



In January 2003, Japan Securities Clearing Corporation (JSCC) was licensed as the first clearing organization in Japan to conduct the Securities Obligation Assumption Service (current Financial Instruments Obligation Assumption Service) and commenced its operations related to clearings in stock exchanges. The birth of JSCC led to dramatic improvements in the efficiency and convenience of the securities market by consolidating the clearing of securities transactions that used to be performed separately by individual stock exchanges. Since July 2011, we have newly launched a clearing service for CDS(Credit Default Swap) transactions providing clearing functions for OTC derivatives transactions, and we started providing the clearing service for IRS(Interest Rate Swap) transactions in October 2012.

This will allow JSCC to start providing the field of OTC transactions with its clearing functions, in addition to equity-based exchange-traded transactions.

Contents

2 ~ 3	Message from the President and CEO
4 ~ 5	Roles as a Cross-Market Clearing Organization in Japan
6	Extensive Clearing Services
7~12	Steady Strengthening of Risk Management System
13 ~ 15	Strengthening of System Function, Business Statistics
$16 \sim 17$	Clearing Participants
18 ~ 19	Financial Statements
20 ~ 21	Board of Directors & Auditors Company Profile and Organization Chart

Corporate Philosophy

We endeavor to enhance the competitiveness of Japanese financial and capital markets by improving the efficiency, convenience and safety in post-trade processing infrastructure of financial instruments transactions.

Under its corporate philosophy, JSCC is committed to continuing on providing the clearing and settlement infrastructure for financial and capital markets as Japan's core clearing organization and steadfastly fulfill its role as such.

History

October 2012

July 2011

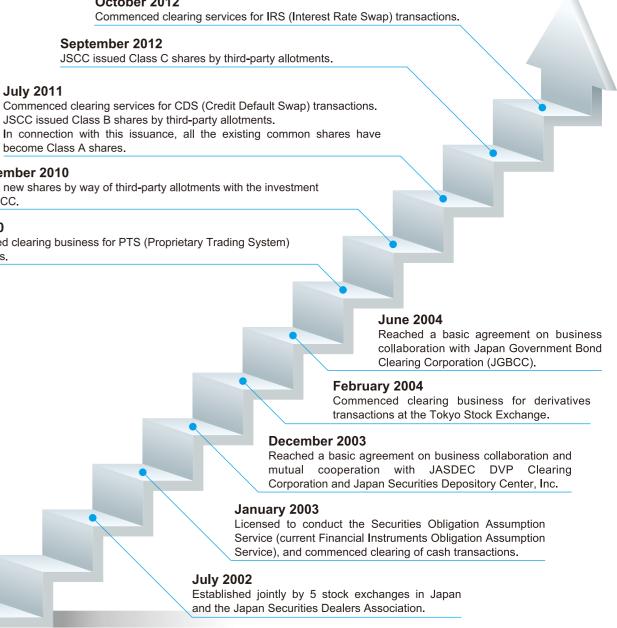
JSCC issued Class B shares by third-party allotments. become Class A shares,

September 2010

Issued new shares by way of third-party allotments with the investment in JGBCC.

July 2010

Commenced clearing business for PTS (Proprietary Trading System) transactions.





Activities and Achievements in Fiscal Year 2011_

JSCC has been working on the following policies in order to seek improvement on efficiency, convenience, and safety of financial instruments transactions as well as contribute to enhancement of international competitive edge of Japanese financial and capital markets.

Greater Expansion of Clearing Services

JSCC commenced clearing services for CDS transactions (Index CDS) executed on the OTC derivatives market in July 2011 as the first clearing house in Japan.

Also, aiming to start providing clearing services for IRS transactions from October 2012, we have promoted discussions on framework and systems with market players, and had advanced preparations, such as compiling the framework outlines in March 2012.

Furthermore, we took measures aiming at the reinforcement of cooperation with Japan Government Bond Clearing Corporation, such as jointly reviewed the countermeasures to the market consultation proposal of "Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures".

Resilient Risk Management System

JSCC has taken more concrete measures, such as development of necessary systems and continued investigation of the trigger criteria, toward introduction of the intra-day collateral call system.

In addition, aiming at further development of the risk management framework, we have submitted comments on the market consultation proposal for "Principles for Financial Market Infrastructure" published by CPSS/IOSCO and verified the adequacy of the stress test and collateral model based on the current "Recommendations for Central Counterparties" by CPSS/IOSCO.

Competent System Infrastructures

Upon the launch of the clearing business for Index CDS transactions in July 2011, JSCC has achieved the stable operation of the system.

Also, toward the launch of the clearing business for the IRS transactions in October 2012, we have summarized the system requirements, and have promoted system development, etc, to achieve the stable operation.

In addition, based on the opinions of the market participants, we have built a consensus about the system requirements having in mind the enhancement of functionality and improvement in safety for the next version of the clearing system which is scheduled to be in operation at the beginning of 2014.

Future Outlook and Issues

In order to ensure the business foundation to beat the global competition as the clearing house representing Japan, JSCC will address specific business plans under the following four corporate policies.

Extensive Clearing Services

While the scope of the mandatory use of the clearing house for OTC derivatives is expected to expand gradually, JSCC shall adopt "Extensive Clearing Services" as the first pillar of our corporate policy that will provide the clearing function for a wide variety of products and widely contribute to the improvement on convenience, efficiency and safety in the market as the leading clearing house in Japan. Specifically, we will make efforts to take measures based on the regulatory movement related to OTC derivatives, such as the launch of the IRS clearing business in October 2012, and subsequent expansion of the subject products for clearing and the range of the participants, etc, for IRS transactions and CDS transactions.

