

# Protection Available to Customers on Interest Rate Swaps Cleared at JSCC: Comparison of Bankruptcy Protections Available to U.S. Persons under U.S. and Japanese Law

## July 1<sup>st</sup>, 2022

#### Contents

1.	Glossary	2
2.	Overview	4
3.	Comparison of Customer Protections	5

#### **Disclaimer**

This document is purely for illustrative purposes and intended to facilitate discussion. The contents of this document are not, and are not intend to be, complete or comprehensive descriptions of the regimes and are subject to ongoing revision. The contents of this paper do not, and do not seek to, constitute advice of any nature, including any legal or investment advice. The contents are based on JSCC's interpretation of various statutes, including the Commodity Exchange Act and CFTC regulation. Readers should always take their own legal advice and review the rulebook of JSCC in term of the use of clearing service by JSCC.

JSCC will have no liability over any and all damages airing from any use of this document for any reason whatsoever.

### 1. Glossary

Business Rules: JSCC's Interest Rate Swap Clearing Business Rules, available at <a href="https://www.jpx.co.jp/jscc/en/rule/rule">https://www.jpx.co.jp/jscc/en/rule/rule</a> irs.html

U.S. Bankruptcy Code: The provisions of the U.S. Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1978, as amended from time to time, relating to ordinary bankruptcies (chapters 1 through 5) and to

liquidations (chapter 7 with the exception of subchapter III), together with the federal rules of bankruptcy procedure relating thereto

**CEA**: U.S. Commodity Exchange Act, as amended

**CFTC**: U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission

CFTC Regulations: Title 17 Chapter I of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations

Clearing Participant: An entity eligible to clear IRS directly at JSCC as a clearing member

**Customer/ Client:** An entity clearing IRS at JSCC through Clearing Participant

**CFTC-registered DCO:** A derivatives clearing organization registered with the CFTC

Collateral: Type of cash and non-cash assets eligible as collateral for the deposit of initial margin under JSCC Rulebook

Exempt DCO: A derivatives clearing organization exempted from registration with the CFTC under Section 5b(h) of the CEA and Part 39 of the CFTC Regulations

FCM: An entity registered with the CFTC as a futures commission merchant under the CEA

FIEA: Financial Instruments and Exchange Act (Japan)

**IRS**: Interest rate swap(s)

**JSCC**: Japan Securities Clearing Corporation

JSCC Exemption Order: AMENDED ORDER OF EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION, In the Matter of the Petition of Japan Securities Clearing Corporation for Exemption from

Registration as a Derivatives Clearing Organization (May 15, 2017), available at

http://www.cftc.gov/idc/groups/public/@otherif/documents/ifdocs/jsccdcoexemptamdorder5-15-17.pdf.

JSCC Rules / JSCC Rulebook: The Business Rules, the rules set by JSCC that are subordinate to these Business Rules, notices by JSCC to Clearing Participants, and any other

requirements imposed by JSCC on Clearing Participants, including the amendments thereto, if any<sup>1</sup>

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> JSCC rulebook is available at: <a href="https://www.jpx.co.jp/jscc/en/rule/rule">https://www.jpx.co.jp/jscc/en/rule/rule</a> irs.html



**US Person**: An individual or entity which falls under the definition of "U.S. person" as set forth in the Commission's Interpretive Guidance and Policy Statement Regarding Compliance With Certain Swap Regulations, 78 FR 45292, 45316–17 (July 26, 2013).

#### 2. Overview

This document provides, for a reference purpose, a summary comparison of protections available to customers on their clearing of IRS under relevant U.S. legal and the regulatory regime that applies to JSCC. Specifically, this document provides a summary comparison of (1) the provisions of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code and CFTC Regulations applicable to swaps cleared on behalf of U.S. Person customers at a U.S. DCO in the event of the relevant FCM's failure and (2) the provisions of Japanese law and JSCC Rules applicable to IRS cleared on behalf of non-U.S. Person customers at JSCC in the event of the relevant Clearing Participant's failure. The protections available to customers under the regulatory regime applicable to JSCC are the same across all different types of customers, including whether the customer is Japanese or non-Japanese entity.

