optimizing the workforce and reduction of costs and indirect

operations, while also working to expand revenue from core

components through the reform of sales and development

structures, transforming our business portfolio, and reducing

invested capital, such as remaining inventories. In the

automotive equipment business, to fundamentally review our

fixed cost structure, we will maximize our earning power by

Source: Mitsubishi Electric Corporation, Integrated Report 2025 (Fiscal Year Ended March 2025), Pages 40–43 (Red borders added by TSE) https://www.mitsubishielectric.com/investors/library/integrated-report/

pursue collaborations and acquisitions, and work toward an

early market launch as well as global expansion. Pursuing

company-wide synergies, cross-BA and cross-group solution

businesses and data center businesses are driven mainly

by the Infrastructure BA. In the solutions business, we will

develop E&F services and the mobility services business

powered by Serendie, focusing on energy management, one

of our core technologies. In the data center business, we will

expand our business scale by strengthening our proposals for

UPS and other components and developing solutions through

the integration of the technologies and customer bases of

each BA and group.

Lininterruntible Power Sunniv

the growth of the BEV market, by balancing our electrified

and ICE* businesses to diversify risks. In addition, we will

establish SDV as a new pillar of our business and maximize

synergies through partnerships to provide value to a wide

range of customers

Internal Combustion Engine

TDK (6762) (i)









The company's disclosure of mid-term plan progress, including the implementation status of strengthened business portfolio management, is commendable as it facilitates appropriate investment decisions. Furthermore, it conveys a conscious effort to align management and disclosure with investor perspectives. This is demonstrated through expanding disclosure content based on shareholder feedback and actively conducting and disclosing dialogues between management, outside directors, and investors.

Financial KPI progress · For FY March 2025, we achieved the initial targets. We have not changed the targets in the final year of the Medium-term Plan. FY3/27 Base scenario Net sales [¥ bn] 2.500.0 2.103.9 Growth 2,204.8 2,200.0 2,120.0 (approx. 5%) 7.9% 9.5% 9.5% 7.9% ROF 10% or more Efficiency 5.3% (<7.0%) 6.7% (<7.0%) 7.1% (>7.0%) 5.6% (<7.0%) 8% or more 10.2% OP margin 8.2% 10.2% 8.5% 11% or more Shareholders 50% 51% 51% 51% 50% level equity ratio Financial soundness 0.3-0.4x D/F ratio 0 4x 0.3x 0.4x 0.4x Exchange rate assumptions ¥144/US\$ ¥153/US\$ ¥140/US\$ ¥140/US\$ ¥135/US\$ FY March 2025 Full Year Performance Briefing

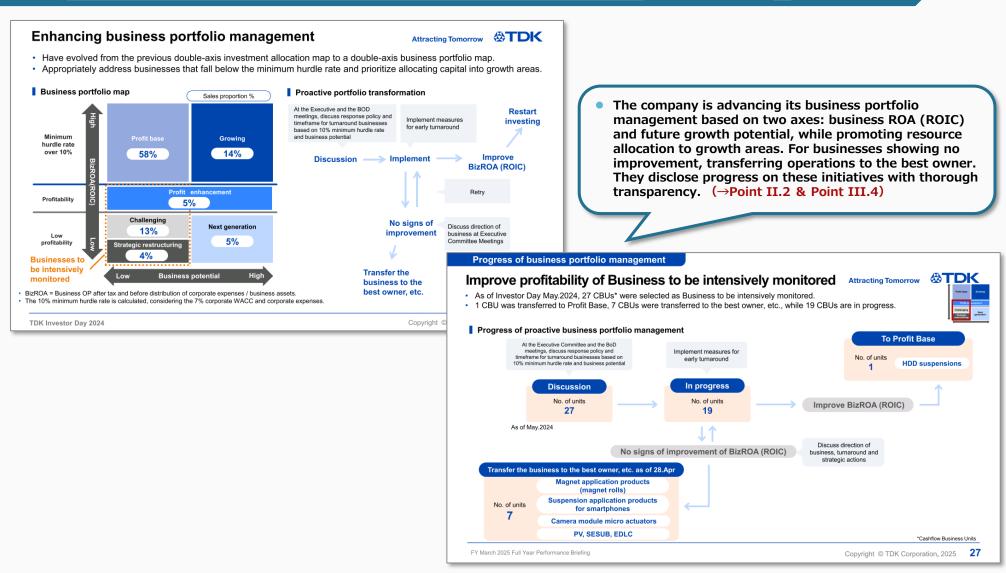
 Regarding the progress of the mid-term plan, the company discloses the progress of financial KPIs and, considering the upward revision of operating cash flow, the review of the cash allocation policy. (→Point III.4)

Change of capital allocation plan (FY3/25 to FY3/27 accumulated) **Attracting Tomorrow** Allocate the expected OCF increase from the initial plan to Capex. Considering the market environment, allocate to strategic investments and shareholder returns. As of May.2024 As of Apr.2025 Base scenario 150.0 Shareholder returns +250.0 150.0→ Shareholder returns Appropriate capital policies Strategic investmen OCF 150.0→ Strategic investments **OCF** Capex corporate value 1,000.0→1,250.0 Capex 700.0→800.0 BizROA (ROIC) 8% or more 450.0 Energy (WACC7%) 150.0 70.0 100.0 Proactive busines 30.0 portfolio 800.0 *Figures noted in brackets come from the previous Medium-term Plan FY March 2025 Full Year Performance Briefing Copyright © TDK Corporation, 2025.

Source: TDK Corporation Fiscal Year March 2025 Full Year Performance Briefing (April 28, 2025) Pages 21, 23, 24 https://www.tdk.com/system/files/2025 4q00 09YwIctV en 02.pdf

TDK (6762) (ii)





Source: (Top left) TDK Long-term Vision & New Medium-term Plan (May 22, 2024), Page 18 https://www.tdk.com/system/files/tdk_investor_day_20240522_en.pdf
(Bottom Right) TDK Corporation Fiscal Year March 2025 Full Year Performance Briefing (April 28, 2025) Pages 27 https://www.tdk.com/system/files/tdk_investor_day_20240522_en.pdf
(Bottom Right) TDK Corporation Fiscal Year March 2025 Full Year Performance Briefing (April 28, 2025) Pages 27 https://www.tdk.com/system/files/tdk_investor_day_20240522_en.pdf

TDK (6762) (iii)



 Management and directors take the lead in promoting dialogue with shareholders. Based on feedback obtained through dialogue, the company enhances dialogue and information disclosure, while also disclosing the status of these efforts. (→Point III.1 & Point III.3)

Dialogue with Investors State of implementation of dialogue with shareholders Objectives of investor relations activities The TDK Group believes that it is important to fully its accountability to its stakeholders, including investors and analysts, and gain their confidence and trust through bilateral Main respondents in Mainly the President & CEO, Senior Executive Vice President CFO; executives; and communication. In order to pursue this objective, we held new IR events during the following dialogue with shareholders the IR & SR Group, a dedicated team handling shareholder and investor response. periods in addition to the regular performance briefing. Dialogue is conducted with active and passive institutional investors both in Japan Profile of shareholders with and overseas; investors with various investment styles, such as growth and value whom dialogue conducted investing and diverse shareholders. New events conducted between July 2024 and June 2025 Constructive and lively dialogue takes place on such topics as management policy, Main dialogue topics and Main contents explained/Q&A/matters of concern problem awareness, financial strategy, progress of individual business strategies, Item matters of interest to progress of initiatives involving ESG and other pre-financial activities, and shareholders Factory tours and Business company CEOs response to geopolitical risks. business strategy engaged in direct dialogue with State of feedback of In-house feedback is being strengthened. For example, the numerous opinions meeting investors and analysts and shareholder opinions and and issues raised in the dialogue with shareholders and investors are sorted in the Speakers: conducted a briefing that delved concerns to the management IR & SR Group and reported to the Board of Directors every quarter. CEO, Sensor Systems into the future potential and Number of reports in FY March 2025: 4 team and Board of Directors Business Company competitive advantages of Takao Tsutsui each business. Create opportunities for dialogue between investors and outside directors CEO, Energy Sociations Disclosure on progress of business portfolio management Business Company https://www.tdk.com/en/tr/ir_avents/ Fumio Sashida nitiatives for the Al ecosystem market strategy/20241126/index.html Disclosure on progress of business portf Online briefing of Heid TDK's first individual Holding of briefings on sustainability individual investor investor briefing since 2021. (Rakuten Securities, Inc.) Along with an introduction to the Speakers: TDK, the presentation focused on Number of times events held President & CEO the personality of President & Noboru Saito CEO Saito. FY3/28 FY3/24 FY3/25 Financial statement briefings for analysts and May 2025 Small self-side meeting Delved into the content of full-year Speakers financial results announcement 3 President & CEO held in April 2025 and also Conferences hosted by securities companies 8 Noboru Saito discussed progress of the TDK Senior Executive Vice Group's Medium-term Plan. 5 Overseas roadshow President, CFO Tetsuji Yamanishi Number of annual discussions Small outside directors' Had a frank exchange of opinions ■ Number of individual meetings (include conferences) ■ Number of management meetings meeting with investors and analysts on Speakers topics such as TDK's Outside Director management issues and Board of Mutsua Iwai Directors as seen from outside (Chair of the Board) directors. Attendees praised Outside Director TDK's initiatives aimed at evolving Shoei Yamana upon management FY3/25

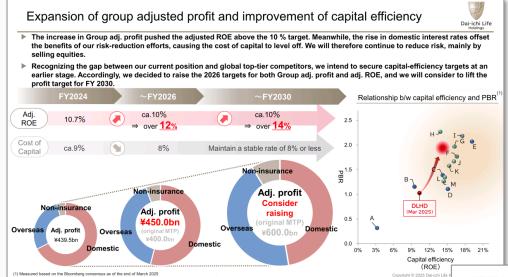
Source: TDK Corporation TDK United Report 2025 Page 49 (red boxes and underlines added by TSE) https://www.tdk.com/system/files/integrated_report_pdf_2025_en.pdf

Dai-ichi Life Holdings (8750) (i)

TOPIX Large70







Voice of Investors

Even with ROE reaching a certain level, the company identified gaps between their current state and their target through comparative analysis with global top-tier firms, leading to upward revisions of their goals. Having set a target of achieving a market capitalization of JPY 6 trillion, they are advancing fundamental initiatives to improve capital efficiency, including reviewing their business portfolio with potential divestments. This demonstrates a very strong commitment to enhancing corporate value over the medium to long term.

By comparing themselves with global peers in the same industry, the company recognized the gap between their current state and their target vision, and implemented a review of their ROE and profit targets. (→Points I.2, II.1, and III.4)

KPI Targets Dai-ichi Life ▶ Regarding the targets of the MTP, we have made updates - taking into account the progress of each business strategy and the current economic environment - in order to close the "gap" toward achieving the ¥6 trillion market capitalization we aim for in 2026. FY2024 **MTP Target** Targeted level **KPIs** (FY2026) Result by around FY2030 ca. 8% in the medium-to long term RoEV **Economic** FY2025: ¥190bn Indicators ¥172.4bn **VNB** *Expecting to exceed the level Stably exceeds ca. 10% 10.7% 10% → Over 12% Adjusted ROE → Over 14% Accounting **Profits** ¥439.5bn **Financial** ¥400bn → ¥450bn ~ **Adjusted Profit** → Consider raising Indicators Cost of Capital **Cost of Capital** of 8% or less Relative TSR Relative advantage #5 Market Valuation (vs 14 peers) 210% 170% - 200% Economic Solvency Ratio⁽¹⁾ Domestic ca.37.50m ppl(1) Domestic ca.34.55m ppl Non-Customers **Number of Customers** Overseas ca.41.00m ppl (2) Overseas ca.45.00m ppl **Financial** DJSI(3)Asia Pacific Index Industry-leading Indicators External **ESG Composite Indices** MSCI(4) AA valuation scores in Japan ners. (2) As of the end of March 2025 (3) Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (4) MSCI ESG Rating

Source: Dai-ichi Life Holdings Co., Ltd. Financial Analyst Conference Call for the Fiscal Year Ended March 2025 (June 2, 2025) Pages 18, 19 (red underlining added by TSE) https://www.dai-ichi-life-hd.com/en/investor/library/kessan/2024/pdf/2024_statement.pdf

Dai-ichi Life Holdings (8750) (ii)

TOPIX Large70





Accelerate Transformation

Message from the Group CFO

Through disciplined practice of capital circulation management, we aim to achieve a state in which capital efficiency consistently exceeds the cost of capital by FY2026.

I am Taisuke Nishimura, Group CFO, I would like to share my views on our financial and capital strategy under the current mid-term management plan, reflecting on its first year and outlining key initiatives going forward.

Mid-term management plan: Achievements and challenges in the first year

In the previous plan, we identified improving capital efficiency and lowering the cost of capital as the most important priorities and worked to reduce risk accordingly. As a result, by FY2023, the final year, we achieved certain progress, with the cost of capital declining to around 9%. At the same time, adjusted RCE, a key includor of capital efficiency, shoot at 82 by, menaiting below the cost of capital we positioned the current plan as the final stage toward achieving capital efficiency that consecueds the cost of capital.

In PY2024, the economic environment remained stable at a high level, and Dal-ichi Life business performance recovered significantly. In line with its risk-reduction objectives, Dal-id steady progress in selling domestic equities in accordance with the plan. Overseas subsidial Protective and TAL, also delivered solid results. As a result, Group adjusted profit reached 4 exceeding the ¥400bn target originally set for FY2026 when the plan was amnounced. Furth through share buybacks and other initiatives to improve capital efficiency, adjusted ROCI results.

exceeding the 44000h target originally set for FY2020 when the plan was announced. Furth through share buybacks and other initiatives to improve capital efficiency, adjusted ROE rea exceeding the 10% target set for FY2026, the final year of the plan, and for the first time out efficiency exceeded our cost of capital.

The Japanese government is scheduled to introduce economic value-based solvency regulations in Pr22026. With this in mid, we have set an economic solvency ratio (ESR) and f170-200%, In addition to domestic subsidiaries that had already applied the standard in it overseas subsidiaries started adopting the new measurement model at the end of Pr2024. 2025, we raised funds through a large-scale subordinated bond issuance, which pushed ES 200%, and enabled investments in aset formation inflatives and new businesses in the over insurance domain. In addition, changes to the ESR measurement model brought the new st ESR to 210% at P72024 valuer-and, exceeding our transfer among

With respect to improving operating expense efficiency—a challenge we have long recchanges in the economic environment, particularly the recent rise in inflation, now require st measures, and our management team is deepening discussions on concrete responses. Wi already made proactive investments in such areas as IT and Al. Going forward, we aim to kel benefits of these investments to create further value and improve operating expense efficies.

Mid-term management plan: Priority measures for the second year and beyond

From the second year of the plan onward, we need to further raise capital efficiency white maintaining financial soundness, thereby sustaining and expanding a position in which capital efficiency exceeds the cost of capital. With this in mind, we intend to drive capital circulation management even further.

As mentioned earlier, adjusted ROE in FY2024 reached 10.7%, exceeding our 10% target and reflecting progress toward achieving capital efficiency that consistently exceeds the cost of capital. It is important to note that this is not a temporary phenomenon, but rather a reflection of our intent to deliver consistently high capital

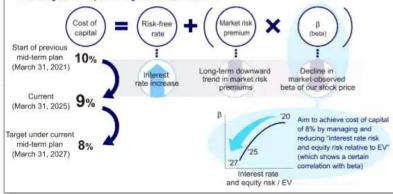
▶ Key initiatives to realize capital circulation management—Risk reduction initiatives

At the start of its current mid-term management plan, the Group's cost of capital we recognized was 9%. While closely monitoring the impact of rising interest rates in Japan and overseas on the cost of capital, we aim to reduce it to 8% during the current plan period through ongoing measures, such as interest rate risk and equity risk reduction.

In FY2024, Dai-ichi Life reduced its market risk (sum of interest rate risk and equity risk) by ¥225.0bn year on year. Of this amount, we completed approximately ¥500bn in sales of domestic equities, representing a progress rate of 40%—earlier than called for under the plan—against the plan's cumulative target of ¥1.2tn. We will continue advancing this initiative in FY2025 and beyond to ensure that the balance of domestic equities is reduced to a maximum of ¥1.5tn by the end of FY2030.

Taking advantage of the New Regulation's introduction at the end of FY2025, we will move beyond simple risk reduction and work to upgrade our capital circulation management. This will include shifting toward risk portfolios that can deliver higher capital efficiency and thereby enhance corporate value.

Lowering cost of capital through market risk reduction



 To achieve capital efficiency that consistently exceeds the cost of capital, the company will advance initiatives from two fronts: improving capital efficiency through portfolio restructuring, including divestitures, and reducing the cost of capital (→Point II.2 & Point II.3)

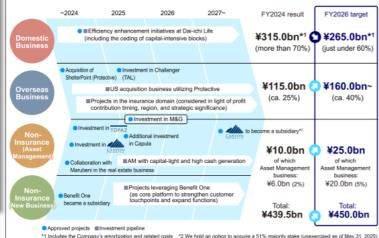
▶ Business portfolio transformation

We are working to reinforce our core businesses—protection and asset formation/succession—while exploring new areas, such as digital, health, and medical services, with the aim of optimizing our business portfolio through continuous expansion and diversification.

Through Protective, we acquired ShelterPoint, which operates a group insurance business in the US, in FY2024. Since the start of FY2025, we made an additional investment in Capula, a leading hedge fund in the UK. We also decided to invest in Challenger, the leading company in Australia's individual annuity market, through TAL. In addition, we resolved to invest in UK-based M&G, a major player in the asset management and life insurance fields in Europe. To optimize our business portfolio, we divested our Thai business, Ocean Life, as its strategic importance declined due to slowing market growth and other factors.

Seeking to achieve our profit target of ¥450.0bn in FY2026, we will carefully select investment opportunities while aiming for a well-diversified and efficient business portfolio—balanced across risks and regions—and disciplined capital allocation.

Capital strategy project pipeline



Source: Dai-ichi Life Holdings Integrated Report 2025 Pages 14, 16, 17 (red underlining added by TSE) https://www.dai-ichi-life-hd.com/en/investor/library/annual_report/2025/pdf/index_001.pdf I. TOPIX Core30、TOPIX Large70

II. TOPIX Mid400

III. TOPIX Small

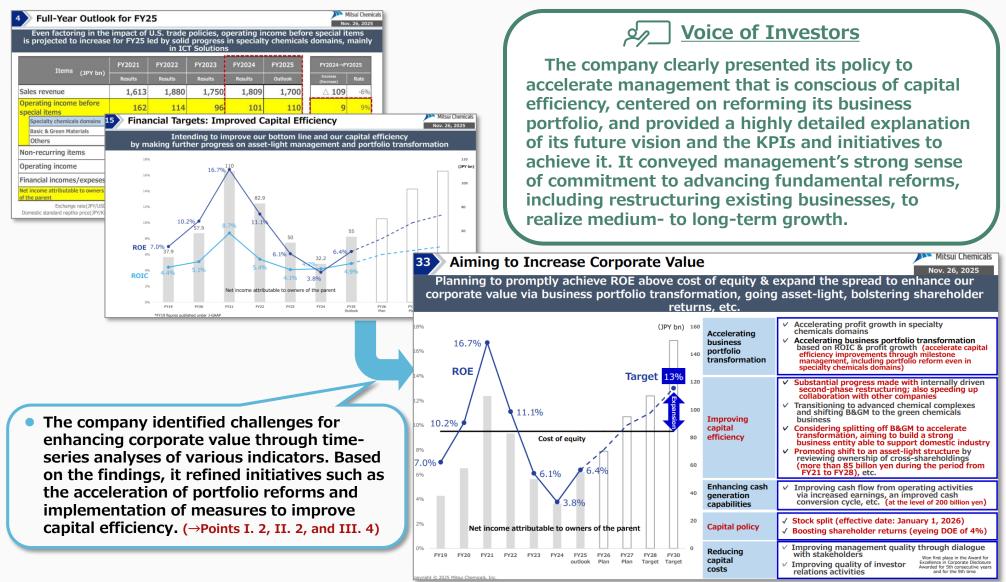


Mitsui Chemicals, Inc. (4183) (i)

TOPIX Mid400







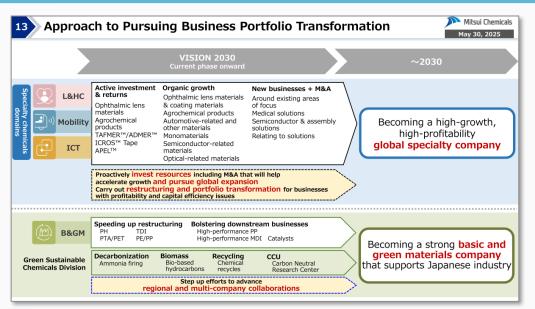
Source: Mitsui Chemicals, FY25-2 CEO Presentation (November 26, 2025), Pages 4, 15, 32

https://jp.mitsuichemicals.com/content/dam/mitsuichemicals/sites/mci/documents/release/2025/event 251126e.pdf

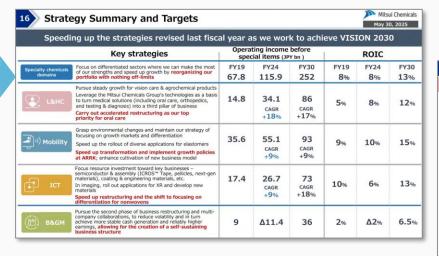
Mitsui Chemicals, Inc. (4183) (ii)

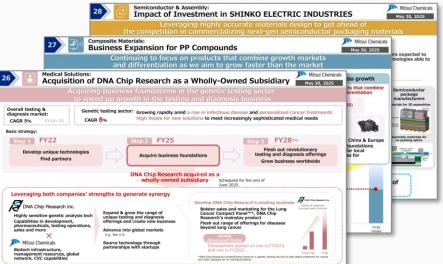






 The company presented the direction of its business portfolio reform and provided a detailed explanation of each segment's medium- to long-term targets, KPIs, and business strategies. (→Point II. 2 & Point II. 5)





Source: Mitsui Chemicals, FY25-1 CEO Presentation (May 30, 2025), Pages 13, 16, 26-28

https://jp.mitsuichemicals.com/content/dam/mitsuichemicals/sites/mci/documents/release/2025/event 250530e.pdf





The company introduced a stock ownership incentive program for employees to motivate them to work toward achieving the company's medium- to long-term targets and enhancing corporate value. (→ Point II. 4)

Leveraging Treasury Stock for Human Capital Policy and Corporate Value Enhancement

Mitsui Chemicals
May 30, 2025

Background As a result of flexible acquisition of treasury stock (equating to 55 billion yen since FY17), Mitsui Chemicals now holds approx. 7% of its shares as treasury stock.