Moreover, we will promote reinforcement of cooperation with Japan Government Bond Clearing Corporation to respond to FMI Principles, etc.

Steady Strengthening of Risk Management System

Amid escalation of level of requirements for the risk management system of clearing houses, such as the establishment of the FMI Principles, having the steady risk management system is regarded as the minimum requirement for the competition with the foreign clearing houses. As such, "Steady Strengthening of Risk Management System" shall be adopted as the second pillar of our corporate policy to constantly work on the reinforcement of the risk management.

To be more specific, we will introduce intra-day collateral call system related to cash transactions, take measures to observe the FMI Principles, plan the advanced risk management method to address Wrong-Way risk, etc, and re-confirm the handling of BCP in relation to the systems failure.

Strengthening of the System Function

To materialize "Extensive Clearing Services" and "Steady Strengthening of Risk Management System," given that JSCC needs to surely continue with the stable operation as well as to reinforce the function in the systems that process operations, we will adopt "Strengthening of the System Function" as the third pillar of our corporate policy, aiming for the reinforcement of the function for system flexibility, efficiency, and safety. Specifically, we will steadily proceed with preparations for the operation of next version of the clearing system and the expansion of the products of OTC derivatives.

Assured Implementation of the Responses to the Merger of TSE and OSE

In order to steadily promote the integration of clearing functions associated with the business combination with OSE, it is necessary to steadily proceed with the development of structure, system and organization. Therefore, "Assured Implementation of the Responses to the Merger of TSE and OSE" will be adopted as the fourth pillar of our corporate policy.

Specifically, JSCC will proceed with measures for the integration of the clearing function for derivatives as well as the system enhancement in line with the business combination with OSE.

Concluding Remarks

JSCC will do our best to help the further development of financial capital market, through the series of deliberations towards further expansion of clearing services including the clearing business for IRS transactions in addition to the exchange-traded-products and CDS transactions. I respectfully request your continued, further understanding and support for our endeavors.



Roles as a Cross-Market Clearing Organization in Japan

Roles of JSCC in the Financial and Capital Market in Japan

As a unified clearing organization in Japan, Japan Securities Clearing Corporation (JSCC) provides services relating to the assumption of obligations in connection with all cash transactions executed at any of the stock exchanges and two PTSs (Proprietary Trading System) in Japan, as well as futures and options transactions executed at Tokyo Stock Exchange Inc. In addition, we provide clearing services for CDS transactions and IRS transactions executed on the OTC derivatives market.



Services Offering to the Securities Infrastructure



JSCC is entrusted by Japan Government Bond Clearing Corporation and JASDEC DVP Clearing Corporation with various procedures relating to the monitoring of financial conditions of clearing participants (such as submission of required documents). JSCC thus serves as an integrated liaison channel for these clearing organizations. As the result, clearing participants of each clearing organizations can complete filing with and reporting to all clearing organizations by submitting various documents to JSCC. JSCC is entrusted with management operations relating to participant bonds that participants deposit with Tokyo Stock Exchange. As the result, JSCC serves as an integrated point for participants to deposit various types of collaterals, including clearing funds.

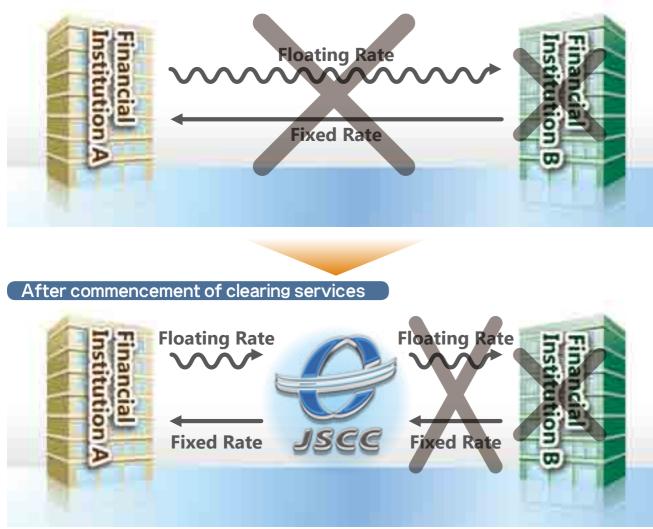
Extensive Clearing Services

Providing Clearing Services for OTC Derivatives

JSCC has commenced clearing services for CDS transactions (Index CDS) since July 19, 2011 as the clearing business related to OTC derivatives for the first time in Japan. Furthermore, we have started handling clearing services for IRS transactions since October 2012.

By provision of clearing services, JSCC will become the counterparty to all settlements. Therefore, market participants are assured of safe transactions as JSCC guarantees performance of settlements in respect of the OTC derivatives executed over-the-counter, even in the case of a counterparty's default.

Before commencement of clearing services



Steady Strengthening of Risk Management System

Basic Framework of Risk Management

As JSCC assumes the credit risks and settlement risks of clearing participants in a concentrated manner, it needs to recognize and manage these risks appropriately. Therefore, JSCC has established a set of financial standards for all clearing participants from the perspective of managing their credit risks. JSCC constantly monitors the financial standing of clearing participants to ensure the appropriateness of their positions. Since JSCC becomes the counterparty to transactions involving clearing participants for which JSCC has assumed the obligations, JSCC is required to complete the settlement of the transactions with the other participants, even in the event of the default of a clearing participant. Therefore, JSCC has a settlement guarantee system which is built based on the principle that, posted collaterals are to be applied to compensate for losses and thereby the defaulting party is primarily responsible for any losses while a multi-tiered compensation scheme is in place.