This document does not provide any information on the protections available to U.S. customers in any products cleared by JSCC other than IRS.<sup>2</sup>

Please be informed that JSCC is an Exempt DCO under Section 5b(h) of the CEA and Part 39 of the CFTC Regulations. Under the JSCC Exemption Order issued by the CFTC, JSCC is permitted to clear for any Clearing Participant and their affiliated entities which fall under the definition of U.S. Person. However, JSCC and its Clearing Participants are not permitted to clear, as a customer of a Clearing Participant, for an entity falling under the definition of U.S. Person and not affiliated with the Clearing Participant who is acting as a clearing broker for the entity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> JSCC's IRS products include cross-margining (initial margin) between the IRS and JGB futures, to enable offsetting of the risks arising from JPY-denominated IRS and exchange-listed JGB futures. Under this program, upon a Clearing Participant's request, the required initial margin for the JGB futures positions and cleared JPY IRS positions of that Clearing Participant are calculated on a portfolio basis. The required initial margin is calculated using the same methodology as for initial margin of IRS clearing, such as applying a 5-day holding period (7-day for a customer transaction) to cross-margined JGB futures positions. JGB futures positions and cleared JPY IRS positions in the cross-margining program may include those of a Clearing Participant's customers, subject to the request of the Clearing Participant and the conditions under the rulebook of JSCC. Collateral of U.S. Person customers that are using the cross-margining program is segregated in accordance with JSCC's framework for IRS collateral. For more details on the crossmargining program, please contact to the relevant Clearing Participant.

## 3. Comparison of Customer Protections

This section provides a high-level summary comparison of certain elements of the customer collateral protection regimes applicable to cleared interest rate swaps under (1) the rules of JSCC and related Japanese law and (2) certain aspects of U.S. law, including the Commodity Exchange Act, CFTC Regulations and the U.S. Bankruptcy Code.

	Item	Clearing Participant at JSCC (Exempt DCO)		FCM at CFTC-registered DCO	
		Description	Relevant laws,	Description	Relevant laws and regulations
			regulations and		
			rulebook <sup>3</sup>		
1	Collateral	JSCC accepts as collateral for initial margin; 1) JPY cash, 2)	JSCC Business Rules	An FCM may accept cash, securities or other	CEA 4d(f)
	Arrangements	Japanese Government Bonds, and 3) U.S. Treasuries.	Articles 2(Definitions)	property as collateral ("customer collateral").	CFTC Regulations 22.3, 22.15
		(Only cash is acceptable for the deposit of variation margin <sup>4</sup> .)	Handling Procedures	Customer collateral belongs to, and is held for	
			Article 8	the benefit of, the FCM's customer (i.e., title of	
		<u>Cash collateral</u>		the customer collateral should not be transferred	
		Cash collateral of a customer is provided to JSCC through a		to the FCM or DCO).	
		Clearing Participant as an agent <sup>5</sup> by way of "deposit for	JSCC Business Rules		
		consumption" (shouhi kitaku), which operates similarly to a title	Articles 61(Purpose of		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Article 156-7.1 of Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan ("FIEA") requires central counterparties ("CCPs") to operate their clearing business pursuant to their business rules. And a Clearing Participant is required to comply JSCC rulebook under the Clearing Participant Agreement with JSCC.

Article 156-12 of FIEA requires the JFSA's approval for changes to business rules. JSCC's rule books for the IRS clearing are available at JSCC website (https://www.jpx.co.jp/jscc/en/rule/rule\_irs.html).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Alternatively, Clearing Participants and customers may choose to use "Settlement Type", under which mark-to-market difference, not variation margin, shall be settled daily.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> A Clearing Participant does not need to deliver all customer collateral to JSCC if the Clearing Participant obtains the customer's consent. In such a case, the Clearing Participant must deliver "substituted collateral" to JSCC (i.e., eligible collateral that is different from the collateral originally delivered to the Clearing Participant by the customer) in an amount not less than the value of all collateral originally received from the customer (Article 73.1 and 73.2 of the Business Rules).