The company has previously leveraged this treasury stock for M&A or cancelled treasury stock, but now plans to expand its utilization of this treasury stock.

FY25

Introducing a restricted stock incentive plan

Aims

- Assist employees in their medium- to longterm asset building
- √ Raise employee awareness of the company's performance and stock price
- ✓ Create a motivation for the company and its employees to come together as one to work on achieving VISION 2030 and improving corporate value

Outline of plan for treasury stock use

August 20, 2025
Up to 1.245 million shares of common stock (150 shares per person)
3,591 yen/share (closing price on March 28)
Maximum of approx. 4.5 billion yen

Considering further utilization of treasury stock

Mitsui Chemicals intends to further improve employee engagement and corporate value by considering the use of treasury stock in M&A to help execute its growth strategy, as well as by considering expanding the scope of stock compensation

Source: Mitsui Chemicals, FY25-1 CEO Presentation (May 30, 2025), Page 7

https://jp.mitsuichemicals.com/content/dam/mitsuichemicals/sites/mci/documents/release/2025/event 250530e.pdf

THK (6481) (i)





President Message





THK will

thoroughly strengthen what needs to be strengthened

and

courageously change what needs to be changed.

President

Basic Policy for New Management Targets:

Early Realization of ROE of Over 10%



Voice of Investors

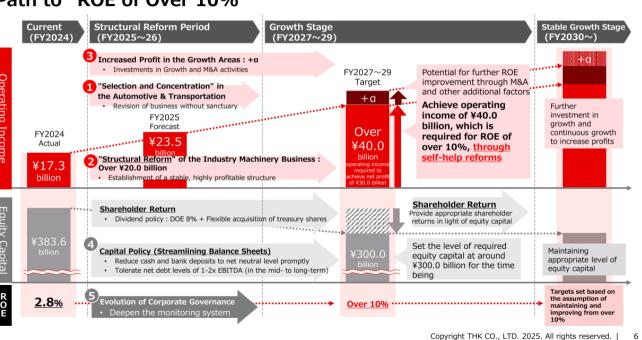
The president personally demonstrated a strong commitment to "achieving an ROE exceeding 10% at an early stage," and presented a concrete roadmap for achieving this goal from both the perspectives of improving operating profit and streamlining equity capital. Each initiative possesses a compelling narrative and is backed by quantitative target figures, lending credibility to its feasibility.

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 To improve ROE, the company discloses their future initiatives chronologically, focusing on both improving operating profit and streamlining equity capital. (Point II.5)

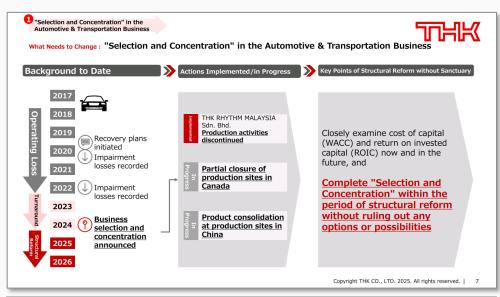
Path to "ROE of Over 10%"

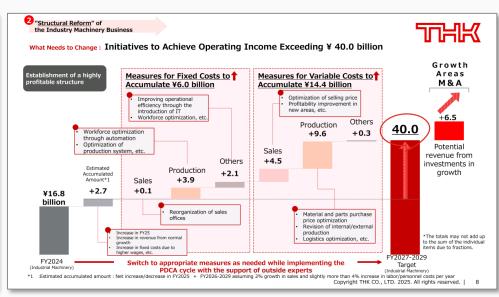


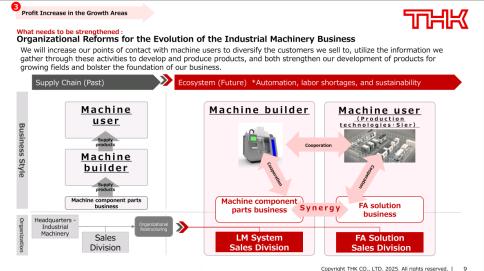
Source: THK Corporation: New Management Policy "Early Achievement of ROE Exceeding 10%" (February 12, 2025) Pages 2 and 6 https://www.thk.com/jp/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2025/02/250212 New-Management-Policy en.pdf

THK (6481) (ii)









 Breaks down the path to improving operating profit into specific initiatives, including business "selection and concentration."
 (→Point II.2 & Point II.5)

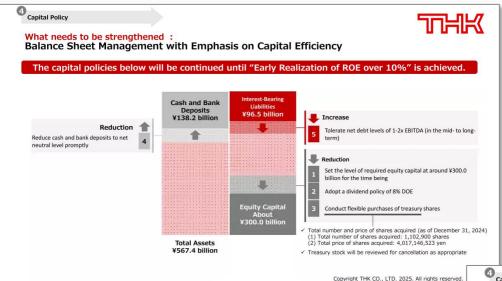
Source: THK Corporation: New Management Policy "Early Achievement of ROE Exceeding 10%" (February 12, 2025) Pages 7-9 https://www.thk.com/jp/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2025/02/250212_New-Management-Policy_en.pdf

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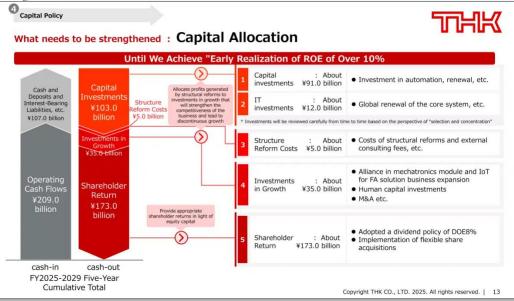
THK (6481) (iii)







 To enhance capital efficiency, the company discloses specific policies on balance sheet management and capital allocation, detailing how current and future cash flows will be allocated between growth investments and shareholder returns. (→Point I.3 & Point II.2)



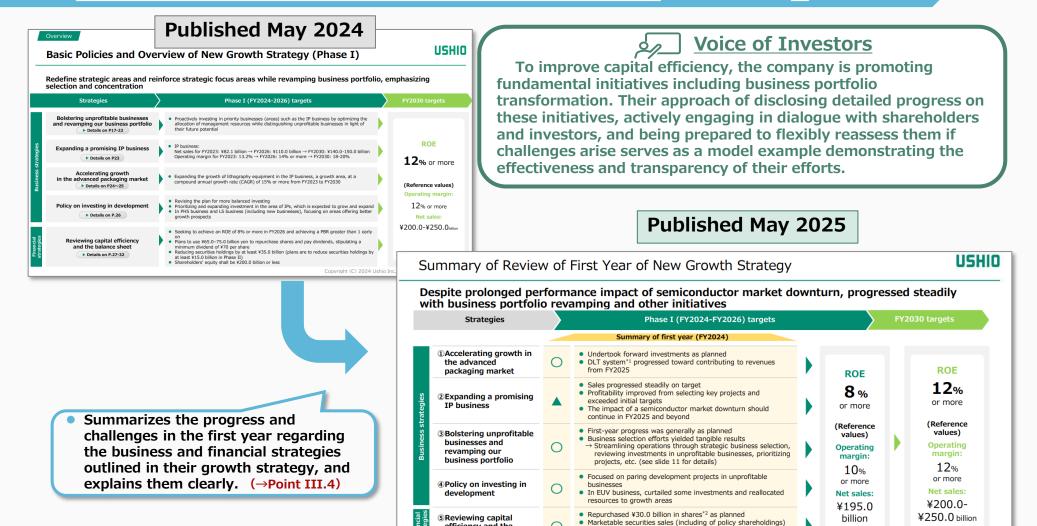
Source: THK Corporation: New Management Policy "Early Achievement of ROE Exceeding 10%" (February 12, 2025) Pages 12 and 13 https://www.thk.com/jp/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2025/02/250212 New-Management-Policy en.pdf

Ushio Electric (6925) (i)

TOPIX Mid400







efficiency and the

balance sheets

totaled ¥16.1 billion

O: On track ▲: In progress

Reduced net assets by ¥36.4 billion

*1 DLT system: lithography equipment incorporating digital lithography technology developed through partnership with Applied Materials. Hereinafter referred to as the same
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Source: (Top left) Ushio Electric Co., Ltd. New Growth Strategy Revive Vision 2030 (May 14, 2024) Page 15 https://www.ushio.co.jp/documents/ir/library/plan/ushio_plan2024_e.pdf

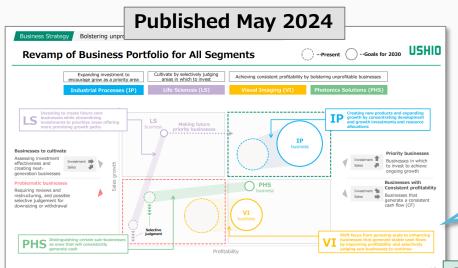
(Bottom Right) Ushio Electric Co., Ltd. New Growth Strategy Phase I (FY2024-FY2026) Progress Report (May 13, 2025) Page 3 https://www.ushio.co.jp/documents/ir/library/plan/ushio_plan2025_e.pdf

Ushio Electric (6925) (ii)

TOPIX Mid400







 Regarding the status of business portfolio transformation outlined in the growth strategy, the company presents quantitative results and progress, while also specifying future directions. (→Point II.2 & Point III.4)

Published May 2025

3 Bolstering unprofitable businesses and revamping our business portfolio FY2024: Generating savings (profit contribution) by revamping business portfolio wh also incurring one-time costs to drive growth Savings Streamlining operations through Visual Imaging ¥1.1 billion strategic business selection Savings Reviewing investments in Life Sciences, Photonics ¥0.6 billion ¥3.1 billion unprofitable businesses Solutions New businesses, EUV business, Prioritizing projects ¥1.4 billion Details Costs **Bolstering financial position** Products and maintenance parts Reviewing asset valuations to enhance future ¥3.2 billion in Visual Imaging business One-time Profitability Reallocating resources to reorganize ¥3.7 billion Industrial Processes, Life Assets ¥0.5 billion Sciences, Photonics Solutions Assessing projects with low growth potential to reorganize related assets Copyright @ 2025 Ushio Inc., All Righ

Business Strategies USHIO 3) Bolstering unprofitable businesses and revamping our business portfolio FY2025-FY2026: Overview of structural reform action plan Reach management targets for FY2026 and restore growth platform by prioritizing reforms to improve profit structure Positioning FY2025 as phase for improving earnings structure, undertaking top-priority measures • Thereby seeking to enhance profitability by cutting fixed costs by more than \(\frac{\pma}{4}\)7.3 billion in FY2025-FY2026 Fixed cost reductions* **Industrial Processes** See slide 6 and 18 ◆ Constrain EUV development investments ¥0.9 billion Visual Imaging Measures to See slide 14 Measures Consolidate and downsize sites and streamline organizational enhance ¥3.4 billion to improve profitability of underperforming **Photonics Solutions** businesses See slide 15 Review development projects See slide 16 Strengthen project monitoring and optimally allocate resources Reduce fixed costs by expanding the second life support See slide 25 ¥2.2 billion Companywide measures Restructure management system to drive business growth See slide 17 * Fixed cost reductions reflects FY2026 amounts versus FY2024 baseline

Source: (Left) Ushio Electric Co., Ltd. New Growth Strategy Revive Vision 2030 (May 14, 2024) Page 18 https://www.ushio.co.jp/documents/ir/library/plan/ushio_plan2024_e.pdf

(Right) Ushio Electric Co., Ltd. New Growth Strategy Phase I (FY2024–FY2026) Progress Report (May 13, 2025) Pages 11 and 13 https://www.ushio.co.jp/documents/ir/library/plan/ushio_plan2025_e.pdf

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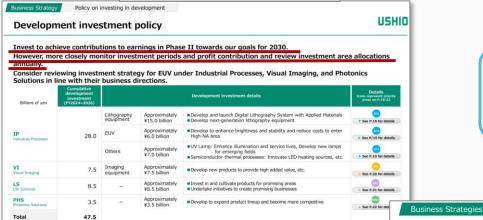
Ushio Electric (6925) (iii)

TOPIX Mid400





Published May 2024



 Continuously reviews investment allocations and rebalances investment amounts based on the future prospects of each business. Discloses the specifics of these actions. (→Point II.2 & Point III.4)

Published May 2025

Policy on investing in development

Progress and direction

USHIO

Undertake planned investments in areas offering strong growth potential, curtailing investments without growth potential, and keep strengthening project monitoring

	Cumulative		Development investment details									
	development Investment	V.	Cumulative	(FY2024-FY2026								
(Billions of yen)	(FY2024- FY2026) After review		Now	Difference from previous time	Previous time	Review details and direction						
			L	Inderlined figure	es are revised							
		Lithography equipment	Approx. 15.0	-	Approximately ¥15.0 billion	 As planned, keep developing next-generation lithography equipment offering solid growth potential 						
IP Industrial Processes	22.0	EUV	Approx. 3.0	-3.0	Approximately ¥6.0 billion	Investments curtailed. Development investments to be reduced from FY2025 onward Keep only developing elemental technologies and validating promising projects						
		Others Approx. 4.0		-3.0	Approximately ¥7.0 billion	Focus investments on such promising areas as optical processing (thermal and excimer) and semiconductor inspection light sources Constrain other projects with poor prospects						
VI Visual Imaging	10.0	Imaging equipment	Approx. 10.0	-2.0	Approximately ¥12.0 billion	 Pare development projects to focus on high-end models Note: Corrected previous figure (from ¥7.5 billion to ¥12.0 billion) 						
LS Life Sciences	6.0	-	Approx. 6.0	-2.5	Approximately ¥8.5 billion	 Pare and constrain new business creation projects, and strengthen monitoring 						
PHS Photonics Solutions	2.5	-	Approx. 2.5	-1.0	Approximately ¥3.5 billion	Curb investments by reviewing and terminating some projects						
Total	40.5			-11.5	¥52.0 billion							

Source: (Top left) Ushio Electric Co., Ltd. New Growth Strategy Revive Vision 2030 (May 14, 2024) Page 26 (Red underlining added by TSE)

https://www.ushio.co.jp/documents/ir/library/plan/ushio_plan2024_e.pdf

(Bottom right) Ushio Electric Co., Ltd. New Growth Strategy Phase I (FY2024–FY2026) Progress Report (May 13, 2025) Page 18 (Red underlining added by TSE) https://www.ushio.co.jp/documents/ir/library/plan/ushio plan2025 e.pdf

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Ushio Electric (6925) (iv)

TOPIX Mid400





Section 01 Measures to Support Steady Implementation of Our New Growth Strategy

Dialogue with Investors and Shareholders and Stock Price-Conscious Management

Ushio's price-to-book ratio (PBR) has generally remained below 1, making its improvement an urgent priority. This is especially important given our low return on equity (ROE), an indicator of capital efficiency, and is essential to increase market confidence in our medium- to long-term growth.

In response, we are implementing various measures to quickly restore our PBR to above 1, as outlined in our New Growth Strategy announced in May 2024. Specifically, we have designated ROE as our most important KPI, with targets of 8% or more by fiscal 2026 and 12% or more by fiscal 2030. Alongside driving earnings growth, we are committed to maintaining strict financial discipline and optimizing our balance sheet, including reducing equity.

Furthermore, by having the CEO essentially take on the role of CFO, we aim to achieve sustainable growth by revamping our business portfolio to improve our earnings structure and making steady investments in growth businesses, while continuing the financial strategy established by the CEO as CFO prior to appointment.

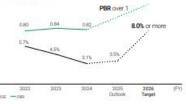
We will continue to take market feedback and opinions seriously, striving to enhance our corporate value through appropriate IR activities.

Stance to Boost PBR



Note: Cost of shareholders' equity: Approximately 7%. Estimated weighted average cost of capital (WACC): Approximately 6%.

ROE and PBR Trends



Policy for Dialogue with Investors and Shareholders

Under our Policy on Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders, we strive to actively disclose information and promote constructive dialogue through various channels, such as our general shareholders' meeting, financial results briefing, individual meetings, and site tours.

Feedback received from investors and shareholders through these dialogues is reported regularly in a timely and appropriate manner to the Board of Directors and Executive Council, and is used to make improvements to our management and IR activities.

Please refer to our IR Policy for information on our IR activity policy including our Policy on Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders. https://www.uahio.co.jp/en/s/management/ispolicy/

Activities in FY2024

Dialogue with Investors and Shareholders	Times	Details of Activities
Financial results briefings	4	Quarterly financial results briefings were held. The President and Chief Executive Officer attended, presented, and answered questions.
Medium- to long-term management strategies briefings (including progress updates)	1	The President and Chief Executive Officer attended, presented, and answered questions
Attendance at conferences hosted by securities companies	4	The President and Chief Executive Officer, along with the investor relations department, attended and engaged in dialogue with parties such as overseas institutional investors.
Individual meetings (including small group meetings)	244"	The director in charge of investor relations (President and Chief Executive Officer) and the investor relations department led dialogues
Company briefings for individual investors	2	The President and Chief Executive Officer attended, gave a presentation, and answered questions
Individual dialogues with institutional investors responsible for exercising voting rights	13	The investor relations department and other relevant departments led dialogues
Plant tours	0	The investor relations department and relevant trusiness division managers led these tours. However, no such tours were held in PY2024.

*1 199 for institutional investors and 45 for self-eide analysts.

Provides a detailed explanation of the status and content of responses to requests and matters of interest raised by investors and shareholders. (→Point III.3)

Recent Key Requests and Concerns, and Ushio's Responses

		We announced our New Growth Strategy, Revive Vision 2030 (hereinafter, New Growth Strategy) in May 2024, and steadily imple-
Instatives to improve return on equity (ROE) and achieve PBR	tinderway	mented each measure as planned in fiscal 2024. However, we have not seached a PBR of own 1. We will continue to enhance our business strategy, financial strategy, and ESG management, aiming to achieve an RCE of 8% or more in Phase I (fiscal 2024-2026 and a PBR greater than 1 or an early stage.
greater than 1		Please refer to CUR24-GD for details on our New Growth Strategy, and CUR41-GD for details on our financial strategy initiatives
More specific medium- to long-term	Underway	is the New Crowth Strategy amounted in May 2024, we developed highly effective business and financial strategies and are cur- sently steadily implementing each measure to achieve our management targets for ROE (Phase I (flacul 2026) ROE of 8% or more Phase II (flacul 2020) ROE of 12% or more).
growth strategies		Please refer to UIP34-11 for details on our New Growth Strategy, our medium: to long-ferm growth plan.
Handling of unprofitable and underperforming businesses	Partially complete	Building on our business portfolio revering policy, a key pillar of our New Crowth Strategy, we implemented various measures in facual 2024, improving profits by reducing costs by W3.1 billion compared to the plan. Moving forward, we will continue to develop and execute specific structural reform action plane to fundamentally improve the profitability of unprofitable and low-profit businesses. During the remaining two years of Phase I, facual 2025 and 2025, we aim to reduce fixed costs by more than V7.3 billion and steady increase profits.
		Please refer to (EURINIAN) for details on our business portfolio sevamp initiatives.
Potential for growth of businesses centering on semiconductors	Underway	In face) 2024, we made forward recommend in the DLT system and developed next generation littlingsgifty equipment in proportion for future growth. Meanwhist, the samiconductor market, excluding generative Al semiconductors, remains slaggish with edifficult market conditions expected to continue in faceal 2025. However, growth potential of the advanced potaloging market remains intext, and we articipate contributions from the newly introduced DLT system, developed through a strategic partnership with Applied Materials starting in faceal 2025. We will also continue focusing on the thermal processors field to their growth and expansion.
		Please refer to CUPSIND for details on our semiconductor-velated business strategy
Progress on new advanced packaging products (DLT system)	Underway	Since partnering with Applied Materials, we have made forward investments as planned in fiscal 2004, and expect to record sales in the second half of fiscal 2005. While potential customers have responded positively to its features, concerns about the worsening macroeconomic environment and customs at fitting toward technological transit is regionalized. See inconclusions have one-on-discostent and customs at fitting towards between the chinological transit is regionalized. All among conductors have been encoded as the second control of the
(Lat.) Mysterity		Please refer to (AUDIA-17) for details on our initiatives initiatives in the advanced packaging field.
Feasibility of achieving an increase of ¥10.2 billion in operating profit from expanded sales of 8thography equipment in flocal 2026	Underway	In fiscal 2026, with the growth of generative Al semiconductors, we expect to see a resumption of investment in substrates, which had been postponed, and an expension of digital lithography expensent, which will begin sales in fiscal 2025. This is projected to improve production operations and lead to a significant increase in operating profit of YUD billion from higher sales of advanced packaging-related lithography equipment. We are observed monitoring market trends and carefully assessing project feasibility, and will continue working steadily to achieve our goals.
Future direction of EUV business	Complete	After reviewing our strategy in response to the emergency of other companies' light sources, we have decided to temporarily halt development of specific applications and focus or elemental technologies. We have significantly reduced development invest- ments while maintaining service for existing EUV light sources. We will continue development after choologies and exploring new constitution for Lightin's EUV light sources.
Feasibility and timing of returns on development costs in business results in future	Underway	To concentrate resources on the Industrial Processes (IP) business in accordance with our New Clowth Strategy, we revised our consolidated development investment plan for facel 2024–2026 from the initial YE2 0 billion to Y40.5 billion (in evaluation of Y11.5 billion). We are exhausting monitoring and prioritizing efficient investment in projects with high feasibility. We aim for businessess outside Life Sciences (J.S) to contribute to our earnings as early as facel 2025 onwisets, and although commercialization of projects in the LS business will take time, we expect them to contribute as early as facel 2025. Pages refer for GERERS for details on development investments on our New Concell Strates.
Cutting of financial assets (including cross-shareholdings)	Partially complete	As part of our New Growth Strategy, we sold securities** worth V16.1 billion in fiscal 2024. We will continue to reduce our holdings aiming for zero by the end of fiscal 2030. We plan to sell approximately V35.0 billion in Phase I (fiscal 2024–2026) and over V15.0 billion in Phase I (fiscal 2027–2030). Please refer to 4(4)(127241) for details on our financial asset reduction policy.
introduction of ROIC management	Under consider- ation	We are selecting and evaluating existing and new businesses with consideration of WACC and RDIC. However, this approach has not yet been fully systematized on a company-wide level. Moving forward, we will continue addressing issues, including improving our management accounting system and promoting internal understanding, to implement RDIC management in a way that is effective for improving management efficiency.
Human capital strategies for New Growth Strategy	Partially complete	In line with our policy of focusing on the IP business, we are shifting human resources to that business. In fiscal 2024, we cavefull seviewed and narrowed projects across all segments and assessed resource allocation to insure appropriatness, resolving in the nodeployment of some personnel to the advance packaging business. We also expended the Second LIP Support Program at Ushio Inc. and are working to improve management efficiency by controlling labor costs and optimizing the organizational structure.
		Please refer to (Lun 22-10 amil PR4-67) for details on the fluman capital strategy of our New Growth Strategy.
Effectiveness evaluation of Board of Directors	Partially complete	We are enhancing the disclosure of evaluations of the effectiveness of our Board of Directors to improve the transparency and quality of our management, source the traust of starkenidous, strengthen compliance with laws and regulations, and risk manage- ment, and promote sustainable growth. Those efforts are selected in this year's imagested report. Please refer to GETECTE STRENGT for messages from our outside despects and GETECTE STRENGT for obtains on our evaluation or
		the effectiveness of the Board of Directors.