1. Risk Management System for Exchange-traded Clearing

Clearing Participant Qualifications

JSCC has defined the qualifications to become a participant (requirements for entry and maintenance) for exchange-traded clearing, and regularly monitors the management structure, ability to conduct business, and financial standing of clearing participants. If the clearing participant falls under the significant circumstances which JSCC deems it necessary, JSCC may suspend the assumption of its obligations and revoke its qualification as a clearing participant.

There are four categories of clearing qualifications for the clearing qualification regarding exchange-traded transactions: Cash Products, JGB Futures & Options on JGB Futures, Index Futures & Options and Securities Options. Within each of these categories are two classes: Principal Clearing Qualification and Agency Clearing Qualification. Agency Clearing Qualification enables clearing for the transactions of other participants, as well as a clearing participant's own transactions.

Financial Instruments	Principal	Agency	Registered Financial	Principal	Agency
Business Operator	i intoipui	rigeney	Institution	1 molpar	rigonoy
Capital	¥300 million	¥300 million	Capital	¥300 million	¥300 millio
Net Assets	¥2 billion	¥20 billion	Shareholders' Equity	¥2 billion	¥20 billion
Capital to Risk Ratio	over 200%	over 200%	Capital Adequacy International stand	ard over 8%	over 8%
Capital to RISK Ratio	over 200%	0vei 200%	Ratio Domestic standa	rd over 4%	over 4%
			Solvency Margin Ratio	over 400%	over 400%

Collateral System

Cash Transactio	ons
Clearing Fund	 To be deposited to cover the risk exposure of th level for the past 120 days based on each participeration. The required amount is calculated daily.
Collateral for Facilitating Settlement	•At DVP settlement for cash trading, this will be related securities at an early stage.
Futures and Opt Collateral Type	tions Transaction
Clearing Margin	 To be deposited to cover the risk exposure of covers 99% confidence level for the past 24 weel The required amount is calculated daily via SPAN * The SPAN ® (Standard Portfolio Analysis of Risk) system Chicago Mercantile Exchange (CME) in 1988.
Clearing Fund	 To be deposited to cover the risk exposure in the by cutoff time of settlement or where the clearing The required amount is calculated monthly.

he price fluctuation for each equity which covers 99% confidence pipant's unsettled position.

deposited by participants at their option in order to receive the

the price fluctuation for each participant's open position which eks (120 days approx).

NR

stem is a methodology that calculates risk-based margin developed by

case where the daily mark-to-market difference has not been paid margin has not been deposited by the determined cutoff time.

Default Management

In the event of a default of a clearing participant related to the exchange-traded transactions, JSCC first suspends the delivery of the settlement of funds and securities to the defaulting participant. JSCC then conducts transactions to offset the unsettled contracts of the defaulting clearing participants while at the same time selling the securities whose delivery was suspended so as to determine the amount of loss resulting from the default.

Clearing participants are thus assured of safe market transactions even in the event of default as JSCC acts as the counterparty to complete the settlement with other clearing participants.

In order to deal with the potential defaults by clearing participants, JSCC maintains the agreement on liquidity supply with fund settlement banks to secure short-term liquidity.

Loss Compensation Scheme

In the event that JSCC incurs losses as a result of a clearing participant's default, the loss is compensated in the following order.



2. Risk Management System for CDS Clearing

Clearing Participants Qualification

JSCC has defined the qualifications to become a participant (requirements for entry and maintenance) for CDS clearing, and regularly monitors the management structure, ability to conduct business, and financial standing of clearing participants. If the clearing participant falls under the significant circumstances which JSCC deems it necessary, JSCC may suspend the assumption of its obligations and revoke its qualification as a clearing participant.

Main Entry Requirements of Clearing Participant Qualification related to CDS transactions						
	Item	Criteria		Item	Criteria	
Net Capital		¥100 billion		Net Capital	¥100 billion	
Financial Instruments	Capital to Risk Ratio	over 200%	Registered Financial Institution	Capital Adequacy Ratio	International: 8% Domestic: 4%	
Business Operator	Capital to RISK Ratio	0001 200 %		Solvency Margin Ratio	over 400%	
oporator	Credit standing (note)	Having a certain level of creditworthiness		Credit standing (note)	Having a certain level of creditworthiness	

Note: Will be judged comprehensively with a rating of a clearing participant as one of the measuring factors.

Collateral Management

transactions, JSCC requests clearing participant to deposit collateral.

Collateral Type	
nitial Margin	 To be deposited to cover the average of top 1% t The required amount is calculated daily. Besides this, there will be following additions depositions depositions depositions depositions and the second secon
Variation Margin	•To be deposited in cash in the amount equal to price fluctuation to cover the risk exposure of the
Clearing Fund	 To be deposited to cover the risk of incurrence of The loss incurred in the case where daily varia cutoff time, and a clearing participant defaults The loss incurred in the case of a default of the initial margin amount deposited by clearing stressed conditions. The required amount is calculated weekly.

For the sake of risk management related to the position held by clearing participant in respect of CDS

that exceeds 99% of the price fluctuation for the past 750 days.

- pending on risks associated with clearing participant's position. rgin of short party in CDS to cover risk exposures in the event of tity (short charge).
- ssue will be added to cover the liquidity risk of each issue (bid/offer

to the issue to which credit event has occurred in order to hedge ne of occurrence of the credit event to the settlement of the credit

to the variance of NPV (Net Present Value) associated with daily e daily price fluctuation.

of following two losses:

- iation margin of each clearing participant is not paid by settlement without having paid initial margin.
- the 2 companies whose losses accruing in excess of the required participants are the largest and the second largest, under the

Default Management

In the event clearing participant in CDS transactions defaults, JSCC will suspend the payment of the settlement amount to the defaulting clearing participant, and at the same time, will promptly hedge the defaulting clearing participant's portfolio based on the advice given by the CDS Default Management Committee (the committee consisted of clearing participants appointed in advance to cooperate the default management related to CDS transactions). Subsequently, the defaulting clearing participant's portfolio will be put up to an auction in which other clearing participants participate.