Item	Clearing Participant at JSCC (Exempt DCO)		FCM at CFTC-register	red DCO
	Description	Relevant laws,	Description	Relevant laws and regulations
		regulations and		
		rulebook <sup>3</sup>		
	transfer arrangement, provided, however, that JSCC must not use	Margin)		
	the collateral for any purpose not prescribed in the JSCC Rulebook.			
		Handling Procedures		
	Non-cash collateral	<exhibit 3-2="" form=""></exhibit>		
	Non-cash collateral of a customer is provided to JSCC through a	Clearing Brokerage		
	Clearing Participant as an agent <sup>6</sup> in lieu of cash collateral by way	Agreement (English		
	of "loan for consumption" (shouhi taishaku), which operates	language original		
	similarly to a title transfer, provided, however, that JSCC must not	format)		
	use the collateral for any purpose not prescribed in the JSCC	Article 24(Nature of		
	Rulebook.	Deposit of Margin)		
	Furthermore, once JSCC receives cash and non-cash collateral from			
	U.S. Person customers, such collateral will be held in a trust under			
	Japanese law, with the customers as beneficiaries of the trust <sup>7</sup> , to			
	ensure the remoteness of customer collateral from the Japanese			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> A Clearing Participant does not need to deliver all customer collateral to JSCC if the Clearing Participant obtains the customer's consent. In such a case, the Clearing Participant must deliver "substituted collateral" to JSCC (i.e., eligible collateral that is different from the collateral originally delivered to the Clearing Participant by the customer) in an amount not less than the value of all collateral originally received from the customer (Article 73.1 and 73.2 of the Business Rules).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> This trust is established with all customers and affiliated entities of Clearing Participants in the same Corporate Group (defined in the Financial Instrument and Exchange Act, article 5(1)(ii)) as beneficiaries. JSCC and Clearing Participants are not included as beneficiaries.

	Item	Clearing Participant at JSCC (Exempt DCO)		FCM at CFTC-register	red DCO
		Description	Relevant laws,	Description	Relevant laws and regulations
			regulations and		
			rulebook <sup>3</sup>		
		bankruptcy proceedings on JSCC.			
2	Collateral	JPY cash collateral may be invested in accordance with the Fund	JSCC Business Rules	FCMs may invest customer collateral in certain	CFTC Regulations 1.25, 22.2
	Investment	Management Policy of JSCC. <sup>8</sup> The profit and loss from investments	Articles	products, including U.S. Treasuries.	
		is attributed to each Clearing Participant and customer based on	87(Management of		
		the amount of collateral, less JSCC's investment management	Clearing Deposit)	An FCM bears sole responsibility for any losses	
		costs.		resulting from the investment of customer funds.	
			Handling Procedures	No investment losses shall be borne or otherwise	
			Article 44-2(Clearing	allocated to customers.	
			Deposit		
			Management), 44-		
			3(Treatment of Profit		
			or Loss from		
			Management of		
			Clearing Deposit)		
3	Segregation of	A Clearing Participant is required by JSCC's rules to deliver all	Business Rules	Customer collateral must be legally segregated	CEA Section 4d(f)
	Customer Collateral		Articles 72(Deposit of	from that of other customers, the FCM and the	CFTC Regulations 22.3, 22.4, 22.15
			Initial Margin by	DCO, but customer collateral may be held by a	
				DCO or FCM in an operationally commingled	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Fund Management Policy is available at <a href="https://www.ipx.co.jp/jscc/en/company/fundmanagementpolicy.html">https://www.ipx.co.jp/jscc/en/company/fundmanagementpolicy.html</a>

Item	Clearing Participant at JSCC (Exempt DCO)		FCM at CFTC-register	red DCO
	Description	Relevant laws,	Description	Relevant laws and regulations
		regulations and		
		rulebook <sup>3</sup>		
	customer collateral to JSCC. <sup>9</sup>	Customer)	account with the collateral of all customers.	
	Once customer collateral is deposited at JSCC, it is held in each	Business Rules	Customer collateral must be held with: (1) a bank	
	customer's individually segregated account, which is segregated	Articles 59(Clearing	or trust company located in the US, <sup>12</sup> (2) a CFTC-	
	from (i) JSCC's own assets, (ii) the Clearing Participant's collateral,	Participant Account),	registered DCO or (3) another FCM, subject to	
	and (iii) other customers' collateral. Collateral held in an	75(Classification and	certain conditions.	
	individually segregated account at JSCC is remote from the	Management Method		
	bankruptcy proceedings of the Clearing Participant and/or another	of Initial Margin),		
	customer.	76(Right to Claim		
		Return of Initial		
	Deposit with, and withdrawal from, JSCC of customer collateral is	Margin) and		
	made by customers through a Clearing Participant acting as the	87(Management of		
	payment agent.	Clearing Deposit)		
		Financial Instruments		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> A Clearing Participant does not need to deliver all customer collateral to JSCC if the Clearing Participant obtains the customer's consent. In such a case, the Clearing Participant must deliver "substituted collateral" to JSCC (i.e., eligible collateral that is different from the collateral originally delivered to the Clearing Participant by the customer) in an amount not less than the value of all collateral originally received from the customer (Article 73.1 and 73.2 of the Business Rules).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>Customer property may also be held in a bank outside of the U.S., subject to certain conditions. See CFTC Regulation 1.49.