*2 Cash flows from the sale of cross-shareholdings, long-term bonds, and net investment securities

Ushio Report 2025 27

Yokohama Financial Group, Inc. (7186) (i)

TOPIX Mid400

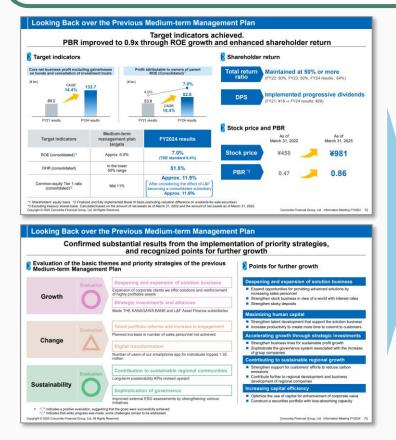


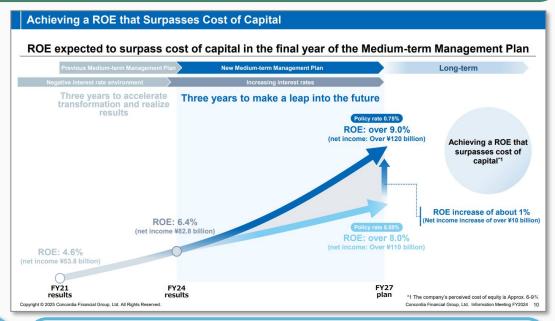




Voice of Investors

Following a review of the previous medium-term management plan, the company identified challenges and, in the new plan, disclosed a higher ROE target along with concrete measures for achieving it. Scenario-based target values for policy rates have been presented, making it easier to assess corporate value under varying external conditions. Furthermore, the company has explained each measure after organizing them in a logic tree that illustrates how they contribute to enhancing corporate value, resulting in a convincing disclosure regarding effectiveness.





The company reviewed the previous medium-term management plan to identify issues, and in the new plan, disclosed a higher ROE target along with initiatives to achieve it. The company presented target values based on scenarios for policy rates, which have a significant impact on performance. (→Points I. 2, II. 1, and III. 4)

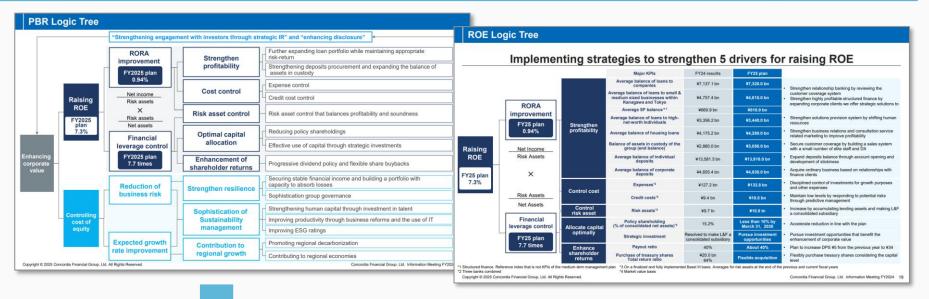
Source: Concordia Financial Group, Ltd., Information Meeting(Interim Financial Results of the FY2024 and Initiatives to enhance corporate value) (May 22, 2025), Pages 10, 72, 73 https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/7186/ir material for fiscal vm13/179531/00.pdf

Yokohama Financial Group, Inc. (7186) (ii)

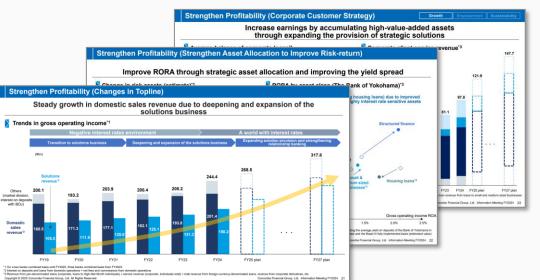
TOPIX Mid400







The company presented a full overview using a logic tree to illustrate how each initiative contributes to enhancing corporate value, followed by detailed explanations of individual initiatives. (→Point II. 5)



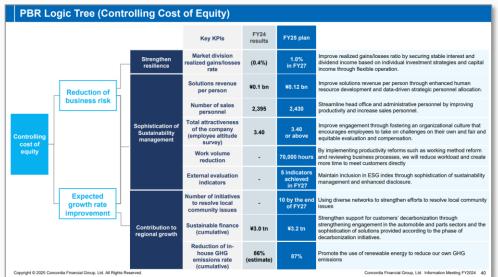
Source: Concordia Financial Group, Ltd., Information Meeting(Interim Financial Results of the FY2024 and Initiatives to enhance corporate value) (May 22, 2025), Pages 18, 19, 21–23 https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/7186/ir material for fiscal ym13/179531/00.pdf

Yokohama Financial Group, Inc. (7186) (iii)

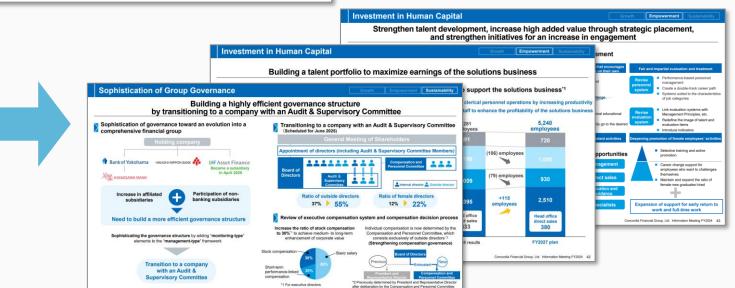
TOPIX Mid400







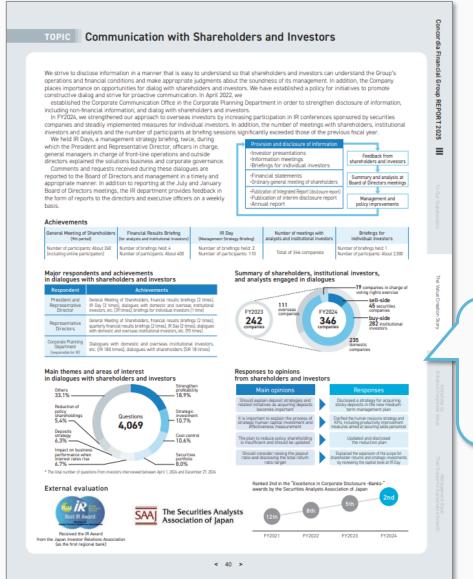
 The company used a logic tree to show the impact of each initiative on reducing the cost of capital, followed by a detailed explanation of individual measures. (→Points II. 3 and II. 5)



Source: Concordia Financial Group, Ltd., Information Meeting(Interim Financial Results of the FY2024 and Initiatives to enhance corporate value) (May 22, 2025), Pages 40–43 https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/7186/ir material for fiscal ym13/179531/00.pdf







 The company provided a detailed explanation of the status of dialogues with investors. It updated initiatives and disclosures based on investor feedback and disclosed the updated content as well. (→Point III. 3)

AISIN CORPORATION (7259) (i)

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Transporta tion Equipment





Voice of Investors

By incorporating shareholder and investor feedback into management and internal discussions, the company refined its initiatives and disclosures by strengthening the disclosure of business strategy progress, increasing the proportion of stock-based compensation in executive remuneration, clarifying the direction of growth investments and shareholder returns, and other measures. These efforts convey the company's sincere commitment to meeting investor expectations and enhancing corporate value.

Social and Relational Capital (Dialogue With Shareholders And Investors)

Aisin works to gain understanding of its management policies and medium-to-long-term business strategies through timely and appropriate disclosure of enhanced information.

We also pursue corporate value enhancement by reflecting in our management policies opinions and requests received through dialogue with shareholders and investors.

Dialogue results (FY2025)

Main opportunities for dialogue	Number of events	Total number of participants	Main respondents	Agenda				
Financial results briefings	4		CAO, officers in charge of IR	Held quarterly for analysts and institutional investors to explain financial results				
Business briefings	1	1 1	President, CAO, CTSO, officers in charge of IR	Held a "Technology and Test Drive Experience Event: Electrification and Intelligence" event for analysts at the Toyokoro Test Site in August 2024				
Individual meetings	334	1,843	CAO, officers in charge of IR, Corporate Planning Department	Arranged face-to-face and online sessions for analysts and institutional investors (including proxy voting agents) as needed				
Public offering roadshows	44		CAO, officers in charge of IR	Maintained IR-related dialogue with domestic and international institutional investors (including via online meetings) following the public offering in June:				
Overseas roadshows	14		Officers in charge of IR	Directly visited overseas institutional investors and held meetings				
Briefings for individual investors	7	3,711	Officers in charge of IR	Held briefings at securities brokerage branches and online company briefings for individual investors				



Key themes for dialogue, shareholder and investor concerns

We maintain dialogue on a wide range of topics, including automotive market trends, the regional demand outlook for our products, progress with transforming our business portfolio, and ESG initiatives.

Key themes, shareholder and investor concerns

Performance- related themes	Automotive market trends and demand outlook Assumptions and rationale for earnings forecasts (e.g., tariff impact projections) Detailed disclosure of product-specific sales revenue
Management Strategy & Business Strategy	Long-term market environment and technology trends Progress on medium-to-long-term business strategy and medium-term management plan -Progress with business portfolio transformation -Powertrain business strategy response to changes in the automotive market
ESG and sustainability	Climate change countermeasures Initiatives related to human capital, diversity, and human rights Corporate governance (Board composition, skills matrix, executive compensation system, etc.)
Financial strategy	Capital allocation policy (including status of growth investments) Shareholder return policy (including approach to share buybacks) Progress with balance sheet reform (including unwinding of strategic shareholdings)

Agenda items incorporated based on feedback to management and dialogue with shareholders and investors

 Disclosed FY2026 earnings forecasts discounting tariff impact amid uncertain externa outlook/Featured in the Tokyo Stock Exchange's June 2025 Examples of Disclosure Regarding th

Opinions and requests received from shareholders and investors are reported at Board of Directors and Management Committee meetings and widely shared with relevant internal departments to improve management and IR/SR activities.

Agenda items taken up based on dialogue

	Driving internal initiatives directed at detailed disclosure of product-specific sales
Management Strategy & Business Strategy	 Held an event titled Technology and Test Drive Experience Event: Electrification and Intelligence to spread understanding of the current state of R8D pertaining to electrification and intelligent technologies. In inscincies to requirest reparation risks and opportunities arising from recent changes in the automotive market environment. Strendtheind disclosure of progress on medium to long-term business strategies and business opportunities that mainlested themselves (automotic transmissions, HEVS).
ESG and sustainability	Implemented the following initiatives to further advance sustainability management: -Comprehensive review of ESC and other materiality issues -Revision of skills matrix and changes to the composition of independent outside directors' membership

Source: AISIN CORPORATION, Integrated Report 2025 (October 31, 2025), Page 45 (Red frame and underlines added by TSE) https://www.aisin.com/en/sustainability/report/pdf/aisin_ar2025_en_a3.pdf

Feedback obtained through dialogue with shareholders and investors has been shared with management and across the organization. The company refined its initiatives and disclosures by strengthening the disclosure of business strategy progress, increasing the proportion of stock-based compensation in executive remuneration, further clarifying the direction of growth investments and shareholder returns, and other measures. (→Points III.

3 and III. 4)

GISID We Touch the Future

AISIN CORPORATION (7259) (ii)

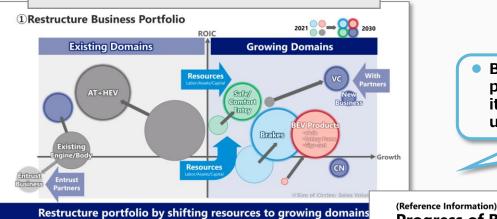
IR Presentation / Sep. 14th, 2023 / © AISIN CORPORATION All Rights

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September 2023 announcement



Based on investors' areas of interest, the company provided concrete disclosures on the progress of its business portfolio reform, together with upcoming initiatives. (Points II. 2 and III. 4)

April 2025 announcement

up production

nges since Mid/Long-term

Progress of Business Portfolio Transformation

*2 Conduct vehicle test at Electrification and Intelligent

Progress in FYE2024 and FYE2025 Initiatives for FYE2026 (Plan) Start to produce 2-motor / 1-motor HEV in North America Mass production of sales expansion project

Sales expand for Guangzhou Automobile Group Mitsubishi, etc. Start PHEV vehicle tests of next generation produc

Collaboration and sales expansion for SUBARU, BMW.

SUZUKI, etc.

 Preparation for second-generation products · Battery frame order from multiple customers

Technology Test Drive Event

Production preparation to meet future increase in hybrid demand

· New Rocker EA and Battery Heatsink into market · Develop segmented aluminum body and initiate collaboration with OEM

· Preparation for global production system

· Sales expansion of main products, Cooperative Regenerative Brake System, etc. JV with Brakes India Private Limited. at growing market India

· Progress of Giga-cast prototype

Profitable 8th generation Cooperative Regenerative Brake System into market Develop integrated vehicle control systems that connect multiple products via

Complete production preparation of HEV in North America for rump-

Second-generation products into market, start sales expansion project

 Develop Entry system and safe/comfort products Commercialize child presence detection system

software to improve fuel efficiency and driving performance*2 Pursue convenience by system integration and sensing technologies (integrate auto drive and automatic parking, predictive boarding/alighting,

VC-CN VC: Promote M&A and Alliances to expand globalize Aftermarket domain New CN: Evaluate demonstration of Perovskite solar cells business (multiple experiments with external collaboration) business

· AT : Attain ICE demand in India, South America, etc., achieve high profitability by fully utilize existing plant and equipment

Entrust business: promote transfer to partners (Seat Business, Shower-Toilet Business, Other projects ongoing)

FISIN We Touch the Future

Business

eAxle

Battery

Brakes

Safe/

Comfort

entry

Existing business Market

Domain Environment*

IR Presentation / April 25th 2025 / © AISIN CORPORATION All Rights Reserved

Source: AISIN CORPORATION

(Top left) Mid/Long-term Business Strategy Briefing 2023 (September 14, 2023), Page 33

https://www.aisin.com/en/investors/settlement/uploads/Mid%20Long-term%20IR presentation en.pdf

(Bottom right) Progress of the Medium-Term Plan and Initiatives to Enhance Corporate Value (April 25, 2025), Page 6

https://www.aisin.com/en/investors/business-briefing/uploads/fy2025_q4_presentation-b-e_3.pdf © 2025 Japan Exchange Group, Inc., and/or its affiliates

AISIN CORPORATION (7259) (iii)

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- (4) Executive remuneration, etc.
 - Matters related to the policy on determining the amount or calculation method of executive remuneration

The Company's policy for determining the remuneration, etc., for individual Directors (hereinafter referred to as the "determination policy") is determined by the Board of Directors based on the deliberations of the Executive Nomination and Compensation Committee, chaired by an independent outside director and composed of a majority of independent outside directors.

To further enhance incentives in line with the following basic principles, the Company revised its "determination policy" by resolution of the Board of Directors held on March 26, 2025.

<Main revisions to the "determination policy">

Increase in the proportion of stock-based remuneration within total remuneration for Directors

Item	Before revision	After revision
Composition of Directors' remuneration	Monthly remuneration : Bonuses : Stock-based remuneration 40% : 30% : 30%	Monthly remuneration : Bonuses : Stock-based remuneration 25% : 25% : 50%

(Basic approach)

The Company's executive remuneration system is designed according to the following principles:

- Remuneration shall motivate executives to work toward achieving our Group Philosophy and management policies.
- ii) Remuneration shall reflect the responsibilities, achievements, etc., of each executive.
- iii) Remuneration shall reflect the business environment and short-term and medium- to long-term performance of the Group and encourage executives to enhance corporate value and manage business from the same perspective as shareholders.

(Remuneration structure)

As Directors (other than Outside Directors) are in charge of executing the operations of the Company, their remuneration comprises a fixed monthly remuneration along with performance-linked bonuses and stock-based remuneration. Specifically, the percentages of monthly remuneration, bonus, and stock-based remuneration to the base amount for Directors are set at roughly 25%, 25%, and 50%, respectively. Higher percentages for performance-linked remuneration are set, depending on the Director's title. However, depending on the level of profits, the actual remuneration may differ from the above proportions.

As Outside Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members are responsible for providing supervision and advice on business management or auditing the performance of business from an independent standpoint, they receive only a monthly remuneration with no bonus or stock-based remuneration.

Remuneration structure for Directors (excluding Outside Directors)										
	Fixed remuneration	Performance-linked remuneration								
		Short-tem	Long-term							
Remuneration	Monthly remuneration	Bonus	Stock-based remuneration							
structure	25%	25%	50%							
Form of payment	Ca	sh	Stock							

 Based on investors' areas of interest, the company increased the proportion of stock-based compensation in directors' remuneration from the perspectives of enhancing corporate value and promoting management aligned with shareholders. (→Points II. 4 and III. 4)

Source: AISIN CORPORATION, Annual Securities Report for the 102nd Fiscal Year, Pages 75–76 (Red frame and underline added by TSE) https://www.aisin.com/en/investors/settlement/uploads/Annual%20Securities%20Report%20for%20the%20102nd%20Fisical%20Year_en.pdf

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September 2023 announcement



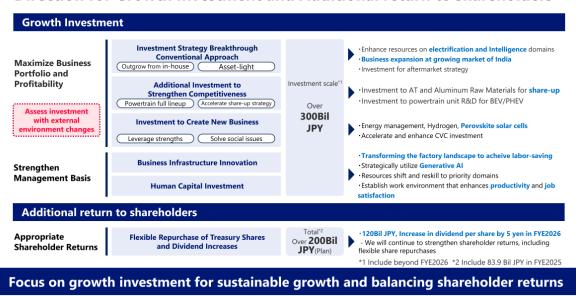
Utilize generated cash for growth investment and shareholder returns to achieve PBR over 1x

Based on investors' areas of interest, the company provided more concrete disclosures on the direction of additional growth investments and shareholder returns.

(→Points II. 2 and III. 4)

April 2025 announcement

Direction for Growth Investment and Additional return to shareholders



Source: AISIN CORPORATION

(Top left) Mid/Long-term Business Strategy Briefing 2023 (September 14, 2023), Page 37 https://www.aisin.com/en/investors/settlement/uploads/Mid%20Long-term%20IR presentation en.pdf (Bottom right) Progress of the Medium-Term Plan and Initiatives to Enhance Corporate Value (April 25, 2025), Page 15 https://www.aisin.com/en/investors/business-briefing/uploads/fy2025 q4 presentation-b-e 3.pdf

AISIN We Touch the Future

SEIBU HOLDINGS INC. (9024) (i)

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Voice of Investors

The company calculated its proprietary ROIC indicators and business-specific hurdle rates and used them to optimize resource allocation, such as in decisions on real estate liquidation and new investments as well as the utilization of site monitoring. This is an example of properly utilizing cost of capital for management decisions, and it can be expected to accelerate initiatives aimed at sustainable growth and improved capital efficiency.

> The company calculated its proprietary ROIC indicators and businessspecific hurdle rates and used them to optimize resource allocation, such as in decisions on real estate liquidation and new investments as well as the utilization of site monitoring. (→Point II. 2)

Overview of our financial strategy

In May 2024, in light of megatrends and recent changes in the business environment, the Group formulated the Longterm Strategy consisting of a growth strategy with the Real Estate business at its core, in order to maximize corporate and shareholder value by leveraging the Group's strengths. We will maximize the potential of our assets and aim to grow our NAV and improve capital efficiency through capital recycling.

Our Long-term Strategy sets a quantitative target of at least 100 billion yen in operating profit in FY2035, with our Real Estate and Hotel and Leisure businesses as the growth drivers to achieve this target. To improve our capital efficiency, we established several management indices such as ROE as KPIs to indicate our capital efficiency and optimal capital structure. We aim to achieve an ROE of 8% on a constant basis, with the goal of achieving 10% or more by FY2035. To achieve our ROE targets, we have established numerical targets from the perspectives of profitability, efficiency, and safety. In order

Financial KPIs

ROE

Aim for an ROE in exces of 10% in FY2035.