Settlements with other clearing participants will be performed by JSCC, as a party to receivables and payables.

Loss Compensation Scheme

First Tier

In the event that JSCC incurs losses as a result of a clearing participant's default, the loss is compensated in the following order.

Defaulting clearing participant's collateral

Compensation by JSCC (JPY 2 billion) (*1)

Third Tier Clearing fund of clearing participants other than the defaulting clearing participant (*2) and compensation by JSCC (JPY 2 billion) (*1)

Fourth Tel Special clearing charges collected from clearing participants other than defaulting clearing participant (*3)

FifthTier Compensation by the recipient of variation margin

> (*1) as of the end of March 2012
> (*2) Limited to CDS-related clearing funds
> (*3) Will be capped with the amount of clearing fund for the clearing participant's default that had occurred by the 30th day from the first default (if another default has occurred during that period, 30th day from the relevant default).

3. Risk Management System for IRS Clearing

Clearing Participants Qualification

JSCC has defined the qualifications to become a participant (requirements for entry and maintenance) for IRS clearing, and regularly monitors the management structure, ability to conduct business, and financial standing of clearing participants. If the clearing participant falls under the significant circumstances which JSCC deems it necessary, JSCC may suspend the assumption of its obligations and revoke its qualification as a clearing participant.

Main Entry Requirements of Clearing Participant Qualifications related to IRS transactions						
	Item	Criteria		Item	Criteria	
	Net Capital	¥100 billion		Net Capital	¥100 billion	
Financial Instruments Business	Capital to Risk Ratio	over 200%	Registered Financial Institution	Capital Adequacy Ratio	International: 8% Domestic: 4%	
Operator	Capital to RISK Ratio	0001 200 %		Solvency Margin Ratio	over 400%	
	Credit standing (note) Having a certain level of creditworthiness			Credit standing (Note)	Having a certain level of creditworthiness	

Note: Will be judged comprehensively with a rating of a clearing participant as one of the measuring factors.

Collateral Management

For the sake of risk management related to the position held by clearing participant in respect of IRS transactions, JSCC requests clearing participant to deposit collateral.

Collateral Type	
Initial Margin	 To cover the largest loss for the price fluctuation The required amount is calculated daily.
Variation Margin	•To be deposited to cover the risk exposure of the the NPV variation.
Intra-day Margin	•The amount equivalent to the initial margin an deposited during the current day.
Clearing Fund	 To be deposited to cover the loss incurred, un companies in the loss incurred exceeding the in The required amount is calculated weekly.

on for the past 1250 days.

the price fluctuation which is received or paid by cash equivalent to

nd the variation margin which are calculated during the day to be

under the stress condition, in the case of the default of the top 2 initial margin requirements deposited by the clearing participants.

Strengthening of System Function

Based on the discussions at the Securities Market BCP Council*, JSCC launched the back-up center in October 2008, achieving full duplication of the system. In addition, JSCC established the third office in March 2009 to ensure stable and reliable operations in emergency situations. Also, the entire OTC clearing system was developed in line with the commencement of CDS clearing business in July 2011, and JSCC further upgraded the OTC clearing system in line with the commencement of IRS clearing business in October 2012. JSCC will be continuously continuing efforts to improve the safety and reliability by reviewing the system base and taking appropriate measures as needed.

*The Securities Market BCP Council has been regarded as the top oft the "BCP forum" of the securities market for the purpose of studying BCP in the whole market, and securities-related organizations comprise its membership.

2012 OTC clearing system upgraded

2(1)(1)()

October 2012: Upgraded the OTC clearing system in line with the commencement of IRS clearing business.

Third office constructed

March 2009: A third office was established.

Default Management

In the event clearing participant in IRS transactions defaults, JSCC will suspend the payment of settlement amount to the defaulting clearing participants, and then will promptly hedge the defaulting clearing participant's portfolio based on the advice given by the IRS Default Management Committee (the committee consisted of clearing participants appointed in advance to cooperate the default management related to IRS transactions). Subsequently, the defaulting clearing participant's portfolio will be put up to an auction. Settlements with other clearing participants will be performed by JSCC, as a party to receivable and payable.

Loss Compensation Scheme

First Tier

In the event that JSCC incurs losses as a result of a clearing participant's default, the loss is compensated in the following order.



Compensation by JSCC (JPY 2 billion) (*1)

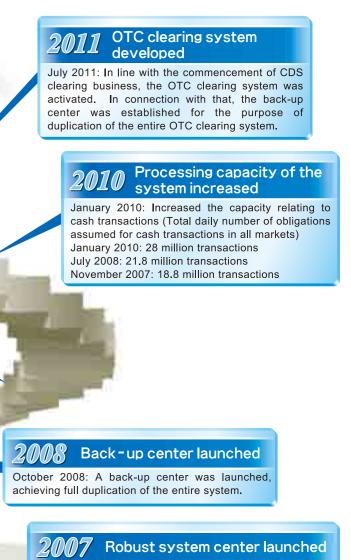
Third Tier Clearing fund of clearing participants other than the defaulting clearing participant (*2) and compensation by JSCC (JPY 2 billion) (*1)

> Fourth 1995 Special clearing charge by non-defaulting clearing participants (*3)

> > FifthTier Compensation by the recipient of variation margin

> > > (*1) as of October 9, 2012
> > > (*2) Limited to IRS-related clearing funds
> > > (*3) Will be capped with the amount of clearing fund for the clearing participant's default that had occurred by the 30th day from the first default (if another default has occurred during that period, 30th day from the relevant default).