	Item	Clearing Participant at JSCC (Exempt DCO)		FCM at CFTC-registered DCO	
		Description	Relevant laws,	Description	Relevant laws and regulations
			regulations and		
			rulebook <sup>3</sup>		
		A defaulting Clearing Participant <sup>10</sup> cannot act as an agent, and in	and Exchange Act of		
		such a case, a customer can request return of their collateral	Japan		
		directly from JSCC.	Article 156-11 <sup>11</sup>		
			Article 156-11-2.1		
4	Bankruptcy	JSCC has established a trust arrangement whereby customer	Business Rules	In the case of an FCM bankruptcy, customers are	Subchapter IV of Chapter 7 of the
	Remoteness of	collateral is deposited in an account with a trust bank <sup>13</sup> on behalf	Article	entitled to priority under the U.S. Bankruptcy	U.S. Bankruptcy Code
	Customer Collateral	of customers (the " <b>Trust Accounts</b> "). <sup>14</sup> The collateral in the Trust	87(Management of	Code over other creditors of the FCM in the	CFTC Regulations 190.00(c), 190.09
		Accounts is legally remote from a bankruptcy of (i) JSCC, (ii)	Clearing Deposit)	distribution of the FCM's customer collateral.	
		Clearing Participants, and (iii) the trust bank under Trust Act of			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> "Defaulting Clearing Participant" is defined as a Clearing Participant for which JSCC determines to be in Default under Article 89 of JSCC's Business Rules. The definition of "Default" is prescribed under Article 2 of JSCC's Business Rules.

An English translation of Cabinet Office Order on Financial Instruments Clearing Organization is available on the Ministry of Justice website:

(http://www.japaneselawtranslation.go.jp/law/detail/?ft=1&re=01&dn=1&ia=03&co=01&x=0&y=0&ky=%E9%87%91%E8%9E%8D%E5%95%86%E5%93%81%E5%8F%96%E5%BC%95%E6%B8%85%E7%AE%97%E6%A9%9F%E9%96%A2&page=4).

An English translation of JFSA Guidelines is available on the JFSA website: (https://www.fsa.go.jp/en/news/2014/20140327-1/01.pdf)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>JSCC maintains the segregation of customer collateral in accordance with the collateral segregation requirements under the FIEA regime (Article 156-11 of FIEA, Article 18 of Cabinet Office Order on Financial Instruments Clearing Organization) and the JFSA's Comprehensive Guidelines for Supervision of Financial Market Infrastructure ("JFSA Guidelines") (III-3-6), which incorporates "Principles for financial market infrastructures (Apr. 2012)" issued by CPMI-IOSCO into JFSA's supervisory framework.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup>Currently, JSCC uses Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. as its trust bank.

<sup>14</sup> Alternatively, Clearing Participants and customers may elect to custody their JPY cash collateral at the Bank of Japan. This document only describes the protections when choosing the trust arrangement.