> Cost of equity perceived as 7.2%

to maintain a stable financial base, we will work to improve profitability and efficiency while ensuring an equity-to-asset ratio

To improve profitability and efficiency, we applied the commonly defined ROIC formula and established our own index entitled "Seibu ROIC." Through comparison of Seibu ROIC and hurdle rates by business, we will strive to optimize resource allocation and improve capital efficiency by replacing assets that are averse to improvement based on capital recycling

In FY2024, the securitization of Tokyo Garden Terrace Kioicho resulted in ROE well above our recognized cost of equity of 7.2% and Seibu ROIC far exceeding the hurdle rate of 3.13% set by the Group. However, we expect ROE and Seibu ROIC to be below the cost of equity and hurdle rate in FY2025 and FY2026, and we recognize that improving profitability through growth in operating profit and improving efficiency through a selective asset mix are urgent issues.

I. Profitability (Net profit margin) of at least 9% . Carry out capital recycling business, building a network of 250 hotels, etc. Business transformation through digital technology, etc.

II. Efficiency (Total asset turnover) 0.3× or higher Carry out capital recycling business, achieve capital recycling . Implement investment that takes into account the cost of capital, and

ROIC management -Hurdle rate set at 3.13% and conducted business portfolio management to ensure that each segment exceeds its respective business-specific hurdle rate

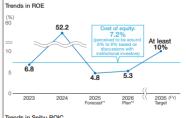
III. Financial soundness (Financial leverage) of in the 3 times range · Leverage a certain degree through large-scale development and acquisition of new properties, while reducing debt through securitization and careful selection of the

investments applying hurdle rates by business segment Raise funds other than through borrowing, such as JVs in resort development . Control the balance sheet while giving due consideration to efficiency and safety, and implement flexible capital policies (dividend increases, purchase of treasury shares, etc.) FY2035 Operating profit Over 100 billion ven ROA 2.7% or greater Equity-to-asset ratio 25-30%

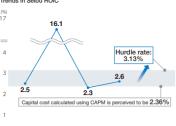
Maintain "A" rating

To address these issues, we will consider the three perspectives of stronger profitability, cost control, and asset control while promoting the following three points: (1) Accelerating our capital recycling business; (2) Improving the profitability of our Hotel and eisure business; and (3) Improving the profitability and capital efficiency of each business site.

In terms of accelerating our capital recycling business, we



rends in Seibu ROIC



Seibu ROIC = Operating profit × 0.7 ÷ (Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets*3 + Real estate for sale) Forecast announced on May 14, 2025 *2 Plan announced on Aug. 1, 2025

securitized Tokyo Garden Terrace Kioicho and formed a joint SPC with Morgan Stanley Capital and PRIME Asia in FY2024, and incorporated the owned residences in May 2025. We also acquired five new properties through the use of investment vehicles established with the intention of acquiring properties that will contribute to future securitization. We have specified candidate properties and plans for their future securitization such as DaiyaGate Ikebukuro and part of the Shinagawa

Prince Hotel, and will improve our capital efficiency by continuing to identify properties for securitization based on ROIC and future growth potential while also making investment decisions based on investment discipline in r

In terms of improving the profitability of our Hotel and Leisure business, we aim to maximize profits by analyzing and

utilizing data collected across the business based on a CRM system specialized for the Hotel and Leisure business, and incorporating this data into our planning. We will also utilize the Seibu Prince Global Rewards joint membership program for hotels in Japan and overseas established in 2024 to increase our ratio of direct sales by fostering customer lovalty. Moreover, we will expand our network to build a network of 250 hotels while leveraging M&As.

efficiency of each business site, we will thoroughly monitor our business sites by leveraging the aforementioned Seibu ROIC and review those business sites that are not expected

Towards strengthening both profitability and efficiency



Asset control

(Achieve capital recycling)

- . As well as acquiring new properties, we will work to enhance the profitability of properties by rolling out value-adding projects for those that we have
- By also raising rents at existing properties and investigating ways to maximize their effective use, we will strengthen the earnings base for the Real Estate business as a whole
- · Based on the four-company real estate structure designed and established to strengthen specialization in the various functions of AM, PM, CM, and BM, we will pursue productivity improvements in each function
- After systematically organizing securitization, we will promote sustainable
- In addition to opening new hotels toward building a network of 250 hotels, we will seek to raise prices to reflect brand power improvements, thus enhancing
- Through developing an Seibu Prince Global Rewards app and integration of websites for different business locations we will work to increase the direct sales ratio
- Through increases in fee income driven by higher numbers of MC contracts we aim to enhance the profitability of the Hotel and Leisure business, and achieve improvements in capital efficiency for the business as a whole.
- Through investments to increase value, including the Shinagawa Prince Hotel. and brand-building initiatives, we will pursue increases in the value of hotel assets with an eve on securitization
- By thoroughly monitoring business locations after the introduction of Seibu's ROIC, we will disseminate the concept within the Group and pursue profitability enhancements at each business location.
- capital efficiency at each We will review the approach taken by existing business locations for which improvements cannot be expected

Source: SEIBU HOLDINGS INC., Integrated Report 2025 (October 31, 2025), Pages 21, 22 (Red frame and underlines added by TSE) https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/9024/ir material for fiscal vm30/189464/00.pdf

Enhance profitability /

business site

SEIBU HOLDINGS INC. (9024) (ii)

TOPIX Mid400





Financial Strategy

Cash Allocation

The Group's cash allocation plan is presented for a period of approximately 10 years through FY2035. We anticipate that cash inflows will include approximately 1.2 trillion yen in operating cash flow from existing operations and the securitization of Tokyo Garden Terrace Kioicho in February 2025, as well as cash inflows from future securitizations. We will use these funds to minimize increased borrowings to the

Meanwhile, cash expenditures for capital investement are projected to reach about 1.85 trillion yen based on our policy of prioritizing growth investments in redevelopment and

Cash Allocation from FY2024 to FY2035

other initiatives leading to greater corporate value.

In our Real Estate business, in addition to construction of the Takanawa area scheduled to begin in FY2028, we expect to invest around 600 billion ven in the redevelopment of urban centers such as Shibakoen, Seibu Shinjuku, and Takadanobaba, around 70 billion yen in the development of leading resorts in Japan such as Karuizawa, Hakone, Furano, and Nikko, and around 240 billion ven in M&As to enhance corporate value through acquisition of new properties, investments, and expedient reinforcement and expansion of our business structure and scale

In our Hotel and Leisure business, we expect to spend about 350 billion yen on hotel renovations, including investments to increase value in major hotels such as Shinagawa Prince Hotel, and M&As of overseas hotels, in order to capture inbound demand, raise hotel room rates, and improve profitability by building a network of 250 hotels in Japan and overseas. We will proceed with the renovation of our Mauna Kea Beach Hotel in Hawaii and the large-scale renewal of cottages at the Karuizawa Prince Hotel

plan to invest about 450 billion yen in safet

In terms of our human capital which w growth, we plan to invest in education and t best level of employee treatment in the indu our service levels. These investments comprise components of our total capital investment 1.85 trillion ven.

However, amidst labor shortages and costs in the construction industry, the ability returns on investment is a very significant is

The securitization of Tokyo Garden Terr capital efficiency (i.e., balance sheet control, ROE and EPS resulted in a cash inflow of approximately 32 taking into account taxes and other cash o stock buybacks, and dividend increases, in aforementioned growth investments

In our Urban Transportation and Region Feature #1 Our Pursuit of Capital Recycling

digitalization to achieve sustainable future of Added value created by redevelopment and manifested through securitization. Leveraging funds from securitization as a source of further growth

> Since securitizing Tokyo Garden Terrace Kioicho (herein "the Asset") in February 2025, the significant added value of the Asset has become apparent.

The funds obtained from securitization of the Asset will be used as the impetus for growth through capital recycling, prospective economic conditions, we will but with a priority on growth investments leading to increased can promptly respond to changing condition corporate value, redevelopment of central Tokyo areas and schedule based on market conditions, and dresort development, value enhancement of major hotels such reduce costs while maintaining quality and fil as the Shinagawa Prince Hotel, acquisition of new properties. phase of design and construction as one of and investment in human capital based on our Long-term will also improve profitability and efficiency th Strategy. We used part of these funds to temporarily repay investments while adhering to investment did debt in order to create debt capacity for future large-scale strive to achieve the quantitative targets of c redevelopments, and also allocated funds to share buybacks least 100 billion yen and ROE of at least 109 and increased dividends from the perspective of improving our improvement) and shareholder returns.

The project of the Asset is a model case of developmentand operation-based value enhancement and value realization, and is the Seibu Group's first step toward growth through capital recycling. The Seibu Group has a significant number of value-adding projects. We will continue to pursue NAV growth and improved capital efficiency by proactively allocating funds to growth investments that are expected to have high investment returns to enhance profitability, and by channeling funds to further investments while partially realizing their value. We will also share the fruits of our efforts with shareholders, creditors, and employees in order to maximize corporate and shareholder value and improve total stakeholder satisfaction.

Financing Use of funds Urban redevelopment (Takanawa, Shibakoen, Seibu Shinjuku, Takadanobaba): approx. 600 **Borrowings** Resort development: approx. 70 billion yen
 Acquisition / investment of new properties, M&A aimed at increasing corporate value through early organizational strengthening and business expansion; approx. 240 billion yen Hotel renovations and overseas hotel M&A: approx. 300 billion ven Increase the value of major hotels (Shinagawa Prince Hotel, etc.) to improve brand value and Operating profitability: approx. 50 billion yen cash flow Capital Total: Approx. investment Investments in maintaining safety in Urban Transportation and Regional business, as well as in digitalization, etc.: approx. 450 billion yen 1.2 trillion ven Total: Approx. Investing in comfortable working environments (making 100% of Seibu Railway's workers 1.85 trillion yen accommodation private and renovating Prince Hotel dormitories), etc. Repurchase of treasury shares replement flexibly based on the status of balance sheet and future growth investment To improve capital efficiency and reduce capital costs, use 70 billion yen from December 2024 Total dividends of over 130 billion yen (dividends of over 40 yen per year) By introducing a progressive dividend policy with a DOE of 2.0% as the floor, we will achieve stable dividends and increased dividends through improved profits by future capital Securitization . With a focus on providing long-term and continuous returns to shareholders, we raised our Shareholder dividend for FY2024 to 40 yen per share annually (and maintained our progressive dividend If the proceeds from securitization exceed the planned fund use, flexibly repay and repurchase treasury shares

 The company provided specific disclosures on its cash allocation policy through FY2035. It also utilized funds generated from real estate liquidation as a source of funds for future growth. (→Point II. 2)

used for the temporary repayment of borrov Use of proceed from the securitization of Tokyo Garden Terrace Kioicho

Approx. 130 billion --Existing growth investments: approx. 80 billion yen Additional growth investments: approx. 50 billion yen Additional growth investments: approx. 120 billion yen

Existing Growth Investment

- Property acquisition / investment: approx. 50 billion yen Large-scale redevelopment (Takanawa and others): approx. 20 billion yen
- nvestment in resort areas: approx. 10 billion yen Investing in comfortable working environments (making 100% of Seibu Railway's operating bedrooms private and renovating Prince Hotel dormitories), etc.

Additional Growth Investments

- Increase the value of major hotels (Shinagawa, etc.) to improve brand value and profitability: approx. 50 billion
- Improving the environment to strengthen the Saitama Seibu Lions (sales increase due to increased attendance

Creating debt capacity for future large-scale redevelopment (Takanawa and Shiba areas, etc.) The debt capacity created will be gradually utilized for long-term strategic growth investments

hase of treasury shares: 70 billion yen Increased dividend:

Improve capital efficiency, and repurchase treasury shares while taking into account capital costs Increase dividends above the DOE 2% standard with the aim of providing long-term, continuous returns to shareholders (Also continue the progressive dividends)

Point

SANKYU (9065) (i)

TOPIX Mid400







Voice of Investors

Based on the current status of PBR and ROE, the company fundamentally refined their initiatives during the mid-term plan period. They promoted management focused on the investor perspective, including strengthening their IR framework and establishing a "Corporate Value Enhancement Task Force." Through a series of initiatives focused on capital efficiency and enhancing corporate value, their valuation shifted from a value stock to a growth stock.

Given the current stagnation and maturity of PBR and ROE levels, they aim to become a "regrowth company." Although they are currently in the mid-term plan period, they will review mid-term measures with a focus on capital profitability. (→Point III.4)

Background to the Announcement of Medium-Term Management Plan Supplements and Points to Note SANKYU Against the backdrop of business environment changes exceeding expectations, we are reviewing our Medium-Term Management Plan, focusing on the logistics business Implementing return on capital-focused transformation under new CEO leadership Enhance awareness of logistics business costs and company-wide strategy Instill awareness of equity ratio level with consideration for 10% ROE sustainability Cultivate awareness of optimal allocation of human resources and investment returns with an awareness of business restructuring **Promotion System Main Initiatives** Formulation of Taskforce on Enterprise Value Acceleration Management (including External Directors) to actively discuss the Eliminate business barriers between business and management "investors' perspectives." · A medium- to long-term strategy with a vision for the future departments as barriers to reform Human capital management (human resources, DE&I, etc.) Copyright @ 2025 SANKYU INC. All Rights Reserved

Source: Sankyu Corporation, Medium-Term Management Plan 2026 Review Financial results briefing for the fiscal year ended March 2025 (May 12, 2025), Pages 3 and 7 https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/9065/ir material for fiscal ym5/179839/00.pdf

considering the balance between investment and

Emphasizing returns Stagnation period

2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030

SANKYU (9065) (ii)

TOPIX Mid400





SANKYU



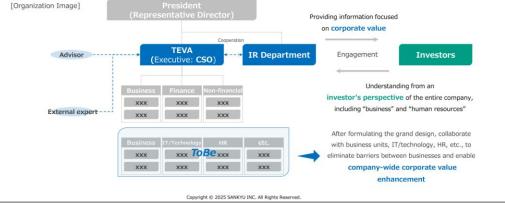
 To strengthen dialogue with the capital markets, an Investor Relations Department has been established and expanded under the direct supervision of the President. (→Point III.1)

Creation and expansion of the IR Department reporting directly to the President → Strengthen dialogue with capital

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 Established a Corporate Value Enhancement Task Force reporting directly to the President to build an organizational structure that promotes company-wide management focused on investor perspectives and enhancing corporate value. (→Point III.1) The IR Department and Dozens of people with expertise in business, finance, and non-finance formulate a grand design for corporate reform, and seek a long-term management plan and organizational and management structure that will contribute to increasing corporate value from an investor's perspective

Taskforce on Enterprise Value Acceleration Overview



Source: Sankyu Corporation, Medium-Term Management Plan 2026 Review Financial results briefing for the fiscal year ended March 2025 (May 12, 2025), Pages 4 and 32 https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/9065/ir material for fiscal ym5/179839/00.pdf

SANKYU (9065) (iii)

TOPIX Mid400

Land Transportatio



SANKYU

Financial Strategy Summary: Toward an Optimal Equity Capital Structure

SANKYU

1. Streamlining the balance sheet

- → Cross-shareholdings sales (about 5 billion yen over two years)
- \rightarrow Liquidation of accounts receivable (about 40 billion yen over two years)

2. Optimal Equity Capital Level

ightarrow 270 billion yen level prior to the start of the Medium-Term Management Plan

3. Shareholder Returns

- → Dividend payout ratio of 40%
- (based on the dividend per share for the previous fiscal year *x in the term of Medium-Term Management Plan 2026.)
- → Share buyback 20 billion/year (increased from 10 billion to 40 billion over two years)

*Holding policy: Approximately 5% of total outstanding shares; any excess will be canceled or used for employee engagement initiatives

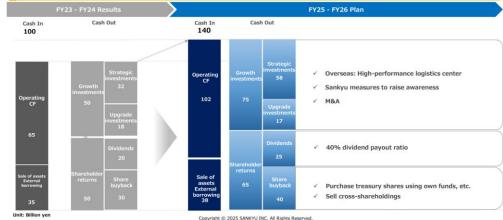
 To achieve an optimal balance sheet, the company discloses their target equity level while promoting balance sheet streamlining through the sale of strategically held shares and the securitization of accounts receivable. They also specifically disclose their cash allocation policy, which balances growth investments with shareholder returns.

(→Point I.3 &Point II.2)

Financial Strategy (2): Cash Allocation

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Planning to generate approximately 140 billion yen in cash inflows over FY25 and FY26
 Cash flow will be allocated appropriately while balancing growth investment and shareholder returns



Source: Sankyu Corporation, Medium-Term Management Plan 2026 Review Financial results briefing for the fiscal year ended March 2025 (May 12, 2025), Pages 13 and 15 (red box and underlining added by TSE) https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/9065/ir_material_for_fiscal_ym5/179839/00.pdf

Nippon Express Holdings (9147) (i)

TOPIX Mid400

Land Transportation





Given that the PBR has remained below 1x

even one year after the management plan

was formulated, the company refined their

targets and initiatives to accelerate efforts

aimed at enhancing corporate value.

(→Point III.4)

Voice of Investors

After formulating the management plan, the company refined their targets and initiatives in light of the PBR remaining below 1x even one year later. They are pushing forward with bold measures, including accelerating the sale of low-yielding real estate and strategically held stocks, and strengthening growth investments such as M&A. This demonstrates their serious commitment to enhancing corporate value.

Initiatives to Improve Corporate Value - February 2025 Update -

NIPPON EXPRESS We find the Way

Revisiting Initiatives to Improve Corporate Value

Gearing Up to Achieve Our Long-Term Vision

Gearing up to a whole new level to become a logistics company with a strong presence in the global market

FY2026 Interim Targets

Raise PBR above 1.0 and achieve ROE of 8%, which is greater than the cost of shareholders' equity

- Disclosed Initiatives to Improve Corporate Value in combination with NX Group Business Plan 2028 in February 2024
- After analyzing and reevaluating our current situation, we set new targets for FY2026, half-way through our current business plan. We will continue to pursue management conscious of the cost of capital and share prices under these new targets

Strengthen Balance Sheet Management Revise Capital Policies

- Sell off low-profit assets, real estate, etc.
- Optimize capital structure through share buybacks

Strengthen Business Portfolio Management

- Develop evaluation criteria for businesses
- Shift to growth businesses and liquidate low-profit and non-core businesses

Strengthen balance sheet management and review capital policy at levels more advanced than ever before. Strengthen business portfolio management for measures to improve ROE further, and gear up the growth strategy initiatives incorporated into our business plan

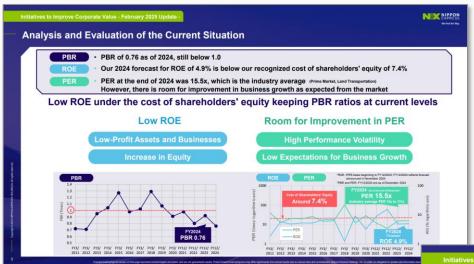
Source: Nippon Express Holdings Initiatives to Improve Corporate Value — Action to Implement Management that is Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price (February 14, 2025) Pages 1 and 2 https://pdf.irpocket.com/C9147/CRpO/gAZh/ddkb.pdf

Nippon Express Holdings (9147) (ii)

TOPIX Mid400

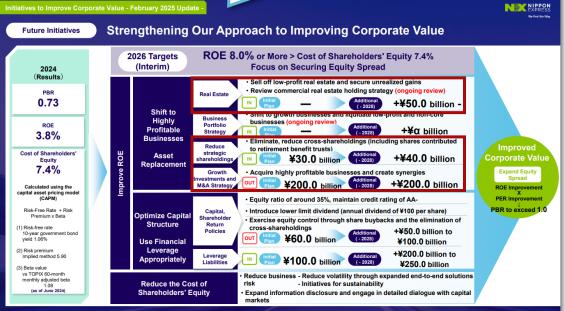
Land Transportation





 In light of these challenges, the company accelerated the sale of low-yielding real estate and strategically held stocks while simultaneously enhancing their approach to corporate value enhancement by adding growth investments such as M&A. (→Point II.2)

Conducted time-series analysis of ROE and PER, compared them with industry averages, and reevaluated them to identify challenges for improving ROE and PER. (→Point I.2)



Source: Nippon Express Holdings Initiatives to Improve Corporate Value — Action to Implement Management that is Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price (February 14, 2025) Pages 3 and 4 (red boxes added by TSE) https://pdf.irpocket.com/C9147/CRpO/qAZh/ddkb.pdf

Nippon Express Holdings (9147) (iii)

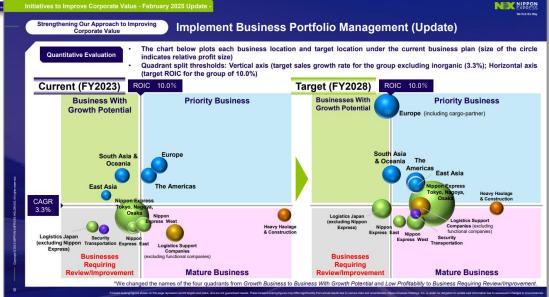
TOPIX Mid400







 Clearly presents the policy for business portfolio management aimed at enhancing corporate value and the direction of each business (→Point II.2)



Source: Nippon Express Holdings Initiatives to Improve Corporate Value — Action to Implement Management that is Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price (February 14, 2025) Pages 7 and 9 https://pdf.irpocket.com/C9147/CRpO/qAZh/ddkb.pdf

Nippon Express Holdings (9147) (iv)

TOPIX Mid400

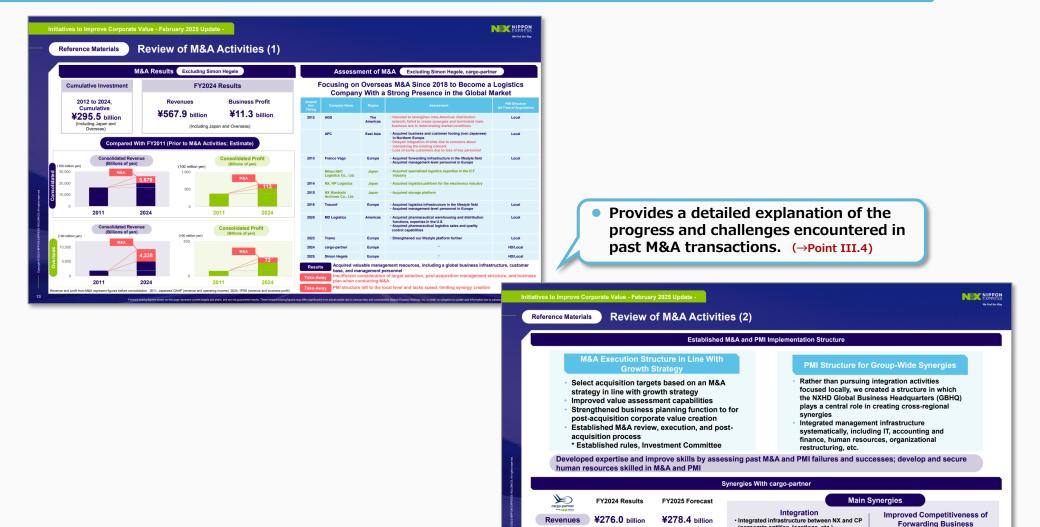
(corporate entities, locations, etc.) *2024 Results across 12 countries

between NX Europe and CP

· Integrated functions and human resources







Source: Nippon Express Holdings Initiatives to Improve Corporate Value — Action to Implement Management that is Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price (February 14, 2025) Pages 13 and 14 https://pdf.irpocket.com/C9147/CRpO/gAZh/ddkb.pdf

¥3.1 billion

¥5.3 billion

Strengthened purchasing through global

purchasing for air and ocean forwarding

Expanded, strengthened global network

Kyushu Electric Power (9508) (i)

TOPIX Mid400

Electricity /Gas



Assessment and progress of PBR improvement measures

Our price-to-book ratio (PBR) has improved to around 1.0x by virtue of our profit recovery and expectations for economic growth in Kyushu. Nevertheless, taking into account growth in equity capital and the like owing to improvements in our financials, we recognize the necessity to continually improve our capital efficiency with the use of ROIC if we are to consistently maintain a PBR above 1.0x.