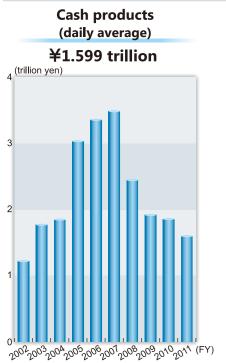
12

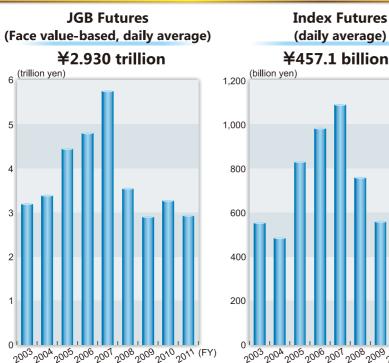


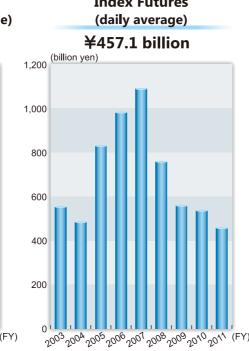
September 2007: A robust system center, fully compliant with the "FISC" (The Center for Financial Industry Information Systems) Security Guideline on Computer Systems for Banking and Related Financial Institutions", was launched.

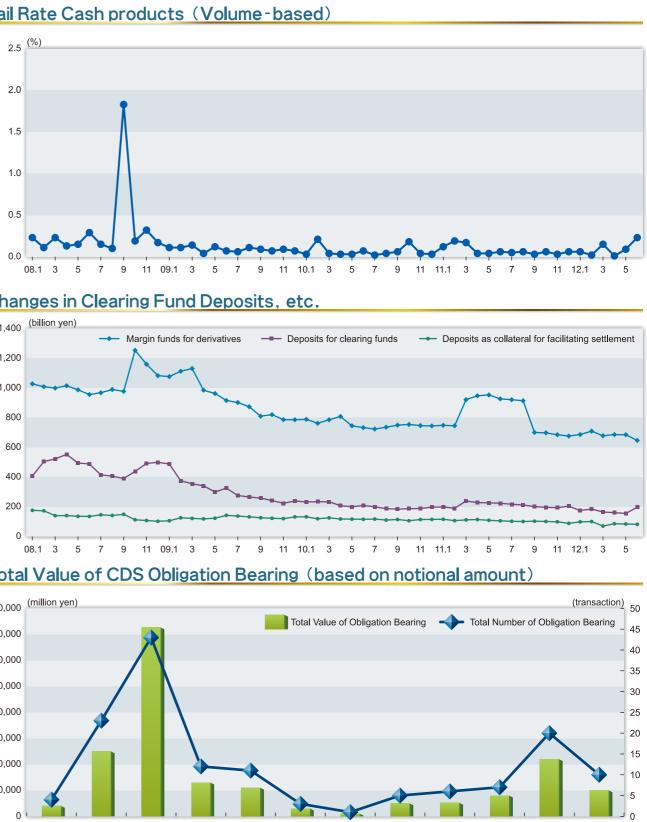
Business Data and Statistics

Obligation Assumption Values (FY2011)