To improve our PBR: It is necessary to (1) achieve capital profitability that exceeds the cost of capital (increase ROE), and (2) obtain the trust of the market with the recent recovery in earnings and shareholder returns, and attract a stronger valuation of our future growth potential (increase PER). Specifically, we aim to achieve a medium-term ROE of around 8%–10% through the steady implementation of the ROIC management cycle, sustainable and stable profit generation, and financial measures aimed at strengthening our financial base and enhancing shareholder returns. We can then look to consistently maintain an ROE above 10%, especially given our four nuclear power reactors and expectations up

ahead for increased demand for electricity in the Kyushu region.

Also, alongside measures from a financial perspective, we will aim to do more from a non-financial point of view, particularly regarding carbon neutrality and human capital, in an effort to increase our PER to the average level of the Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime Market. As for our efforts geared towards improving the PBR, every year the Board of Directors analyzes and reviews the current ROE and PER, their factors, and the progress made on each management indicator. During discussions this fiscal year, the Board confirmed that steady progress is being made. Also, when it was examining the new structure of the Group and the next management vision, discussions focused on the need to accelerate the growth strategies of each business, to further enhance business portfolio management, to further improve capital efficiency, and to thoroughly communicate the company's growth potential to investors. More precisely, by transitioning to a pure holding company structure, we will seek to accelerate management with a focus on ROIC in each business, allocate management resources appropriately, and further optimize our business portfolio.

Ideal State Perspective Assessment and progress of each item and future response Steady progress has been made towards achieving the FY2025 ordinary income and ROIC targets . The equity ratio has recovered to a level where 20% is in sight Achieve capital profitability that Around 10% . Dividend forecast for this fiscal year is ¥50 exceeds the cost of capital While this is above the cost of capital ⇒ To achieve sustained growth in company-wide ordinary income and ROIC, and with the aim of improving and of 6%, considering growth in equity beefing up our financial structure, we will further enhance our business portfolio management by exploring Medium-term ROE: capital up ahead, a further increase in a new Group structure. Around 8%-10% ROIC is needed ⇒ We will initially focus on maintaining a dividend of ¥50, but at the same time, we will consider a new manageme Sustainable vision and financial targets in light of future growth in each business, profit expansion, and other factors. enhancement of Consolidated ROIC: 2.5% or higher Consolidated ROE: Around 8% Ordinary income: ¥125 0 hillion or higher corporate value Management indicators Equity ratio: Around 20% ¥50 dividend as soon as possible (2)PBR consistently Gain trust through We were the first major energy company in Japan to acquire the SBT initiative certification above 1.0x recent recovery in earnings PER We were awarded a prize for excellence in the category of corporate culture transformation in the 2024 Career Ownership Management Awards and shareholder returns Around 10x ⇒ We intend to make use of the ROIC tree and align it with our non-financial targets in order to clearly demonstrate how our non-financial initiatives contribute to corporate value. We will raise awareness of this in The PER is improving thanks to the Obtain positive assessment of the company and vigorously promote initiatives. recovery in earnings and economic Around 1.0x future growth potential growth in Kyushu, but a further increase is needed because we are still lagging Environmental targets Supply chain GHG emissions: 60% reduction (compared to FY2013) Medium-term PER: behind the TSE average Kyushu electrification rate: 70% in households and 60% at commercial sites Driven by improvements in Employee engagement: 80% Added value per person: 1.5x (compared to FY2021) expected profit growth rate Capital market dialogue Promote understanding of the above efforts through active dialogue Current PBR, ROE, and PER calculated based on the closing share price on July 31 and end-FY2024 forecasts for net income and net assets (excluding preferred shares)



Voice of Investors

The company promotes initiatives to enhance corporate value from both financial and non-financial perspectives, clearly disclosing the rationale and effects of each initiative using tools such as logic trees. Furthermore, it conveys that the entire company is advancing these efforts, including management engaging in direct dialogue with frontline employees to foster the internal adoption of ROIC-based management.

 The company is advancing initiatives from both financial and non-financial perspectives to enhance both capital profitability (ROE) and valuation based on growth potential (PER). They disclose their policies and implementation status in an easy-tounderstand manner. (→Point II.5)

Source: Kyushu Electric Power Co., Inc. Kyuden Group Integrated Report 2024 Page 24 (red boxes and underlining added by TSE)

https://www.kyuden.co.jp/var/rev0/0748/6894/en_integratedreport_2024_b.pdf

Kyushu Electric Power (9508) (ii)

TOPIX Mid400

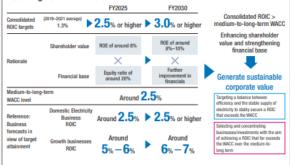




Initiatives to increase ROIC

In FY2022 we introduced ROIC as a new management indicator with the aim of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by implementing a style of management that is conscious of the cost of capital and the share price. And in April 2023 we announced the Group-wide consolidated ROIC targets of 2.5% or higher for FY2025 and 3.0% or higher for FY2030.

ROIC targets and rationale



Consolidated ROIC in FY2023 was around 4.2%. By business, it was roughly 4.1% in the Domestic Electricity Business and about 4.6% for all of our Growth Businesses combined. We will continue to set our sights on generating a level of capital efficiency that exceeds our ROIC targets.

The Board of Directors monitors the achievement of ROIC targets in each business, as well as the progress on measures for improving ROIC, and issues instructions for improvement when necessary. On top of this, each business department seizes the initiative to pursue their own ROIC improvements based on the characteristics and lifecycles of their respective operations. In the Domestic Electricity Business, we aim to stably achieve a ROIC that exceeds the WACC by balancing efficiency with the stable supply of electricity. In our Growth Businesses, we aim to achieve a ROIC that far exceeds the WACC in the medium-to-long term by implementing a process of selecting and concentrating businesses and investments.

Given the changes in the current economic environment, including interest rate hikes since the ROIC targets were set in 2023, we recognize that a review of our targets is needed. We plan to engage in further discussions on this matter as part of our ongoing examination of the company's next management vision.

Also, we utilize opportunities for our dialogue with business offices and Group companies (between employees and senior management) so that senior management can directly explain to employees the importance of ROIC management using the ROIC tree, as well as the initiatives required at each business office. I too participate in these sessions and I have noticed that employees are actively expressing their opinions and asking questions, which I think reflects a growing awareness of the importance of improving capital efficiency.

Across all levels of the organization—whether it be senior management, business divisions, or employees on the front line—we will press ahead with measures to improve ROIC and achieve further enhancements throughout the Group.

The Board of Directors monitors progress toward achieving the ROIC target for each business and directs improvements as necessary. Management also communicates directly with frontline employees to ensure ROIC-focused management permeates down to the operational level. (→Point II.4)

Source: Kyushu Electric Power Co., Inc. Kyuden Group Integrated Report 2024 Page 24 (red underlining added by TSE)

https://www.kyuden.co.jp/var/rev0/0748/6894/en integratedreport 2024 b.pdf

Kyushu Electric Power (9508) (iii)

TOPIX Mid400





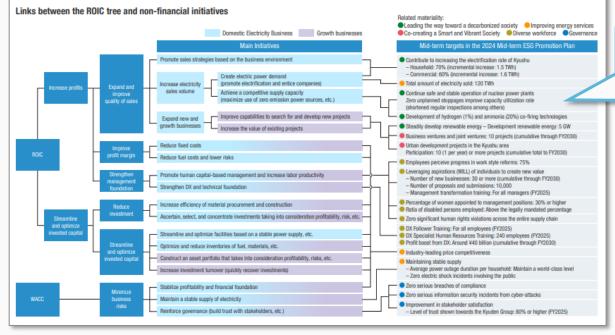
Non-financial initiatives

As I alluded to earlier, addressing carbon neutrality, human capital, and other non-financial issues is key to improving the PER. Our climate change targets and initiatives have earned high praise, especially because we were the first major energy business operator in Japan to acquire the SBT initiative certification and then in FY2023, we became the first electric power company in Japan to make it into the CDP A List (the highest ranking) for action on climate change 445. Also, in recognition of our QX Project 474 and various educational initiatives on human capital, we were awarded a prize for excellence in the category of corporate culture transformation in the 2024 Career Ownership Management Awards. We are stepping up our initiatives by implementing measures centered around five key pillars in our HR strategy. In this integrated report too, we have endeavored to enhance the scope of our information disclosure

To clearly demonstrate how these non-financial initiatives contribute not only to the creation of social value, but also to the enhancement of our corporate value, we have aligned the previously established ROIC tree with the non-financial goals set out in our Medium-term ESG Promotion Plan. We are therefore working to raise awareness of these links among employees.

Constructive dialogue with shareholders and investors

We have endeavored to actively disclose information and engage in dialogue so that capital market participants have a better understanding of our management situation and our strategy for future growth. Moving forward, we will strive to further enhance our information disclosure and dialogue activities and incorporate the feedback we receive into our business practices with the aim of achieving sustainable growth.



 Regarding non-financial initiatives, the company created an ROIC tree to clearly explain how they contribute to enhancing corporate value. (→Point II.5)

Source: Kyushu Electric Power Co., Inc. Kyuden Group Integrated Report 2024 Page 26

https://www.kyuden.co.jp/var/rev0/0748/6894/en_integratedreport_2024_b.pdf

Kyushu Electric Power (9508) (iv)

TOPIX Mid400

Electricity /Gas



Dialogue Between External Directors and Investors

To foster constructive dialogue with investors, we organized a discussion between external directors and investors at the ESG small meeting held in December 2023. Being the third such dialogue since the inaugural one in FY2021, we had two external directors in attendance and strove to further improve the dialogue by such means as breaking into groups.



Sakie Tachibana Fukushima

(current position) since 2010. External director of Kyushu EP since June 2020. Served as an internal director of a US-based company since 1995 while being an external director of more than 10 Japanese companies since human capital plobalization and comprate governance

Yuii Oie

External Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Memb

Profile: External director and Audit & Supervisory Committee member of Kyushu EP since June 2022. Former President of the Kyushu Institute of Technology. Being an expert in information network engineering, he has led artisanced information network technologies in Janan. He also has extensive experience and exceptional insights in human resource development and organizational management as a university president.

Overview of ESG Small Meeting

	Purpose	In addition to brief investors on the latest topics related to the Kyuden Group's sustainability management, we held a dialogue with external directors. This approach strengthened engagement by ensuring the dialogue which is compelling with an objective perspective.
	Company representatives	Sakie Tachibana Fukushima (External Director) and Yuji Oie (External Director) Atsushi Soda (Member of the Board of Directors, Vice-Presidential Executive Officer, in charge of ESG matters)
l	Participants	Shareholders, institutional investors, and analysts
	Content	Part 1: ESG Briefing Based on the theme of Sustainability Management at the Kyuden Group, the executive officer presented on topics such as the Integrated Report 2023 and the challenges and future direction of sustainability management. Part 2: Dislogue with External Directors The external directors answered participants' questions received in advance, followed by an open discussion with high restand directors.

01: Role as external director

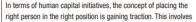
Mr. Oie I believe it is important to recognize the good organizational climate and culture at Kyushu EP, while also providing field, I intend to share my insights on the promotion of digital transformation (DY) and research and development. As an Audit & Supervisory Committee member. I make



Mr. Oie I believe the genuine commitment to ensuring a stable supply of electricity is one of Kyushu EP's strengths, fostering trust among its customers. Regarding external environmental strengths, Kyushu is experiencing a rapid influx of semiconductor and data center-related companies, leading to a significant increase in electric power demand. We must seize this opportunity to drive further growth

Q3: Human capital management

Ms. Fukushima Drawing from many years of experience in human capital consulting, I believe Kyushu EP's strength in human capital lies in its many diligent and talented individuals dedicated to fulfilling the social mission of ensuring a stable electric power supply. The challenge lies in that diligence, which often leads to a highly cautious approach, making it difficult for them to come up with creative and hold ideas



appointing the best talent to each mission, whether from within the company or outside, without regard to age. Progress is also being made on external hiring.

Additionally, the diversification of recruitment schemes, including the introduction of a comeback system, is making the company more flexible in terms of employee mobility, which is commendable. Furthermore, the company is taking steps to quantify the outcomes of its human capital management initiatives by setting Key Goal Indicators (KGIs) and introducing engagement surveys. Going forward, it will be crucial to clarify the cost-effectiveness of these initiatives and ensure that each measure is actually contributing to value creation. Regarding gender initiatives, the company has set a target of 100% paternity leave acquisition ratio and is making steady progress, with the acquisition rate exceeding 80%* in FY2022. As the human capital shortage persists, expanding diversity will become increasingly essential in the future. This requires improvements in mainly the ratio of female managers and hiring more foreign nationals.

* Percentage in FY2023 was 103.6%.

honest feedback on any discomforts or areas for improvement from an external perspective. Firstly, drawing on my experience at universities, being educational and research institutions, I am to offer my thoughts on enhancing the effectiveness of human capital development and utilization. Next, as an expert in the ICT

disclosed in the integrated report. (→Point III.1)

To promote constructive dialogue with investors,

discussion between outside directors and investors.

the company has created opportunities for

Comments from these dialogues, including

progress on initiatives to improve PBR, are

Q5: Improving PBR

Ms. Fukushima The price-to-book ratio (PBR) is a fundamental indicator of increasing shareholder value, and it is crucial to implement strategies to improve it over the medium to long term. Beyond a recovery in performance. it is essential to achieve a return on capital that exceeds the cost of capital (improving ROE) and to enhance the company's reputation for growth potential (improving PER). With the entry of companies from other industries into the renewable energy sector, competition is intensifying, and the competitive landscape is evolving rapidly. The key challenge for the company is leveraging its strengths and enhancing economic value by swiftly addressing social issues. To achieve this, it is essential to constantly focus on improving PBR and ROIC, I believe that ROIC-based practices are currently being implemented in each business department throughout the company. When I attended a dialogue between employees and top management, employees at business sites asked questions about ROIC, and I noticed that more employees were beginning to view the company's financials as personally relevant.

Mr. Oie To improve PBR, it is necessary to present and execute a scenario for medium- to long-term earnings growth. Gaining the support and confidence of investors regarding the company's future growth potential is also crucial. That means the company needs to embrace new challenges, and I am hopeful that the productivity improvements driven by DX investment will contribute to both increased earnings, through the creation of new businesses, and cost reductions.



At the same time, it is important to secure and develop human capital capable of driving innovation and creating added value. Even in my field of expertise, information and communications, the members responsible for promoting DX are seconded to various companies, government agencies, universities, and other institutions, where they are actively working to acquire knowledge and build valuable human networks. I am confident that each member will leverage the knowledge and experience they have gained to support the Kyuden Group's continued growth.

Q4: Involvement in promoting DX

Mr. Oie In addition to serving as a member of the DX Promotion Committee, I share information and exchange opinions with the DX Promotion Division every month to discuss the progress of initiatives and address any emerging issues. In terms of promoting DX, the company has developed a DX Vision and a DX Roadmap, defining the essence of DX as realizing corporate transformation. It is commendable that the President himself consistently emphasizes the importance of DX in various internal and external settings, contributing to the growing momentum for DX promotion throughout the company. I also view these proactive efforts to promote DX as an initiative to transform Kyushu EP's cautious organizational culture, Indeed, the company has been adopting generative Al ahead of other power companies. I strongly sense that the President is leading the charge in embracing change and taking on new challenges.

Feedback from investors received after the dialogue

- . Opportunity to have an extended, direct conversation with the external directors was valuable.
- . The insights from external directors were undoubtedly valuable, but the discussions themselves were also highly beneficial. It was also great to be able to see the personalities of the external directors.
- . The availability of such dialogue opportunities reflects the management's sincerity and transparency and is also one of the company's strengths.

Source: Kyushu Electric Power Co., Inc. Kyuden Group Integrated Report 2024 Page 89, 90 (red boxes added by TSE)

https://www.kyuden.co.jp/var/rev0/0748/6894/en_integratedreport_2024_b.pdf

- I. TOPIX Core30、TOPIX Large70
- II. TOPIX Mid400
- III. TOPIX Small

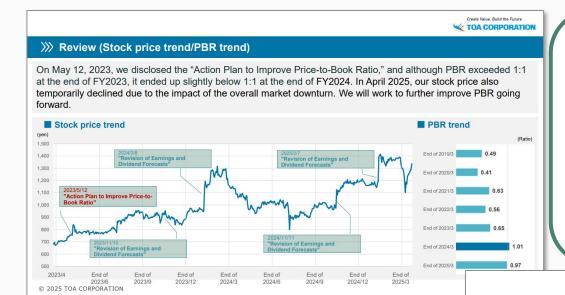


TOA CORPORATION (1885) (i)

TOPIX Small







Voice of Investors

Although the company had a PBR exceeding 1x and ROE that exceeded cost of capital due to the progress made on the initiatives it announced in 2023, it is considering ways to further enhance corporate value and has updated its initiatives and disclosures. It provided a detailed explanation of initiatives for improvement, such as strengthening investments into human capital and growth, and further reinforced IR activities. These initiatives are continuously refined through dialogue with investors, demonstrating an approach that can serve as a reference for other companies.

Create Value, Build the Future

TOA CORPORATION

The company conducted a time-series analysis of stock price, PBR, and ROE in conjunction with its initiatives. Although PBR exceeds 1x and ROE exceeds the recognized cost of capital, it presented a policy outlining initiatives for further improvement. (→Points I. 2 and II. 1)



Amid the favorable management environment, despite continuously achieving an ROE of 10% or more, which exceeds the cost of shareholders' equity as recognized by the Company (approx. 7%), there is a major gap between its capital efficiency and earning power and their evaluation by the market. We will work to further increase its PBR while striving to improve its PER through sustained profit growth and dialogue with the market.

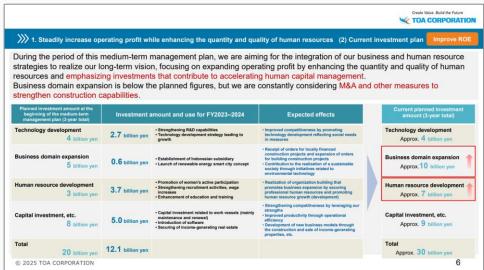


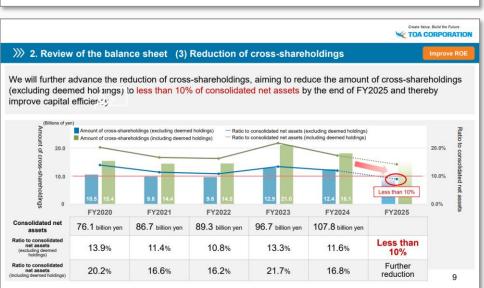
Source: TOA CORPORATION, Action Plan to Improve Price-to-Book Ratio 2025 (June 12, 2025), Pages 2, 3 https://pdf.irpocket.com/C1885/A2Jv/p3b4/XwCO.pdf

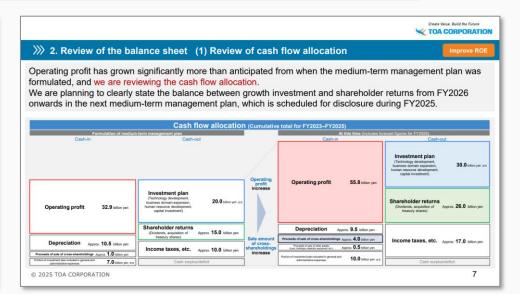
TOA CORPORATION (1885) (ii)











 The company provided a detailed explanation of the breakdown of growth investments aimed at achieving its targets and the anticipated effects. It also reviewed the underlying cash allocation policy and disclosed it in detail. (→Points II. 2 and III. 4)

Source: TOA CORPORATION, Action Plan to Improve Price-to-Book Ratio 2025 (June 12, 2025), Pages 6, 7, 9 https://pdf.irpocket.com/C1885/A2Jv/p3b4/XwCO.pdf

TOA CORPORATION (1885) (iii)

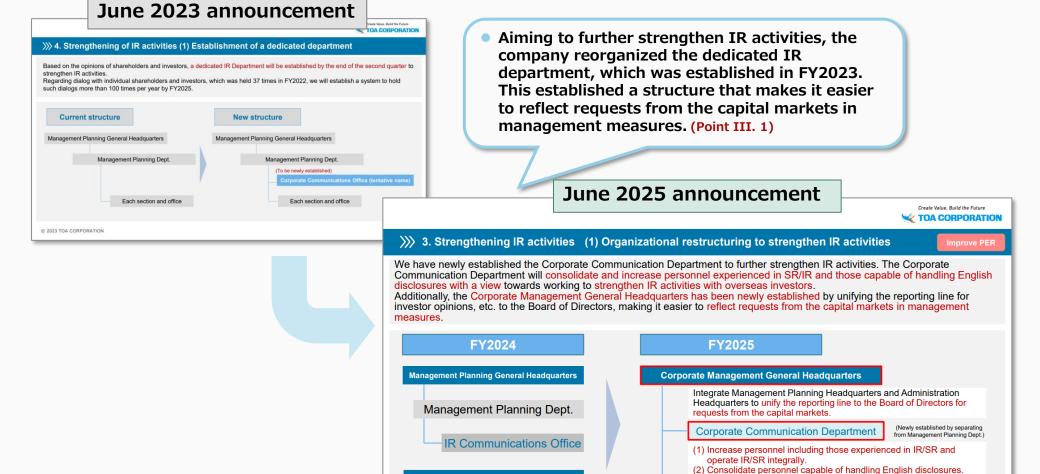
TOPIX Small



(3) Handle PR (public relations) integrally as well, strengthening information dissemination both internally and externally.

Management Planning Dept./Administrations Dept., etc.





Sources: (Top left) TOA CORPORATION, Action Plan to Improve Price-to-Book Ratio (May 12, 2023), Page 6 https://pdf.irpocket.com/C1885/ba4w/CWen/bNjb.pdf (Bottom right) TOA CORPORATION, Action Plan to Improve Price-to-Book Ratio 2025 (June 12, 2025), Page 10 https://pdf.irpocket.com/C1885/A2Jy/p3b4/XwCQ.pdf

Administration General Headquarters

Administrations Dept. (implements SR)

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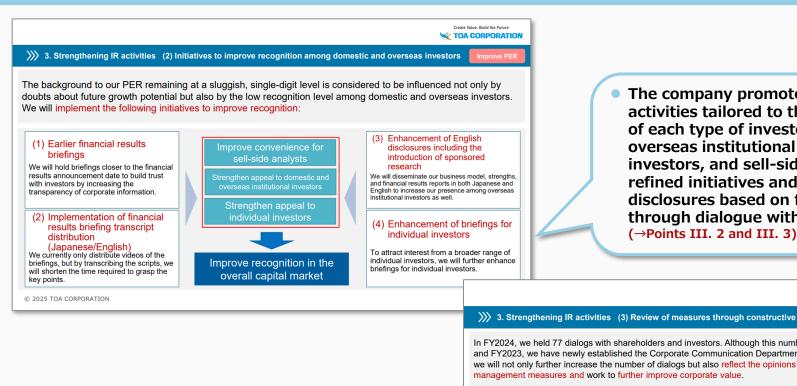
TOA CORPORATION (1885) (iv)

TOPIX





Create Value, Build the Future



The company promoted effective IR activities tailored to the characteristics of each type of investor, such as overseas institutional investors, retail investors, and sell-side analysts. It refined initiatives and the content of disclosures based on feedback obtained through dialogue with investors.

TOA CORPORATION 3. Strengthening IR activities (3) Review of measures through constructive dialog with capital markets In FY2024, we held 77 dialogs with shareholders and investors, Although this number has steadily increased compared to FY2022 and FY2023, we have newly established the Corporate Communication Department with increased IR personnel. This fiscal year, we will not only further increase the number of dialogs but also reflect the opinions obtained through constructive dialog in based on investor opinions (FY2025) Regular **Opinions Analysts** Implementation of interim dividends reporting Corporate * If the proposal to amend the Articles of Incorporation is Board of approved at the June General Meeting of Shareholders. Communication **Investors Directors** Implementation of flexible treasury share Department acquisitions **Shareholders** Disclosure of estimated cost of capita investor opinions (FY2023 & FY2024) Number of SR/IR sessions held Review of shareholder return policy (FY2023) Review measures FY2022 FY2023 FY2024 Establishment of the IR system (FY2023) Improve corporate Stock split (FY2024) 77 sessions 37 sessions 74 sessions value © 2025 TOA CORPORATION 12

Source: TOA CORPORATION, Action Plan to Impro0.72 cmve Price-to-Book Ratio 2025 (June 12, 2025), Pages 11-12 https://pdf.irpocket.com/C1885/A2Jv/p3b4/XwCO.pdf





Voice of Investors

Faced with demands from the capital markets, the entire company—including front-line personnel—is working to improve capital efficiency. Even after exceeding a PBR of 1, the company remains unsatisfied and is actively pursuing further growth, demonstrating a sincere commitment to investors and the market.

 Through internal study sessions, the company instilled awareness of capital efficiency improvement down to the front-line staff level. (→Point II.4)

副社長Message



資本効率を改善しつつ財務基盤強化に 取り組むとともに、新たな経営体制のもとで 次の成長ステージを目指します

量から質を重視した成長へ

販売数量を伸ばし、シェアを高めていく。これまで当社は「量」を懸命に追い求める経営を行ってきました。しかし、2024年11月期に社内管理指標に部門別の経常利益やROIC(投下資本利益率)を導入するなど、現在は収益性向上を目指す「質」を重視した経営へのシフトを進めています。この背景には、資本市場からの要請があります。2023年には、東京証券取引所から「資本コストや株価を意識した経営の実現に向けた対応について」が公表され、上場企業各社はPBR(株価純資産倍率)改善に向けた具体的な対応を求められるようになりました。当時、当社もPBRが1倍を下回る状況にあったことから、プライム上場企業として一層の危機感を持ち、その改善に取り組むべく、「質」を重視した経営へのシフトを打ち出したのです。ただし、当社はまだ成長途上にある会社です。引き続き、トップラインは伸ばし

ていきます。そのうえで、「質」への意識を高め、「量」と「質」の バランスを取ることにより、企業価値の最大化を目指します。

P.22 財務戦略

資本コストへの意識を高める

PBRを高めるためには、ROE(自己資本利益率)とPER (株価収益率)を改善しなくてはなりません。ROEの向上に向けて、特に課題となっているのが「資本効率の改善」です。当社をはじめとした商社のビジネスは、主に「仕入れた商品を顧客に販売する」ことで成り立っています。したがって、事業の拡大期においては、仕入が先行し、仕入債務が膨らむ傾向があります。さらに、当社は商品を海外から船舶で輸入しており、会計処理上、仕入先が船舶に商品を積み込んだ時点で、当社の在庫として計上されます。そこから1か月以上をかけて運ばれることも多く、自ずと在庫保有期間が

副社長Message

長期化してしまいます。このような理由から、多額の運転資 金を確保する必要があり、そのために自己資本を厚くしてき たことが、ROEを引き下げる要因となっていました。

ご説明したとおり、事業特性上の問題に起因することもあり、営業の現場において、一定量の在庫を抱えることに対する問題意識が希薄であったことは否めません。そこで、仕入から現金化までの回転期間を把握するための財務指標である「キャッシュ・コンバージョン・サイクル(CCC)」に対する営業担当者の意識を高めるための取組みを進めています。例えば、事業本部長から営業担当者に至るすべての階層を対象に順次勉強会を実施し、CCCを改善することの重要性を説明するとともに、日々の営業活動や取引において、具体的にどのようなことに留意すべきかを伝えています。このような取組みが奏功し、徐々に営業担当者の意識が高まってきたと感じています。

中期経営計画「NEXT-LJ 2025」(以下、本中計)の2年 目にあたる2024年11月期は売上高、経常利益、当期純利益とも過去最高を更新しました。なかでも、経常利益、当期純利益については、本中計の最終年度目標を1年前倒して達成しています。利益率も改善傾向にあり、徐々にではありますが、全社的に資金効率に関する意識が高まったことに

よる効果も生まれていると評価しています。

Source: Lacto Japan Integrated Report 2025, pages 19 and 20 (red boxes and underlining added by TSE) https://www.lactojapan.com/ja/ir/library/integrated/main/03/teaserItems1/0/linkList/0/link/IntegratedReport 2025 3.pdf

Note: The disclosure documents shown in this slide are available in Japanese only.

Lacto Japan (3139) (ii)

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Current Situation



- The Company's stock price increased significantly in FY11/2024, with a P/B ratio exceeding 1x.
- The current P/E ratio is lower than pre-pandemic levels and the industry average (wholesale) of the Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime Market. However, we believe that the ratio could increase further because profit is steadily growing as the operating environment improves and new businesses make steady progress.
- ROE was 12.1% at the end of the fiscal year under review, a significant year-on-year increase. We will maintain
 our efforts to raise the figure even further by improving profitability and strengthening shareholder returns. To
 be more specific, we adopted ROIC as a management performance indicator in the previous fiscal year to
 improve profitability and maintain balance sheet efficiency.

	FY11/2019	FY11/2020	FY11/2021	FY11/2022	FY11/2023	FY11/2024
ROE (%)	13.0	12.3	10.6	10.9	8.7	12.1
P/E (x)	17.57	14.05	11.75	9.16	9.45	9.13
P/B (x)	2.17	1.66	1.18	0.94	0.79	1.04
Share price at end of period (yen))	3,515	2,943	2,336	2,121	1,951	2,882

 The company is not satisfied with the current PBR exceeding 1x and believes there is further upside potential. They continue to promote initiatives to further improve PBR and ROE. They also provide concrete explanations of how each initiative contributes to enhancing corporate value.

(→Point II.1 & Point II.5)

Operations That Consider the Cost of Capital and Share Price



	Challenges	Initiatives
	Implement sales strategy with an emphasis on profit margins	Introduction of ROIC as a management indicator for business divisions (Employees' attitude is gradually changing. We plan to use it for personnel evaluations and business decisions during this fiscal year.)
	Expand high value-added businesses	Expand the Cheese Manufacturing and Sales Division of the Asian Business (improve cost of sales ratio/sales volume) Increase the handling of functional food ingredients Strengthen our business portfolio as a medium- to long-term endeavor
Improved ROE	Involve ourselves deeply in key areas of the supply chain	Strengthen the development of special products by enhancing collaboration with suppliers Promote sustainability management
	Invest in growth areas	Build a new plant (through relocation) in Singapore (the Cheese Manufacturing and Sales Division of the Asian Business)
	Improve shareholder returns	Increase the dividend payout ratio, and make continual efforts to increase it even further (FY11/2023: 23.2% → FY11/2024: 25.3% → FY11/2025 [forecast]: 30.2%)
	Encourage growth expectations	Present a clear strategy for growth (we plan to release a new corporate business plan)
Improved P/E	Strengthen dialogue with shareholders and investors to gain trust	Review KPts for executive compensation Strengthen IR by expanding staff (from FY11/2025), expand opportunities for dialogue with investors
	Expand information dissemination	Enhance information in the integrated report and on the website Expand English-language information disclosure

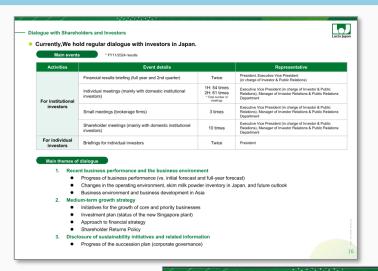
Source: Lacto Japan Co., Ltd. FY11/2024 Financial Results Briefing (January 2025) Pages 13 and 14

https://www.lactojapan.com/en/ir/library/earnings/main/07/teaserItems1/01116/linkList/04/link/HP_FY11%202024%20Financial%20Results%20Briefing_E.pdf

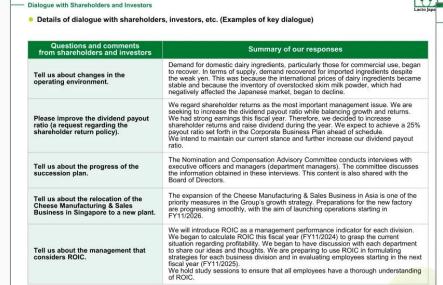
Lacto Japan (3139) (iii)







 In addition to the main themes of investor dialogue, they clearly disclose key examples of dialogue along with perspectives and implementation status. (→Point III.3)



Dialogue with Shareholders and Investors

• We have expanded information disclosure in response to the feedback received during our dialogue with shareholders and investors. We also improved our disclosure format and information dissemination tools.

• We plan to expand English-language disclosure and release sustainability-related KPIs in the future.

	Questions and comments from shareholders and investors	Our responses
Information disclosure in English	English-language information disclosure should be improved. (Request by the Tokyo Stock Exchange)	For timely disclosure items, our basic stance is to disclose information both in Japanese and English at the same time. We also release summaries of financial results (kessan tanshin) in English (from April 2024).
Enhanced shareholder returns	Please raise your dividend payout ratio.	We have been increasing our dividend payments and payout ratio continuously since we went public. For FY17024, we decided to increase dividends during the year in line with our business performance. We expect to achieve a 25% payout ratio set forth in the Corporate Business Plan ahead of schedule.
Sustainability-related issues	You should make more aggressive efforts to expand disclosure of climate change-related information.	We issued Integrated Report Vol. 2 to expand the disclosure of non-financial information (August 2024). We established the Corporate Sustainability Department to strengthen our sustainability initiatives (October 2024).
Financial strategy	You should consider the balance sheet and capital efficiency in managing your business.	We introduced ROIC as a management indicator for each division (from FY11/2024).

Source: Lacto Japan Co., Ltd. FY11/2024 Financial Results Briefing (January 2025) Pages 16-18

https://www.lactojapan.com/en/ir/library/earnings/main/07/teaserItems1/01116/linkList/04/link/HP FY11%202024%20Financial%20Results%20Briefing E.pdf

Published May 2024



Inderstanding of the current situation concerning the

Company's business results and market evaluation

Voice of Investors

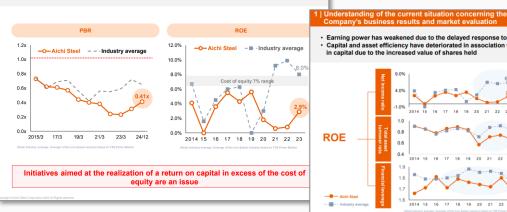
AICHI STEEL

Given the current situation where the PBR remains below 1x even after the mid-term plan formulation, the company has added a long-term goal to achieve ROE exceeding the cost of capital during the mid-term plan period and refined each initiative. With the longterm vision now clarified, the plan offers promising prospects for future growth and improved capital efficiency.

Published Feb. 2025

AICHI STEEL

Carefully analyzed the situation one year after the mid-term plan formulation. Identified challenges for improving ROE and PBR, and recognized the need to reassess target setting and initiatives. (→Point I.2 & Point II.1)



Because ROE is below the cost of equity, the PBR remains below 1x

Earning power has weakened due to the delayed response to market changes Factors of · Capital and asset efficiency have deteriorated in association with the increase the low ROE in capital due to the increased value of shares held While the break-even point worsened due to aging facilities, etc., we were due to market changes development in growing markets ROE Increase in assets due to Financial strategy that We will reflect on the ongoing low ROE situation and review management strategy

Understanding of the current situation concerning the **AICHI STEEL** Company's business results and market evaluation What to change and strengthen for the improvement of ROE To now From now on Strengthening and reduction including Strengthening of competitiveness **DX** and logistics Strengthen sales expansion outside Sales within mainly TOYOTA Gre the Group Expansion of products that respond to \checkmark social issues Aging facilities/Complex layout contribute to CN Expansion into global south by Hagan \checkmark Kitaeru (Forging) (Specialty Steel) and Kitaeru (Forging) Promotion of the sale of financia \checkmark shareholdings \checkmark

Source: (Top) Aichi Steel Corporation, Mid-Term Management Plan for Fiscal Years 2024-2026 (May 30, 2024), Page 20 https://www.aichi-steel.co.jp/ assets/dl/about/pdf/202406 MGPLAN.pdf

(Bottom) Aichi Steel Corporation: Mid-Term Management Plan Update for FY2024-2026 (February 26, 2025) Pages 3, 4, 5 https://contents.xi-storage.jp/xcontents/AS00059/ae915882/ff1b/4909/9166/e991b17c1326/20250314112502138s.pdf

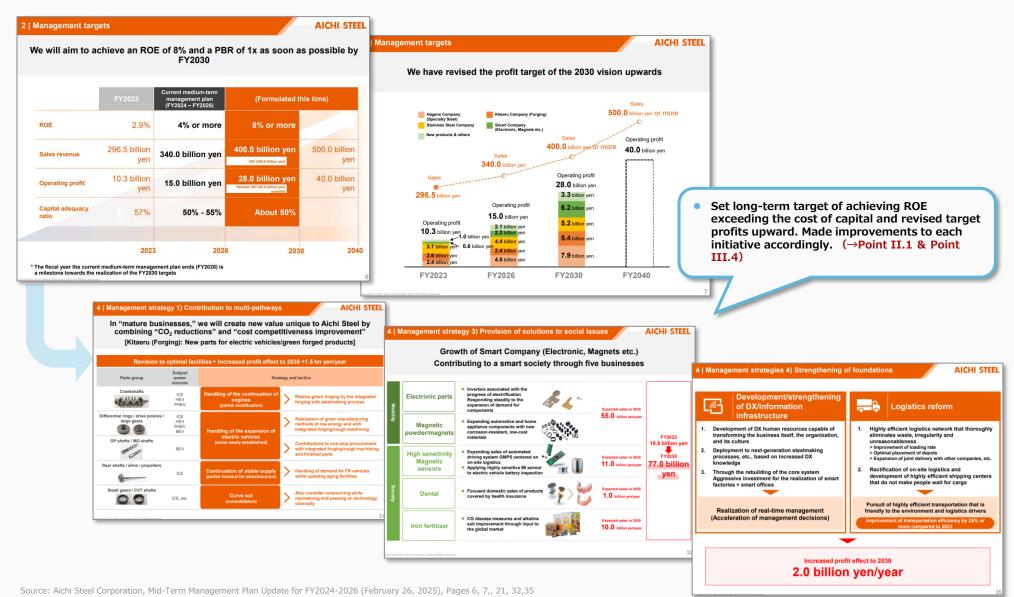
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Aichi Steel (5482) (ii)

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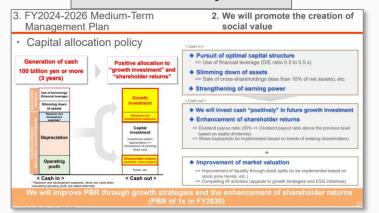
Aichi Steel (5482) (iii)

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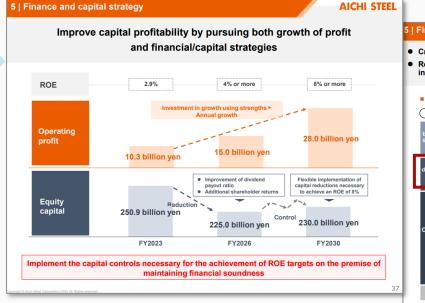


Published May 2024



 Alongside business and growth strategies, the company has refined their financial and capital strategies. They have announced a policy to reduce equity capital while improving operating profit, and have specifically disclosed plans to allocate generated cash toward growth investments and shareholder returns. (→Point II.2 & Point III.4)

Published Feb. 2025



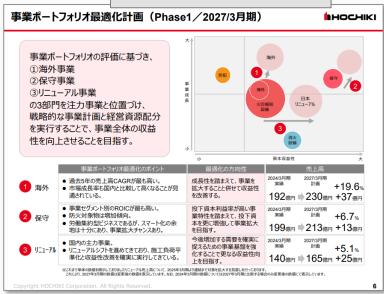
5 | Finance and capital strategy 2) Cash allocation **AICHI STEEL** Create funds by improving operating CF, reducing assets and using interest-bearing debt . Realize business growth and the improvement of capital efficiency through balanced allocation to investments for growth and shareholder returns Cash allocation (FY2024 - FY2030) CASH OUT CASH IN Accelerate growth investments that lead to Pursuit of optimal capital future growth Financial leverage: about 1.9x
 Capital adequacy ratio: about 50%
 FY2030 target Sales of financial assets Maintain business foundations by investing within depreciation Acceleration of Normal dividends: about 30.0 billion yen investment for growth Operating CF 210.0 billion (estimate) Rebuilding of "earning ■ FY2024 - FY2026: power" in existing Further shareholder returns of about 40.0 business billion yen ■ FY2027 - FY2030: Flexible implementation of capital reductions for achievement of an ROE of 8% 39

Source: (Top) Aichi Steel Corporation, Mid-Term Management Plan for FY2024-2026 (May 30, 2024), Page 21 https://www.aichi-steel.co.jp/ assets/dl/about/pdf/202406 MGPLAN.pdf

(Bottom) Aichi Steel Corporation, Mid-Term Management Plan Update for FY2024-26 (February 26, 2025), Pages 37, 39 (Red boxes added by TSE) https://contents.xi-storage.ip/xcontents/AS00059/ae915882/ff1b/4909/9166/e991b17c1326/20250314112502138s.pdf



Published May 2024



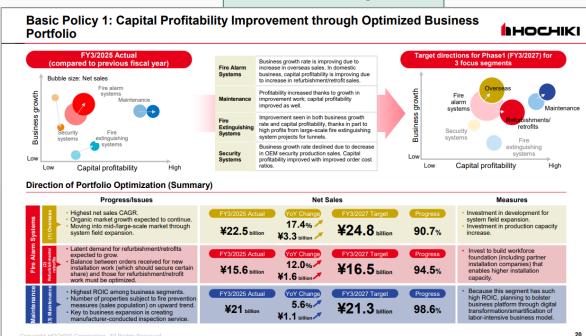
Note: The disclosure documents shown in this slide are available in Japanese only.

 To enhance capital profitability, they are advancing the optimization of their business portfolio. They provide a detailed explanation of the progress and challenges, and based on that, present the direction of future measures.
 (→Point II.2 & Point III.4)

Voice of Investors

To enhance capital profitability, the company is advancing the optimization of their business portfolio. Even after disclosing their policy, they carefully explain its progress and challenges, while also presenting the direction of future measures based on this understanding. Furthermore, by breaking down the business portfolio strategy and explaining goals and initiatives segment by segment, the content makes it easier to gain confidence in the execution capability and effectiveness of their efforts.