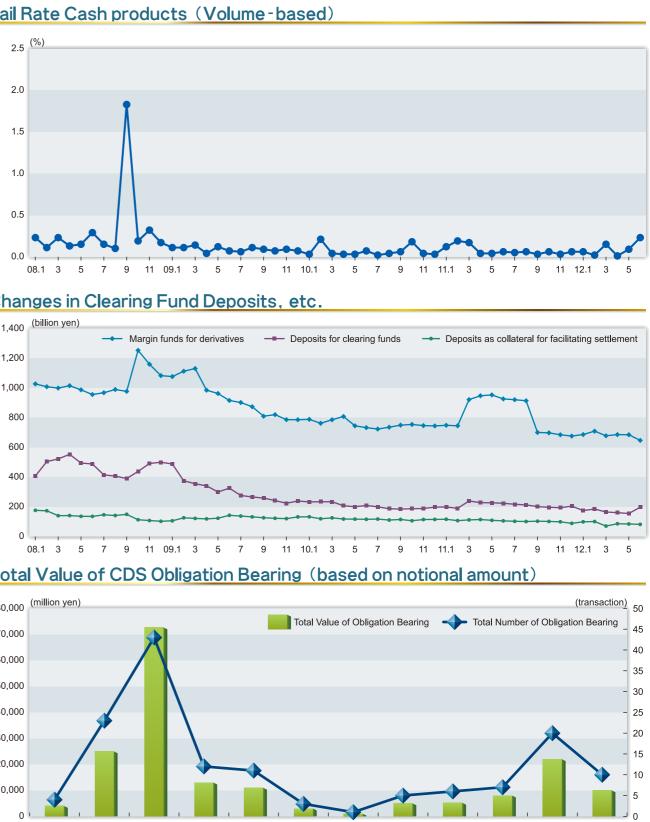


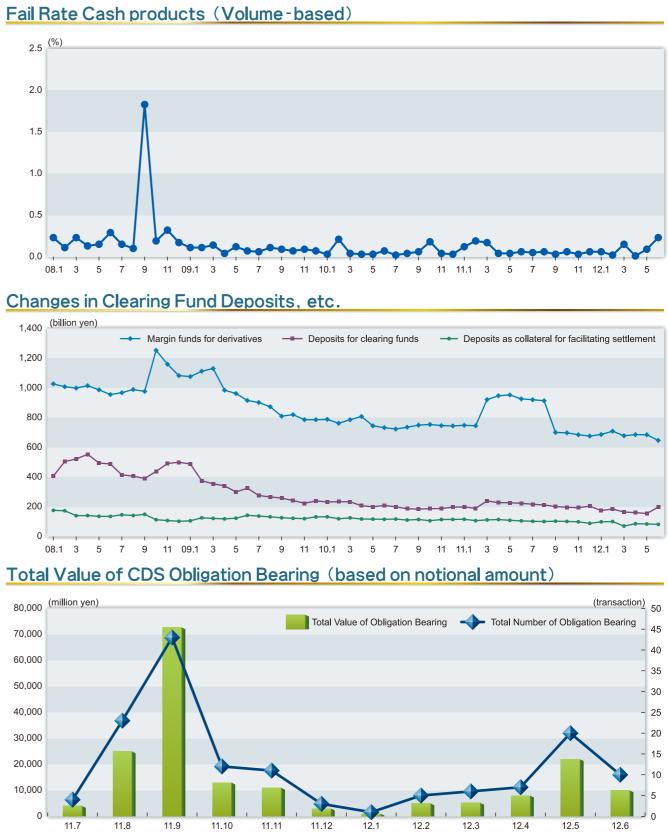




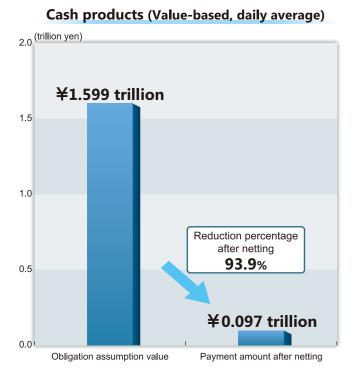


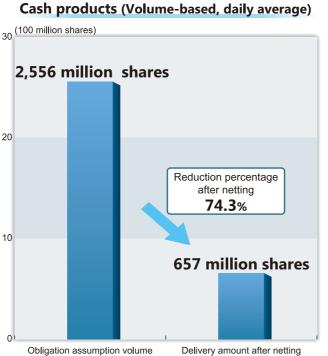
Changes in Clearing Fund Deposits, etc.





Netting (FY2011)







15

Clearing Participants (As of September 30th, 2012)

Clearing Participants in relation to Listed Products (134 companies)

	а	b	с	d
3N AMRO Clearing Tokyo Co., Ltd.	0	0	0	0
SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	0	0	0	0
A SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	0	0	\bigcirc	0
KIYA SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
atsuki Securities, Inc.	0	0	0	0
IDO SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	0	0	0	0
ozora Bank, Ltd.	_	0	_	_
RK SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
HE BANK OF FUKUOKA, LTD.	_	0	_	_
he Bank of Kyoto, Ltd.	_	0	_	_
E BANK OF SAGA LTD.	_	0	_	_
e Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.	_	0	_	_
e Bank of Yokohama, Ltd.	_	0	_	_
irclays Securites Japan Limited	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
	~	~	~	~
P Paribas Securities (Japan) Limited	0	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc
e Chiba Bank, Ltd.	-	0	-	-
hibagin Securities Co.,Ltd.	0	0	0	0
UBU SECURITIES FINANCING CO., LTD.	0	-	-	—
e Chugoku Bank, Limited	_	\bigcirc	_	-
bank Japan Ltd.	*	*	*	*
tigroup Global Markets Japan Inc.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
edit Agricole Securities Asia B.V.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
edit Suisse Securities (Japan) Limited	0	0	0	\bigcirc
iko Clearing Services Corporation	\star	*	*	\star
e Daishi Bank, Ltd.	-	\bigcirc	-	-
wa Securities Co.Ltd.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
itsche Securities Inc.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
va Securities Co.,Ltd.	-	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	-
kuoka Securities Co.,Ltd.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
IO CLICK Securities, Inc.	\bigcirc	-	_	-
ldman Sachs Japan Co., Ltd.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
e Gunma Bank, Ltd.	-	\bigcirc	—	-
6. SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
e Hachijuni Bank, Ltd.	-	\bigcirc	-	-
ACHIJUNI SECURITIES Co.,Ltd.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
piki Securities Inc.	\bigcirc	—	—	_
E HIKARI SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
NODE SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
ROTA SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
ne Hokuetsu Bank, Ltd.	-	\bigcirc	_	_
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	*	_	_	*
BC SECURITIES (JAPAN) LIMITED	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
e Hyakujushi Bank, Ltd.	_	0	_	_
iyoshi Securities Co.,Ltd.	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

a···Cash products b···JGB Futures & Options on JGB Futures c···Index Futures & Index Options d···Securities Options Principal Clearing Participant : O Agency Clearing Participant : *