Published May 2025



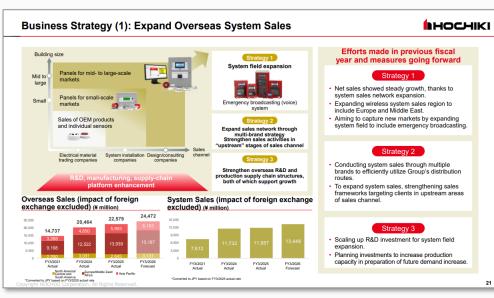
Source: Hochiki Corporation (Top Left) Regarding Measures to Realize Management Focused on Cost of Capital and Stock Prices (May 29, 2024) Page 6 https://www2.jpx.co.jp/disc/67450/140120240527508882.pdf
(Bottom right) Financial Summary for the Fiscal Year (May 20, 2025) Page 20 https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/6745/ir material for fiscal Ym7/181674/00.pdf

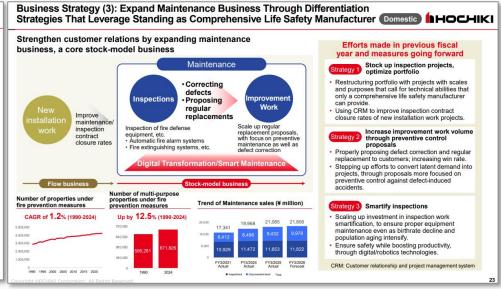
Hochiki (6745) (ii)

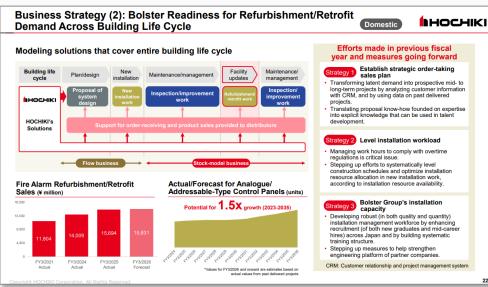
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 Breaks down the business portfolio strategy and provide specific explanations of segment-specific goals and future measures to achieve them

(→Point II.2)

Source: Hochiki Corporation Financial Summary for the Fiscal Year (May 20, 2025), Pages 21-23 https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/6745/ir material for fiscal ym7/181674/00.pdf

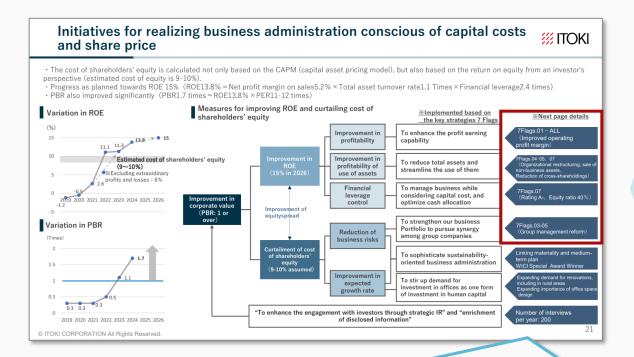




Voice of Investors

Yoice of Investors

The mid-term plan clearly explains how each key strategy contributes to enhancing corporate value, using tools like logic trees. Intellectual property strategy is also examined as part of the management strategy for boosting corporate value, with concrete results disclosed—a point that serves as a reference for other companies.



 Created a logic tree for enhancing corporate value, clarifying the pathways through which each initiative identified as a key strategy contributes to increasing corporate value. (→Point II.5)

Key strategies 7Flags

Along with advancing the structural reform project and addressing problems, we have positioned the 7 Flags as key strategies to respond to environmental changes and enhance sustainable growth. Flags 1, 2, and 3 mainly represent revenue, while Flags 4 and 5 represent costs. Flag 6 represents human capital (reform of HR systems and investment in human capital), the foundation for medium- and long-term growth. Flag 7 represents cash allocation and management that is conscious of capital costs and the stock price. Through these strategies we will strengthen our business portfolio. Note that Flag 2 aims to build a unique business model utilizing data and AI to change the rules of competition in the office industry.



*1 Office 1.0: product-based sales business / Office 2.0: office space-based product solutions business *2 Office 3.0: work style-based office DX business

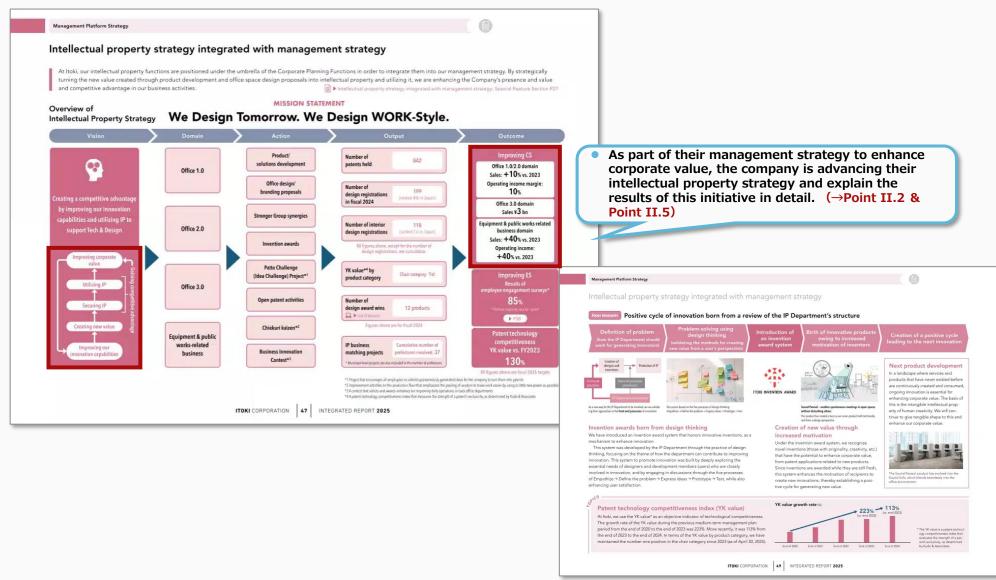
Source: (Left) Itoki Corporation Supplemental Information To Financial Results for FY Ended December 31, 2024 (February 13, 2025) Page 21 (red boxes added by TSE) https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/7972/ir material for fiscal ym15/176709/00.pdf

https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/7972/ir material for fiscal ym16/164445/00.pdf (Right) Itoki Corporation Integrated Report 2024 Page 28 (red box added by TSE)

Itoki (7972) (ii)







Source: Itoki Corporation, Integrated Report 2025, pages 47 and 49 (red boxes added by TSE) https://www.itoki.jp/company/ir/accounts/anual/assets/pdf/accounts_annual_2025_en_00.pdf



 Discloses the progress of key strategies outlined in their mid-term plan in an easy-to-understand manner, along with future initiatives. (→Point III.4)

Progress of priority strategies in the medium-term management plan



		KPIs in 2026	1H of 2025 (results)	2H of 2025 (forecast)
.0	7Flags 01 Office1.0/2.0 domain	Sales, up 10% from 2023 Operating profit margin: 10%	 Sales: up 19% from 1H of 2023 Operating profit margin: 14.1% (10.7% in 1H of 2023) 	To meet the demand for renovation in local areas, too, under the belief that "the investment in offices is effective for human capital-oriented business administration" To develop a business model of getting involved with office creation from the upstream stage
	7Flags 02 Office3.0 domain	Annual sales: 3 billion yen Cumulative investment amount in 3 years: 2.5 billion yen	Data Trekking Number of price estimates 5.5 times (Compared to the first half of 2024) Cumulative investment amount: About 1 billion yen (2024~2025 2Q results)	To raise the recognition level as a solution to office problems through data-based assessment and increase contracts Solution to the shortage of meeting rooms: sales promotion of Reserve Any
1	^{7Flags 03} Domain of specialized facilities	Sales: 30 billion yen Operating profit: 2 billion yen Strengthening of the development system: 50 more staff members	The profit in this domain increased about two times between 1H of 2023 and 1H of 2025. Release of products (such as an automatic medicine picking system) in new markets Strengthening of development structure (total of 30 specialists)	To expand the market share by releasing new products, such as an automatic conveyance system specializing in storage and a containment pulverizer) To promote sales by offering a variety of SAS-R units To establish the maintenance and inspection business as soon as possible Recruitment from Hanoi University of Technology: 1 person in October 2025 and 2 people in January 2026
	^{7Flags 04} Profitability enhancement	Manufacturing and distribution costs: down 5% from 2023 Operating profit per employee: up 50% from 2023 Cumulative investment in IT: 8 billion yen	Ratio of costs to sales: 3.1% (down) compared with 1H of 2023 ERP (SCM system) started operation in Jun. 2025. Investment in IT: approx. 5 billion yen	Streamlining of logistics: Relocation of Kansai Distribution Center, the use of flat packages, and the standardization of pallets Improvement in operating profit per employee: promotion of improvement in productivity by the new ERP
ig J	^{7Flags 05} Synergy among group companies	Operating profit margin of consolidated group companies: up 2% from 2023 Cash outflow from the group: down 3 billion yen	Measures for reducing the cash outflow from the group were conducted actively and steadily. Operating profit margin of group companies: 10.4% in 1H of 2025, up over 2% from 7.0% in 1H of 2023.	To actively reduce costs by linking the functions of group companies and producing products in house To curtail the cash outflow from the group: The cash outflow is expected to be reduced by about 2.5 billion yen (over 80%) by the end of 2025.
39	7Flags 06 Human capital	Employees' engagement: 85% Ratio of female managers: 13%	Ratio of employees' engagement: 82.5%(2024) Ratio of female managers: 13.2%(February 2025)	To continue measures for motivating employees and increase employee engagement to 85% To make continuous efforts to raise the ratio of female managers to 13% which is the initial goal
)	7Flags 07 Financial strategy CORPORATION All Rights	Cash allocation Strategic investment/R&D/capital investment: 40 billion yen Investment in human capital: 10 billion yen We aim to achieve a payout ratio of 40%.	Investment was carried out as planned. Payout ratio: 37.4% (2024) Start of shareholder benefits(2024) Obtain an A- rating(2024)	To discuss diverse fund procurement methods Payout ratio is expected to be 38.6%(2025).

Source: Itoki Corporation Supplemental Information To Financial Results First Six Months of FY Ending December 31, 2025 (August 5, 2025) Page 13 https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/7972/ir material for fiscal ym15/187685/00.pdf

Takara Standard (7981) (i)

TOPIX





Enhancement of IR Activities:

Status of Implementation of Dialogue with Shareholders and Investors

With the aim of achieving sustainable growth and enhancing corporate value, we actively engage in constructive dialogue with our shareholders and investors. We also provide timely feedback within the company on the content and outcomes of such dialogue.

Results of dialogue FYE Mar. 2025

	Implemented by	number of companies and meetings
institutional investor meetings	President, Executive Officer in charge of IR department, IR department head, IR department member	Overseas: 11 companies, 15 times Domestic: 20 companies, 29 times
Briefings for Institutional Investors	President	2 times
Briefings for individual investors	President	2 times
General Meeting of Shareholders	All Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members	1 time

In-house feedback

Primary feedback content

- Board of Directors (6 times)
- · Improving return on capital
- · IR activities · Status of Shareholders
- Management, Relevant Divisions(As necessary) Each relevant theme, including the above

Items incorporated based on dialogue

- · Raising ROE targets with consideration of the cost of equity Implementing dividend increases and purchase of treasury shares to improve capital profitability and enhance shareholder returns
- Holding a new institutional investor briefing for the fiscal year and Q2 results (with the CEO in attendance)
- CEO's participation in a briefing for individual investors
- · Issuing our first integrated report
- · Simultaneous release of English-language materials for the Q3 earnings presentation alongside the Japanese version

Discloses the status of dialogues with shareholders and investors, and updates disclosure content based on opinions obtained through these dialogues. (→Point III.3 & Point III.4)



Voice of Investors

The company goes beyond merely exchanging information with shareholders and investors; they actively feed back the insights gained into the company, incorporating them into their management strategy through goal setting and updates to initiatives. Furthermore, they clearly explain how each initiative contributes to achieving their goals, conveying genuine commitment to seriously engaging with the market and enhancing corporate value.

Background of the New Policy Formulation

Through proactive engagement with investors regarding the medium term management plan 2026, various opinions were received. Based on these, We recognized the need to formulate of a new policy.

Investor's Main Opinion

- The rationale for achieving the performance targets is considered weak
- The minimum acceptable ROE is 8%, with 7% deemed too low

Financial Strategy

KPI

- The current financial strategy may not be sufficient to achieve the ROE target
- . The use of abundant cash should be disclosed

Business Strategy

- The contribution of each measure to earnings is unclear
- · There is insufficient specificity in the growth strategy, making it hard to visualize the long-term corporate value enhancement story

Recognition of Issues

Need to revise ROE targets in line with investor expectation

Need for significant reform of financial strategy to improve ROE

Need to expand information disclosure on profit growth initiatives and growth strategy

Financial Strategy Reform

Formulation of new shareholder return policy

Medium Term Management Plan 2026 **Profit Growth Initiatives**

Medium- to Long-term Growth Strategy

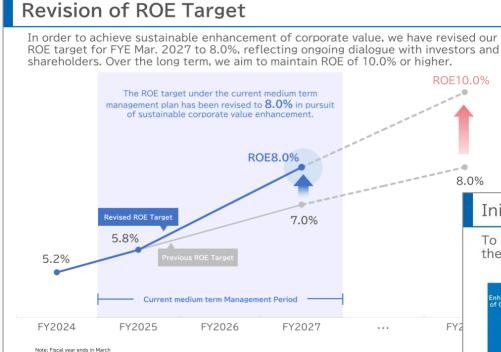
Source: Takara Standard Co., Ltd. New Shareholder Return Policy and Profit Growth Initiatives to Achieve 8% ROE (May 8, 2025) Pages 3 and 22 https://www.takara-standard.co.jp/files/ir/en/Other Disclosures/FY2025/EN Disclosure 20250508-01.pdf

Takara Standard (7981) (ii)

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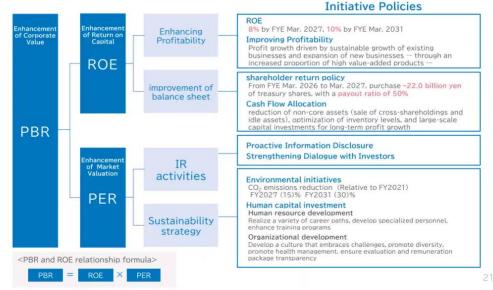


Based on discussions with investors and shareholders, the company revises upward their target setting during their mid-term management plan period. (→Point II. 1)

 The company uses a PBR logic tree to clearly explain how each initiative contributes to enhancing corporate value.
 (→Point II.5)

Initiatives for Improving PBR (PBR Logic Tree)

To improve PBR, we aim to enhance ROE and expand PER by implementing the following initiatives.



Source: Takara Standard Co., Ltd. New Shareholder Return Policy and Profit Growth Initiatives to Achieve 8% ROE (May 8, 2025) Pages 2 and 21 https://www.takara-standard.co.jp/files/ir/en/Other Disclosures/FY2025/EN Disclosure 20250508-01.pdf



 The company has clearly stated its cash allocation policy: while promoting the sale of non-operating assets such as strategically held shares and idle real estate, they will strengthen growth investments and shareholder returns.
 (→Point I.3 & Point II.2)

Cash Allocation FYE Mar. 2026 - Mar. 2027

Utilize cash inflows from operating cash flow and sales of non-operating assets to conduct growth investments and shareholder returns. Cash Inflow Cash Outflow Sale of non-operating As a key investment, a assets such as policydedicated building for HORO held stocks and idle bathroom panel production is Capital investment and ~ 9.0 billion yen real estate planned to be constructed at growth investment Policy-held stocks are planne the Fukuoka factory to be sold continuously *Due to the extension of the construction starting from FYE Mar. 2026 ~ 35.0 billion yen period caused by the impact of hard ground. the investment timing is expected to change compared to the initial plan. Operating cash flow We will promote the improvement of To achieve ROE of 8% for operating profit margin ~53.0 billion yen FYE Mar. 2027, we plan to and reduce working implement shareholder Shareholder Return capital to generate returns totaling 35.0 billion operating cash flow. yen during FYE Mar. 2026 ~ 35.0 billion yen and Mar. 2027 In view of the minimum cash level. we will compress available cash *If new investment opportunities arise, Cash on hand additional borrowing is planned Cash on hand

Source: Takara Standard Co., Ltd. New Shareholder Return Policy and Profit Growth Initiatives to Achieve 8% ROE (May 8, 2025) Page 7 (red box and underlining added by TSE) https://www.takara-standard.co.ip/files/ir/en/Other_Disclosures/FY2025/EN_Disclosure_20250508-01.pdf

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Textiles Apparels



Overview

TIMELESS WORK はんとうにいいものをつくろう。

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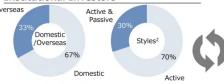
Conducted 91 IR/SR dialogues a year, mainly with CEO as the main speaker. Feedback of the content of dialogue to the Board of Directors and promotion of a cycle that reflects such voices in company-wide policies and strategies.

Status of Dialogue

Total number of IR/SR dialogue¹ **91**

· Decreased slightly due to the absence of a small meeting, down 14 times YoY.

Outline of Shareholders/ Institutional Investors



Major Topics/Interests of Shareholders

- · Details of PY results and progress in TY.
- · Medium-Term Business Plan (MTBP), new growth strategies and capital strategies.
- · Enhancing corporate governance.
- · Strengthen investment in non-financial value and
- human capital
- · Progress of Sustainability initiatives.
- 1. Includes financial results meeting and AGM 2. Excludes securities and industrial corp

Speakers

IR/SR Financial

AGM

Representative Director, CEO & President Senior Executive Managing Officer GM of Corporate Management HQ (Chair of Sustainability Committee) General Manager of IR & PR Strateg

Representative Director, CEO & President results Director, EVP & GM of Operation HO briefing

Audit & Supervisory Board Members

Contents

Feedbacks to Board of Directors Freq. Method

Comments from shareholder /investors	Twice a year	Report to Board of Directors/ explanatory meeting	Summary of dialogue with shareholders after Q2/Q4 announcements of financial results, as well as input for improvement
IR/SR reports	Timely	Report/email to Board of Directors/ explanatory meeting	IR/SR strategies, priority measures, issues and countermeasures, share price/index, etc.

The CEO took the lead in actively engaging in dialogues with investors. Based on the input received through these discussions, the company refined initiatives and disclosures, including formulating new growth strategies and clarifying cash allocation. (→Points III. 1, III. 3, and III. 4)



Voice of Investors

The CEO took the lead in engaging in repeated dialogues with investors and, based on the input received, updated initiatives and disclosures, including the clarification of growth strategies and cash allocation. This stance of making proactive efforts, centered on dialogue with investors, to enhance corporate value helps build trust with investors.

Details of Dialogue and Results

TIMELESS WORK はんとうにいいものをつくろう。 SANVO

The MTBP announced on 14 April 2025 reflected inputs such as new growth strategies, capital strategies, strengthening corporate governance, disclosing non-financial value, and strengthening investment in human capital.

Dialogue Topics

Sustain

ability

opportu-

nity"

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Topics		Input	Status
MEDD	New growth strategies	Request for disclosure of specific details of new growth strategies and uses of cash.	Concrete action reflected in the 14 April 2025.
МТВР	Capital strategies	Request for further strengthening shareholder returns.	DOE 4% of div buyback in PY consideration of
	ng corporate ernance	Reduction of strategic stockholdings.	In January 202 our strategic sl end-Feb 2025, declined to 14.
	ncial value/ n capital	Request for disclosure of how non-financial value supports MTBP and human capital policy.	Clarified non-fi capital policy in introduction of through the ES
	canital non-financial value support		Submitted a co 2024, and acq

initiatives, one of our strengths.

Not merely managing risks,

but taking opportunities to

lead to sustainable growth.

implement initiatives that will

Concrete actions have already been eflected in the MTBP announced on

DOE 4% of dividends and share buyback in PY as a result of consideration of inputs.

In January 2025, we sold a portion of our strategic shareholdings and, by end-Feb 2025, its ratio to net assets leclined to 14.9%.

Clarified non-financial value/human capital policy in MTBP. Announced the ntroduction of a RS granting system through the ESOP.

Submitted a commitment letter in July 2024, and acquired SBT certification for our FY2030 GHG emission reduction targets in March 2025.

Launched a reuse business in March 2024. Clothing collection at 750 POS and sale at 3 POS as of today.







Source: SANYO SHOKAI LTD., Status of Dialogue with Shareholders (From 1 June 2024 to 31 May 2025) (July 25, 2025), Pages 1, 3 https://www.sanvo-shokai.co.ip/en/assets/pdf/shareholder_dialogue_20250725.pdf

SANYO SHOKAI LTD. (8011) (ii)

Shareholder

returns

Employee

returns

FY2028

cash and

deposits

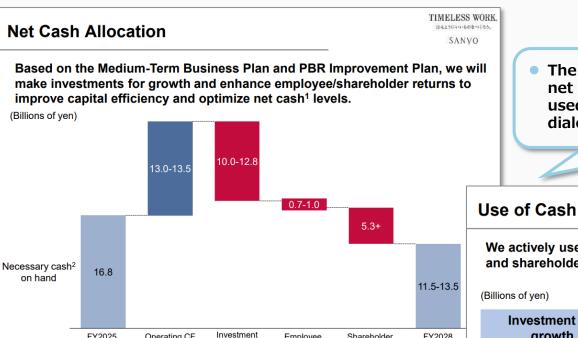
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TIMELESS WORK

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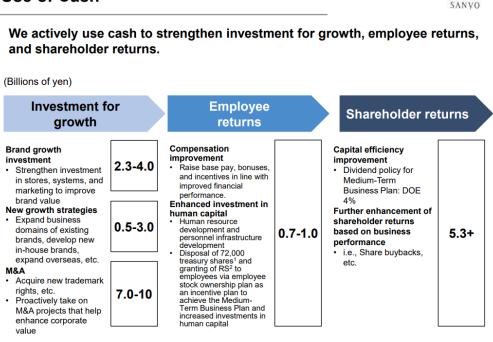


for

growth

1. Net cash, excluding long-term and short-term borrowings, etc. 2. Appropriately set considering the business/investment environment and need for liquidity on hand.

The company disclosed in detail its policy on net cash allocation and how the cash will be used, based on input received through dialogues with investors. (→Points II. 2 and III. 4)



1. Tentative figures at this time. Official number of shares to be determined. 2. Restricted stock

Source: SANYO SHOKAI LTD., Medium-Term Business Plan to Fiscal 2028 (April 14, 2025), Pages 24, 25 https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/8011/tdnet/2593159/00.pdf

FY2025

cash and

deposits

Operating CF

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TIMELESS WORK. **Non-Financial Values Supporting the** はんとうにいいものをつくろう。 **Achievement of the Medium-Term Business Plan** SANVO Identification of Strengthening Investment in **Ideal State** Outcome Issues **Human Capital** Achievement of Achievement of Identification of the Medium-Term long-term goals personnel issues **Human resource Business Plan** Strive to be a top performer with Secure human resources a dominant presence and by strengthening to manage the brand development competitive edge in the upper human capital Enhance creation middle market to support the brand capabilities Execute new growth strategies strategy/new growth to expand business scale and Train technical/sales strategies professionals and transfe Net sales: ¥100bn know-how Maximize brand value of each brand; expand business domains and market for · Secure and train back-Improve overall strength by office professionals "maximizing individual capabilities" existing brands Accumulate language Improve brand business and "fully leveraging individual capabilities skills and knowledge of execution capabilities through Mission overseas business and creating synergies through the professional development We create social value by Develop future Secure competitive advantage integration of diverse knowledge providing fashion and appare in technology, products, and management candidates that enrich the lifestyles of customers everywhere. and experiences." sales services by Secure IT skilled accumulating and passing on personnel and eliminate know-how Vision interdepartmental and · Build a sustainable We aim to become an generational disparities management structure excellent company that can Optimize company-wide Improve labor productivity by contribute to the realization of personnel allocation with raising the level of IT/DX skills and allocating the right a sustainable society with the Personnel infrastructure an eye on the future ability to create high values personnel to the right and solid profitability. Establish a learning development environment/training **Values** Create new ideas and innovations by integrating human resources with diverse Social trust infrastructure Corporate governance, sustainability

As part of efforts to strengthen investment in human capital, the company granted RS (restricted stock) to employees through the employee stock ownership plan. (→Point II. 4)

Based on the input obtained through dialogue with investors, the company provided a detailed explanation of how non-financial value (human capital) contributes to achieving its long-term targets. It also described concrete initiatives to strengthen investment in human capital. (→Points II. 2, II. 5, and III. 4)

Strengthening Investment in Human Capital

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In human resource development, various initiatives are employed to draw out individual capabilities and maximize their potential. In personnel infrastructure development, individuals' capabilities are fully leveraged and integration of diverse knowledge and experiences is promoted.

Human resource development



Develop brand business professionals

- We place new graduates in general positions in their 20's and 30's to gain experience in a wide range of jobs / brands.
- FY2027 target: 100% of employees turning 30 who joined as new graduate career-track hires will have experience in at least two job types1 in two or more brands

Develop back-office professionals

- · Support acquisition of qualifications necessary for work. reassign young career-track employees, and provide
- FY2027 target: At least 5 back-office assignments for new graduate career-track hires under 35

Secure human resources for new business development

Hire and train personnel who are familiar with our business and can develop new business areas and markets in Japan and overseas

Personnel infrastructure development



Optimize the HR portfolio through constant review and necessary revision of the HR system

Improve employee engagement

- · We aim to be a strong organization that employees are proud to work for, want to contribute to and develop
- FY2027 target: Engagement score 55.0 (+3.1 pts. vs. FY2024)

Diversity & inclusion

- · We foster an environment in which employees with diverse experiences and values respect one another and work together regardless of time or location.
- FY2026 targets: Ratio of women in managerial positions: 20%; Gender wage gap: 72%²

Optimization of personnel composition and personnel allocation

FY2027 target: 20 hires³ in their 20's and 30's

Announced today that we will dispose of treasury stock and grant RS⁴ to employees through an employee stock ownership plan as part of enhanced investment in human capital

- 1. Three job types for those 40 and over.
- 2. The assumption is that there is no gender wage gap for the same job/position. The gap here is due to the low ratio of women in managerial positions
- 3. Total of new graduate and mid-career hires

Restricted stock

29

Source: SANYO SHOKAI LTD., Medium-Term Business Plan to Fiscal 2028 (April 14, 2025), Pages 28, 29 (Red underline added by TSE) https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/8011/tdnet/2593159/00.pdf

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RYODEN (8084) (i)

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Review of ICHIGAN 2024 **ICHIGAN 2024** ICHIGAN2024 Targets and Results

							- 10 Tolling 5 10	
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Target	Achievement Rate
Net sales (millions of yen)	230,087	196,841	229,126	260,303	259,008	215,790	260,000	83%
Operating profit (millions of yen)	5,559	3,415	7,062	9,380	8,326	5,483	10,000	55%
Operating profit margin(%)	2.4	1.7	3.1	3.6	3.2	2.5	3.8	67%
Net sales in new businesses (millions of yen) [X-Tech] (Mainstay core businesses*]	9,290 (9,290) (—)	7,605 (7,605) (—)	6,999 (6,999) (—)	5,709 (5,709) (-)	11,138 (6,106) (5,032)	17,876 (8,687) (9,188)	22,000	81%
Gross profit margin in new businesses(%)	17.7	18.4	16.1	14.7	14.0	14.0	18.0	78%
ROE(%)	5.8	3.4	6.9	7.0	6.9	5.3	8.0	66%

*This line is for new husinesses for which activities were started in April 2020 or later in the mainstay core husine

POINTS

. We fell short of the key management targets due to factors such as the termination of contracts with a major supplier in the Electronics business . We aimed to establish business models for growth businesses and create new, next-generation businesses, but struggled to achieve scale

. We succeeded in enhancing productivity in our mainstay core businesses, improving profitability

We made some progress in strengthening the foundation for business promotion, but were not able to e systems as quickly as planned



Voice of investors

In light of the failure to achieve key targets in the previous midterm plan, the Board of Directors took the lead in clarifying challenges such as business portfolio strategy. The new mid-term plan concretely outlines business portfolio transformation centered on aggressive investment in growth businesses, meticulously detailing the future vision and segment-specific strategies. The high transparency of the management decision-making process strongly conveys strategic consistency and execution capability.

Management Control by the Board of Directors

Recognition of Issues by the Board of Directors

Discussions at Board Meetings

In FY2024, RYODEN's Board of Directors reviewed the previous medium-term management plan and held multiple discussions on mediumto long-term management strategies, including the business portfolio, to formulate the new medium- to long-term management plan.

meetings, we have set an annual agenda of items for deliberationimportant themes to be discussed—and have begun creating a mechanism to facilitate fruitful discussions with the executive management team

We also conducted an anonymous questionnaire survey of the memb of the Board of Directors to identify the skills that Board members should have in order to achieve the medium- to long-term management plan. The survey identified the issues and achievements of the previous medium-term management plan, as well as the steps needed for the supervisory and executive teams to achieve the plan.

achieve the medium- to long-term management plan, the Board will continue to work on advancing corporate governance practices to suppor

Outline of the Survey

Implementation: December 2024 Respondents: All Directors

Method: Questions sent by email (anonymous responses) Questions: The following five themes

- Factors behind the failure to achieve KPI targets in the current medium-term
- Achievements and positive points of the current medium-term management plan Matters and issues to resolve in order to achieve the vision and targets set out in the next medium-term management plan
- Skills (knowledge, experience, ability) necessary to achieve the next medium-term
- 6 Other matters (improvements after the transition to a company with an Audit and Supervisory Committee, etc.)

Review of the Previous Medium-term Management Plan

1 Issues

- Amid dramatic changes in the business environment (including the COVID-19 pandemic and the semiconductor bubble), the supervisory team could have more strongly urged revisions to the plan to ensure effectiveness
- The executive team was unable to provide the Board of Directors with specific details of the initiatives and issues under the medium-term management plan, possibly leading to a lack of the information needed for accurate judgment

2 Achievements

- Made employees aware of the necessity and importance of innovation and change
- Many new success stories were created by moving away from simply selling products and toward selling solutions. Moving forward, we will need to have a mechanism for the horizontal development of such success stories, or to use them as scalable models

Factors needed to achieve the medium- to long-term management plan

1 Supervisory team

- Monitoring right from the start
- Promote business portfolio strategies, accelerate discussions on selection and concentration, and encourage the executive team to make focused business investments in key areas
- Management aligned with the perspective of investors and shareholders

2 Executive team

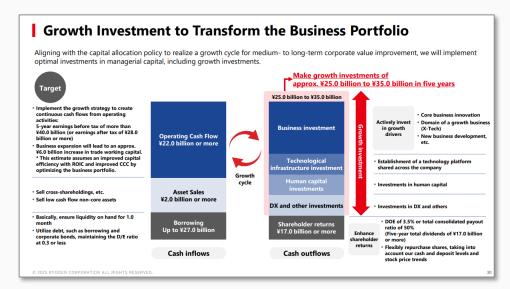
- Restructure the business portfolio (accelerate profitable) businesses, review unprofitable businesses)
- Flexibly review plans and measures
- Human capital development, development of the next generation of management executives, etc.

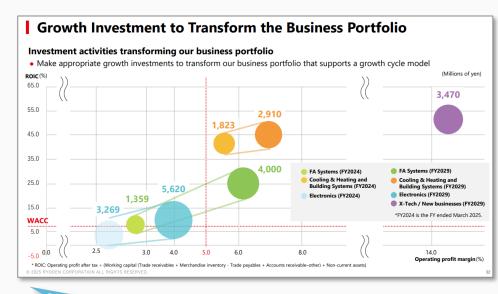
The Board of Directors conducted discussions to formulate the new midterm plan based on a review of the previous mid-term plan period, while also implementing a questionnaire for directors. It identified challenges such as accelerating the business portfolio strategy and disclosed its recognition of these challenges. (→Point II.2 & Point III.4)

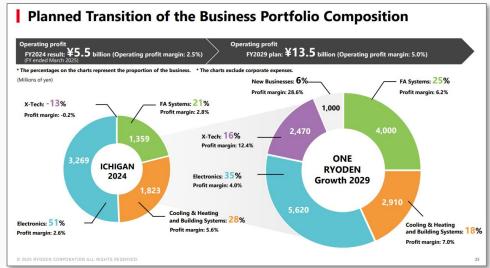
RYODEN (8084) (ii)











 The new mid-term management plan explicitly states the policy of transforming the business portfolio through proactive investment in growth businesses. It also discloses specific details regarding the medium-to longterm vision for each business and the future structure of the business portfolio. (→Point II.2)

Source: RYODEN Corporation, Fiscal Year Ending March 2025 Financial Results and New Mid-Term Management Plan Briefing (May 19, 2025), Pages 25, 27, 28 https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/8084/ir material for fiscal ym6/180492/00.pdf



 Breaks down the business portfolio strategy and disclose specific goals and strategies for each segment. (→Point II.2 & Point II.5)

Segment-specific Strategy—FA Systems

Existing business

Innovation strategy

Innovation strategy

existing businesse

Explore new domains

Exploit and expand

existing business

Exploit and expand

- Maintain the business scale in Japan and other regions based on the solid position as a Mitsubishi FA
 agent, and enhance earning capacity by redesigning and optimizing our operational framework and by
 streamlining the supply chain
- Reinforce partner products and improve system engineering capabilities to accelerate the deployment of high-value-added businesses
 Make strategic investments for expanding business domains and user bases domestically and overseas.
 - Develop advanced technology and innovate on business models through effective use of data analysis to provide new value
- Target

 Net Sales
 Exploitation and
 Exploitation and
 Exploitation and
 Exploration of eventing
 businesses

 For inew domains

 65.0

 48.2

 48.2

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Segment-specific Strategy—Cooling & Heating and Building Systems

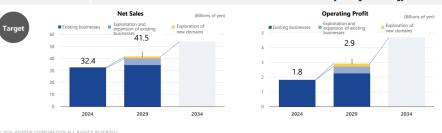
Cooling & Heating: Strengthen sales capabilities with the shift to smart systems, increase the sales of area air conditioners in Japan and overseas, and expand the industrial cooling & heating business.

Building Systems: Based on the Mitsubishi Electric elevator business, increase the sales of elevators,

conveyors, H-ELV, and others to retain and expand the mainstay core business.

Cooling & Heating: Take a multi-faceted approach to acquire end-user customers, diversify our product portfolio to help solve issues in the construction market, and promote the sales of recycled refrigerants.

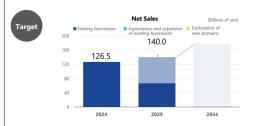
Building Systems: Develop business in the net-zero market beyond the building sector, enabling us to contribute to the realization of a decarbonized society through our energy business.



Segment-specific Strategy—Electronics

. Ittilize the digital information infrastructure and

- Utilize the digital information infrastructure and establish a supply chain that supports an agile operating structure to enhance earning capacity
- Expand the business foundation around in-vehicle mobility products
- Develop new products capturing customer needs for exploring new markets (such as amusement and energy-harvesting IoT markets)
- Research markets globally to launch overseas businesses and expand our business domains
- Discover and offer new high-value-added products, such as for power management and energy saving, to contribute to solving customer and social issues
- Make the transition to a solution-oriented business model and develop diverse business models such as intellectual property licensing



Existing business

Innovation strategy

Exploit and expand



Segment-specific Strategy—X-Tech

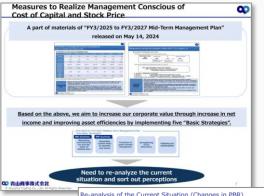
X-Tech / New bus	inesses		Business area		Innovation strategy	(Exploit and expa	and existing businesses	and explore new business)	
Smart agricultur	e	Plant factory-related businesses (including planning, design, sales), factory-grow vegetable production and sales, and businesses related to photosynthetic organism Integrated monitoring and control systems that comprehensively manages factories, buildings, and other facilities to optimize environmental and energy efficiency			Monetize the busine Secure market initial			ild high-yield business models	
Remces					Accelerate the creation of solutions based on Remces Enhance collaboration with alliance partners to expand business around EMS-related markets and manufacturing/building markets				
		ICT-based businesses such as image recognition, sensing,			 Transform our business models to solution oriented ICT business and accelerate the scaling efforts Improve profitability by establishing a proposal-driven business model through the effective use of image data 				
		DX support ser	vices for medical institut	ions	 Address hospital management challenges through proposals of recurring business models a system solutions, combined with vendor-agnostic procurement capabilities and implementas support Enhance our reputation and standing in the industry as a leader in digital transformation 				
			Enhance our service models to expand the data-driven recurring model Build a problem-solving matchmaking model through business model development Accelerate the development of new businesses in the decarbonization field						
			Net Sales	(Billions of	(na)		Operating Profit	(Billions of yen)	
Target	■ E:	kisting businesses	 Exploitation and expansion of existing businesses 	Exploration of new domains	8	■ Existing businesses	 Exploitation and expansion of existing businesses 	Exploration of new domains	
				1	7				
40 30 20			23.5	/	5 4		3.5		
		8.7				-0.013			
	10 —				-1	Existing busine	Existing business	ses	
		2024	2020	2024	-2	2024	2020	2034	

Aoyama Trading (8219) (i)

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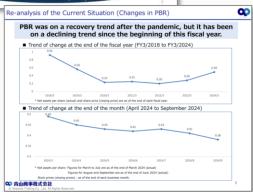






Voice of Investors

Voice of InvestorsEven after announcing the mid-term plan, the company felt a sense of crisis over its PBR remaining below 1x. They reanalyzed their current situation and discussed countermeasures at the board of directors meeting. Initiatives were refined, including formulating additional growth strategies and revising the capital allocation policy. The disclosure of board discussions conveys the management team's strong commitment to genuinely enhancing corporate value.



Summary Recognized P/B of 0.4x as a critical level in the board of directors P / B of 1 x cannot be achieved through only shareholder returns, growth of our business performance is essential. We have determination to advance Business Wear Business's transformation and challenges at an unprecedented speed. Following decisions were made for Mid-Term Management Plan ■ Growth Strategy ■ Shareholder Return Aim to grow through Business Wear Business's · We discussed that a DPS range of 110 yen to 130 yen is transformation. Challenge five basic strategies in the necessary to maintain a dividend yield of 3% to 3.5% at Mid-Term Management Plan. a P/B of 1x. (The current share price corresponds to a dividend yield The progress of the following strategies of Business of about 8%) Need to improve asset and capital Details on the Board of Directors Maintain and improve profitability of existing stores Expanding market share through new store openings

Following the announcement of their medium-term plan, the company reanalyzed their current situation, identified challenges, and formulated additional growth strategies. Concurrently, they disclosed details of the value. (→Point I.2 & Point III.4)

Formulate new growth strategies

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Proceed fundamental organizational

board of directors' discussions regarding measures to enhance corporate

Discussion at the Board of Directors Having strong sense of crisis. We recognize that it would be extremely difficult to achieve a P/B ration of 1x with conventional extension measures. Circumstances of P / B around 0.4x Adopt the higher of the We can't achieve this by only shareholder returns. We have to make growth in payout ratio 70% or DO our performance by growth strategies. How to get valuation of 1x P/B continuously Flexible share repurcha (Maximum of 10 billion challenges at an unprecedented speed In addition to implementing the five basic strategies of the Mid-Term Business Wear Business's transformation Management Plan, a new growth strategy needs to be formulated. We also Taking into account the domestic interest rate level and the industry's expected growth rate Target: P / B of 1x, dividend yield of 3% to 3.5%
Adjustment: A minimum DPS range of 110 to 130 yen is required Target level of shareholder returns (Dividend yield of 8% or more at the current share price) In order to improve capital efficiency, achieve stable dividend increases over the medium to long term, and pursue profit growth, we will adopt the higher of the dividend payout ratio of 70% or DDE of 3.0%. Also we made a policy to repurchase treasury share up to 10 billion yen during the period of the Mid-Changes in shareholder return policy Term Management Plan. Improvement of asset and capital efficiency Set appropriate balance sheet targets to improve asset and capital efficiency Reviewing assets and labilities of Credit Card Business. Determine whether it is possible to increase shareholder returns. After then, Capital allocation review securing cash to maintain growth investment funds. Currently, there are no requests from investors for interviews with outside Communication with investors directors, but if there are requests in the future, we will conduct them as much as possible. Q) 青山商事株式会社

Source: Aoyama Trading Co., Ltd. FY3/2025 Second Quarter (Interim Period) Financial Results Briefing Pages 5, 7, 8, 12 https://contents.xi-storage.jp/xcontents/AS00098/4d0916eb/ec97/4476/9d00/4c546fdf5211/140120241118525915.pdf 0

Aoyama Trading (8219) (ii)

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00 Plan of Appropriate Balance Sheet We aim to optimize our balance sheet and increase corporate value by enhancing asset and capital efficiency Improve asset and capital efficiency by reviewing assets, reducing inventories, optimizing liquidity, and acquiring treasury share. Specifically, the current medium-term plan calls for an increase in total asset turnover from 0.58 times (FY3 / 2024) to 0.7 times (FY3 / 2027). We aim to compress the total assets 335.5 billion yen (FY3/2024) to 300 billion yen (FY3/2027) in addition to improving capital efficiency through purchase of treasury. Turnover of total assets Balance sheet optimization Total assets (100 million yen) FY3/2024 4,000 3,500 FY3/2027 3,000 press 2,500 0.50 2,100 1.835 2,000 1,659 1,614 1,500 Net assets 1,000 180.8 Net billion assets 500 ven FY3/2022 FY3/2023 FY3/2024 QD 青山商事株式会社

 The company outlines their target balance sheet structure while presenting a new capital allocation policy focused on expanding growth investments such as new business development and M&A. (→Point II.2)

The company indicates its ideal balance sheet and has begun work to achieve it through measures such as reviewing held assets, compressing inventory, and optimizing liquidity on hand. (→Point I.3)

Review of Capital Allocation

yen

We will use allowance 7 billion yen for returning profits to shareholders. With stable return profit to shareholders, we will try to increase corporate value.

Still keep 30 billion yen in growth investments in existing businesses will be maintained to maintain and strengthen competitiveness as well as respond to the new lease accounting. For new growth investments, we will conduct new business development, M & A investments, etc., by reviewing its owned assets and utilizing on-hand liquidity, interest-bearing debt, etc. at the same time of repurchasing shares.

Before After (1) Develop and open new Generated cash over Generated cash over Allocation Allocation concept stores three years three years 2 Revitalization of existing businesses Growth Growth After tax After tax (DX investment, Build & Scrap) investment investment operating operating 3 Human capital (Human For existing for existing income income resource strategy and business business 30 billion 30 billion 30 billion organizational reform) 30 billion ven yen Total Total 50 billion 50 billion Dividend yen purchase of treasury share, etc.] yen return Amortizat Review the securing of funds Amortizat Dividend 13 billion ion and promote the following ion return ven expense measures by utilizing liquidity expense 20 billion 20 billion 20 billion on hand. Allowance

7 billion

yen

yen ~ yen New growth Review of owned

investment,

purchase of

treasury

stock, etc.

businesses 2 M & A investment 3 Purchase of treasury share

1 Development of new

(maximum 10 billion ven)

[Investment for growth of

existing business]

[New growth investment,

etc. 10 billion 10 billion yen ~ yen~ 🗪 青山商事株式会社

assets, use of on-

hand liquidity,

interest-bearing debt,

Source: Aoyama Trading Co., Ltd. FY3/2025 Second Quarter (Interim Period) Financial Results Briefing Pages 13, 16 https://contents.xi-storage.jp/xcontents/AS00098/4d0916eb/ec97/4476/9d00/4c546fdf5211/140120241118525915.pdf 16



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