	а	b	с	d	
NISHIMURA SECURITIES CO., LTD.	0	0	0	0	
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY BANK, LTD.	_	\bigcirc	_	_	
NISSAN CENTURY SECURITIES CO., LTD.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
Nomura Securities Co.,Ltd.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
The Norinchukin Bank	-	\bigcirc	_	_	
The Ogaki Kyoritsu Bank, Ltd.	_	\bigcirc	—	—	
OKACHI SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
OKASAN SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	\star	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
OKAYASU SECURITIES, Co.,Ltd	\bigcirc	-	-	_	
Osaka Securities Finance Co.,Ltd.	\bigcirc	_	_	_	
Phillip Securities Japan, Ltd.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
Phoenix Securities Co., Ltd.	\bigcirc	_	_	_	
Rakuten Securities, Inc.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
RBS SECURITIES JAPAN LIMITED	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
Resona Bank, Limited	-	\bigcirc	_	_	
Retela Crea Securities Co., Ltd.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
San-ei Securities Co.,Ltd.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
SANKO SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
Sankyo Securities Co., Ltd.	\bigcirc	_	_	_	
SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
Securities Japan, Inc.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
The Senshu Ikeda Bank, Ltd.	_	0	_	_	
The 77 Bank, Ltd.	_	0	-	_	
Shinkin Central Bank	_	\bigcirc	_	_	
Shinkin Securities Co., Ltd.	_	\bigcirc	-	_	
THE SHIZUOKA BANK, LTD.	_	\bigcirc	_	_	
The Shoko Chukin Bank, Ltd.	_	\bigcirc	-	_	
Sinsei Bank, Limited	_	\bigcirc	_	_	
SMBC Friend Securities Co.,Ltd.	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
SMBC Nikko Securities Inc.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
Societe Generale Securities (North Pacific) Ltd.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	_	\bigcirc	_	_	
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	-	\bigcirc	_	_	
TAKAGI SECURITIES CO., LTD.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
The Tama Shinkin Bank	_	\bigcirc	-	_	
THE TACHIBANA SECURITIES CO., LTD.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
Tokai Tokyo Securities Co.,Ltd.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
TOYO SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	
UBS Securities Japan Co., Ltd.	0	0	0	0	
UTSUMIYA SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	0	0	0	0	
YAHATA SECURITIES CO., LTD.	0	0	0	0	
YAMAGEN Securities Co.,Ltd.	0	0	0	0	
The Yamaguchi Bank, Ltd.	_	0	_	_	
Yamani Securities Co.,Ltd.	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	

	а	b	С	d
YAMAWA SECURITIES CO.,LTD.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
The Yutaka Securities Co.,Ltd.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Principal Clearing Participant	91	116	83	80
Agency Clearing Participant	6	2	2	3

CDS Clearing Participants (6 companies)

BNP Paribas
Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd.
Mitsubishi UFJ Morgan Stanley Securities Co., Ltd.
Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.
Morgan Stanley MUFG Securities Co., Ltd.
Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.

IRS Clearing Participants (21 companies)

The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.
Barclays Bank PLC
BNP Paribas
Citigroup Global Markets Japan Inc.
Credit Suisse Securities (Japan) Limited
Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd.
Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft
Goldman Sachs Japan Co., Ltd.
JPMorgan Securities Japan Co., Ltd.
Merrill Lynch Japan Securities Co., Ltd.
Mitsubishi UFJ Morgan Stanley Securities Co., Ltd.
Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.
Morgan Stanley MUFG Securities Co., Ltd.
Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.
Resona Bank, Limited.
The Royal Bank of Scotland plc
SMBC Nikko Securities Inc.
Societe Generale
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited.
UBS AG

Financial Statements

Balance Sheet March 31, 2012 and 2011

	Millions of Yen U.S. D			
ASSETS	2012	2011	2012	
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and bank deposits	¥18,309	¥13,275	\$222,900	
Accounts receivable—trade	1,099	1,287	13,381	
Margin funds for derivatives	111,004	246,659	1,351,400	
Deposits for clearing funds	59,376	81,967	722,873	
Deposits as collateral for facilitating settlement	11,110	22,510	135,256	
Margin funds for when-issued transactions	292	251	3,554	
Deferred tax assets	37	42	453	
Other current assets	50	86	619	
Total current assets	201,279	366,079	2,450,441	
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT—Net: Buildinas	21	26	261	
Equipment and furniture	2	4	35	
Total property and equipment	24	30	296	
INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS—Net				
software	5	11	68	
Total intangible fixed assets	5	11	68	
INVESTMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS:				
Investments in securities	1,591	1,599	19,376	
Investments in an affiliated company	1,750	1,750	21,306	
Long-term prepaid expenses	33	49	405	
Guarantee money deposits	48	48	586	
Deferred charges	14	5	182	
Deferred tax assets	2	5	34	
Total investments and other assets	3,440	3,457	41,890	
TOTAL	¥204,750	¥369,579	\$2,492,697	

	Millions	Thousands of U.S. Dollars	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	2012	2011	2012
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable—trade	¥846	¥910	\$10,309
Income taxes payable	170	240	2,075
Consumption taxes payable	21	24	256
Accrued bonuses	41	41	504
Accrued bonuses for directors	15	13	188
Margin funds received for derivatives	111,004	246,659	1,351,400
Deposits received for clearing funds	59,376	81,967	722,873
Deposits received as collateral for facilitating settlement	11,110	22,510	135,256
Margin funds received for when-issued transactions	292	251	3,554
Other current liabilities	15	12	190
Total current liabilities	182,893	352,630	2,226,611
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES— Long-term accounts payable	7	12	94
Total non-current liabilities	7	12	94
Total liabilities	182,901	352,643	2,226,706
EQUITY:			
Shareholders' equity	4,850	2,600	59,045
Capital surplus	4,400	2,150	53,567
Retained earnings	12,598	12,186	153,378
Settlement guarantee reserve for securities trades and others	12,180		148,283
General reserve		11,810	
Retained earnings—unappropriated	418	376	5,094
Total shareholders' equity	21,848	16,936	265,991
Total equity	21,848	16,936	265,991
TOTAL	¥204,750	¥369,579	\$2,492,697

Statement of Income Year Ended March 31, 2012 and 2011

					Millions of Yen				ousands of .S. Dollars	
					2	2012		2011		2012
OPERATING REVENUES										
Clearing fees					:	¥6,627		¥7,080		\$80,690
Monthly fees						148		138		1,802
Maintenance fees on cash products and	derivatives					446		437		5,434
Other operating income						216		342		2,630
Total operating revenues						7,438		8,000		90,557
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Outsourcing business costs						5,884		6,778		71,640
Salaries and compensation						498		460		6,070
Real estate rental fees						56		53		692
Facility expenses						12		13		149
Other operating expenses						350		142		4,272
Total operating expenses						6,803		7,448		82,825
Operating profit						635		551		7,731
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES):										
Interest income						35		44		433
Subsidy income						47		47		574
Other-net						(3)		(3)		(37)
Other income — net						79		87		971
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES						714		639		8,703
INCOME TAXES—Current						295		282		3,594
INCOME TAXES—Deferred						7		(14)		89
						¥412		¥371		\$5,018
Statement of Chang	ies in I	Equity	y Year	Ende	d Marc	h 31, 2012	and 2	011		
				Millions of Yen						
	Number	anding of Shares	Capital		Surplus	Settlement Gua	arantee	ed Earning General		Tota
	Class A	al Stock Class B	Stock		Paid-in Capital	Reserve for Se Trades and C		Reserve	Unappropria	ited Equi
BALANCE, APRIL 1, 2010	30,000	01033 D	¥1,700	VA	300	Trades and C	41013	¥11,620	¥194	¥14,8′

			Millions of Yen					
		anding		Capital Surplus	Retained Earnings			
	Number of Shares of Capital Stock		Capital Stock	Additional	Settlement Guarantee Reserve for Securities	General	Unappropriated	Total Equity
	Class A	Class B		Paid-in Capital	Trades and Others	Reserve		
BALANCE, APRIL 1, 2010	30,000		¥1,700	¥1,300		¥11,620	¥194	¥14,814
Issuance of new Class A shares	3,543		900	850				1,750
Transfer to general reserve						190	(190)	
Net income							371	371
BALANCE, MARCH 31, 2011	33,543		2,600	2,150		11,810	376	16,936
Issuance of new Class B shares		9,000	2,250	2,250				4,500
Transfer to general reserve						370	(370)	
Transfer to settlement guarantee reserve for securities trades and others					¥12,180	(12,180)		
Net income							412	412
BALANCE, MARCH 31, 2012	33,543	9,000	¥4,850	¥4,400	¥12,180		¥418	¥21,848

		Thousands of U.S. Dollars				
		Capital Surplus	Retain	Retained Earnings		
	Capital Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Settlement Guarantee Reserve for Securities Trades and Others	General Reserve	Unappropriated	Total Equity
BALANCE, MARCH 31, 2011	\$31,653	\$26,175		\$143,778	\$4,580	\$206,187
Issuance of new Class B shares	27,392	27,392				54,784
Transfer to general reserve				4,504	(4,504)	
Transfer to settlement guarantee reserve for securities trades and others			\$148,283	(148,283)		
Net income					5,018	5,018
BALANCE, MARCH 31, 2012	\$59,045	\$53,567	\$148,283		\$5,094	\$265,991

President & CEO	Senior Managing Director	Managing Director		
Yasuo Tobiyama	Hirokazu Fujisawa	Yasushi Suzuki		
Member of the Board	Member of the Board	Member of the Board		
Michinori Ando Executive Director, SMBC Nikko Securities Inc.	Moriyasu Iwanaga Executive Officer, Tokyo Stock Exchange Group, Inc.	Masakazu Kubota Senior Managing Director, Keidanren		
Member of the Board	Member of the Board	Member of the Board		
Ritsuro Koza Senior Managing Director, Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.	Masahisa Nakagawa Senior Managing Director, Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd.	Yasumasa Nishi Managing Executive Officer, Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.		
Member of the Board	Member of the Board	Member of the Board		
Seiji Miyauchi Senior Managing Director, Kyokuto Securities Co., Ltd.	Kotaro Yamazawa Managing Director, Osaka Securities Exchange CO., Ltd.	Mikio Yamashita Managing Director, Morgan Stanley MUFG Securities Co., Ltd.		
Standing Statutory Auditor	Statutory Auditor	Statutory Auditor		
Akira Sato	Shigeru Nakajima Attorney-at-law	Tsutoo Matsumoto		

Board of Directors and Auditors

Corporate Data

		(710 01 0010001 0, 2012)			
Company Name	Japan Securities Clearing Corporation				
President & CEO	Yasuo Tobiyama				
Head Office	2-1, Nihombashi-Kabuto-Cho, Chuo-ku, T	okyo 103-0026, Japan			
TEL	+81-3-3665-1234				
URL	http://www.jscc.co.jp				
Date of Incorporation	July 1, 2002 (Commences business on Ja	anuary 14, 2003)			
Capital	7.35 billion yen				
Shareholders	Class A shares: Tokyo Stock Exchange Group, Inc. Nagoya Stock Exchange, Inc. Fukuoka Stock Exchange Class B shares: Tokyo Stock Exchange Group, Inc. Class C shares: Tokyo Stock Exchange Group, Inc. Goldman Sachs Japan Co., Ltd. Citigroup Global Markets Japan Inc. Daiwa Securities Group Inc. Barclays Bank PLC (Barclays Bank) BNP Paribas Securities (Japan) Limited Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. Morgan Stanley MUFG Securities Co., Ltd. Resona Bank Co.,Ltd.	Osaka Securities Exchange Co., Ltd. Sapporo Securities Exchange Credit Suisse (Japan) Limited JPMorgan Securities Japan Co., Ltd. Société Générale (Société Générale Bank) Deutsche Securities Inc. Nomura Holdings, Inc. Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd. Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank Merrill Lynch Japan Securities Co., Ltd. UBS AG The Royal Bank of Scotland plc Tokyo Branch			

Organizational Chart



(As of October 3, 2012)

(As of October 3, 2012)

Japan Securities Clearing Corporation