Item	Clearing Participant at JSCC (Exempt DCO)		FCM at CFTC-register	red DCO
	Description	Relevant laws,	Description	Relevant laws and regulations
		regulations and		
		rulebook <sup>3</sup>		
	Japan <sup>15</sup> .	Handling Procedures	Within each account class, customers are	
		Articles	entitled to a pro-rata distribution of customer	
	Article 25 of the Trust Act of Japan <sup>16</sup> is construed as the legal basis	44(Management of	collateral in proportion to their net equity.	
	for the bankruptcy remoteness of collateral in the Trust Accounts	Clearing Deposit)		
	from the trustee's assets. JSCC has obtained a legal opinion from		Cleared OTC derivatives, along with the property	
	an independent law firm (Linklaters Tokyo <sup>17</sup> ) concerning the	Trust Act of Japan	margining, guaranteeing or securing such	
	bankruptcy remoteness of the collateral in the Trust Accounts from	Article 25	positions, constitute a separate account class and	
	JSCC's bankruptcy estate in case of JSCC's insolvency. 18		a customer's pro rata share for the cleared OTC	
			derivatives account class will be calculated	
	Fees and costs arising from the trust arrangement will be passed		separately from the customer's pro rata share of	
	onto Clearing Participants by JSCC. <sup>19</sup> JSCC will not deduct these		any other account classes, such as those for	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup>Cash collateral in the Trust Accounts may be deposited in ordinary accounts at the trust bank or Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. to which the collateral is re-trusted by the trust bank, in accordance with the JSCC's Policies for Management of Posted Collateral (<a href="https://www.jpx.co.jp/jscc/en/company/fundmanagementpolicy.html">https://www.jpx.co.jp/jscc/en/company/fundmanagementpolicy.html</a>). The collateral so deposited with ordinary accounts will not be covered in the depository guarantee scheme by the Deposit Insurance Corporation of Japan, and thus could be subject to the credit risk of those trust banks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> An English translation of the Trust Act is available at the Ministry of Justice website, here: (http://www.japaneselawtranslation.go.jp/law/detail/?id=2476&vm=04&re=01)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup>The official name is *Gaikokuho Kyodo-Jigyo Horitsu Jimusho Linklaters*. For a copy of the legal opinion from Linklaters Tokyo please contact to the Clearing Participant.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> If the trusted asset is short of the deposited collateral amount, in defiance of the segregation established by JSCC under its rulebook and the Japanese laws and regulation applicable to CCPs, due to a technical reason that could occur during a brief period (i.e., part of collateral is still in the process of delivery to the trust account and not yet trusted), the deficit amount could be subject to JSCC's bankruptcy procedure. For details, please refer to Row 6 of this table.

<sup>19</sup> JSCC charges a "Collateral Fee" to Clearing Participants, based on the amount of collateral. For details, please refer to the Rules on Fees for IRS Clearing Business available in JSCC website. In relation to fees

	Item		Clearing Participant at JSCC (Exempt DCO)		FCM at CFTC-registe	red DCO
			Description	Relevant laws,	Description	Relevant laws and regulations
				regulations and		
				rulebook <sup>3</sup>		
		from the	collateral of each U.S. customer.		futures.	
5	Bankruptcy of	If JSCC de	termines the default of a Clearing Participant, the	Business Rules	If an FCM fails, the trustee must use its best	Subchapter IV of Chapter 7 of the
	Clearing Participant	customer	s of the defaulting Clearing Participant may transfer their	Articles 76(Right to	efforts to effect a transfer of the cleared swap	U.S. Bankruptcy Code
	/ FCM	positions	and collateral, which are held in each customer's	Claim Return of Initial	positions and collateral of customers to a non-	
		individual	segregated accounts at JSCC, to one or more brokerage	Margin), Article	defaulting FCM.	CFTC Regulation 190.03.
		accounts	held by one or more non-defaulting Clearing Participants.	89(Actions to be		CFTC Regulation 190.04
		>	Customers must obtain the prior consent from the	Taken in Case of	The trustee, the relevant self-regulatory	CFTC Regulation 190.07
			non-defaulting Clearing Participant(s) to which they	Occurrence of Failure	organization, or the DCO must notify the CFTC	
			wish to transfer their positions.	of Settlement and	whether such entity intends to transfer open	CFTC Regulation 39.16(Default rules
		>	The application for transfer must be submitted within	Default), 94(Position	customer positions to another FCM.	and procedures)
			two business days from the Clearing Participant's	Transfer of		
			default. However, in certain circumstances, JSCC could	Customer's Cleared	Partial transfers of customer positions and	
			extend the application deadline by up to four	Contract upon Default	collateral to multiple FCMs may be effected	
			additional business days.	of Clearing Broker),	under some circumstances.	
				94.3(JGB Futures		
		If a custor	mer does not transfer its open interest to another	Position Transfer of	Generally, customer accounts that are in deficit	

charged by a Clearing Participant to each U.S. customer, please contact to the relevant Clearing Participant.

Rules on Fees for IRS Clearing Business: <a href="https://www.jpx.co.jp/jscc/en/rule/cimhll00000001ow-att/03e">https://www.jpx.co.jp/jscc/en/rule/cimhll00000001ow-att/03e</a> RulesonFeesforIRSClearingBusiness.pdf

	Item	Clearing Participant at JSCC (Exempt DCO)		FCM at CFTC-register	red DCO
		Description	Relevant laws,	Description	Relevant laws and regulations
			regulations and		
			rulebook <sup>3</sup>		
		Clearing Participant, it also has the option to submit a claim	Claims and	are not included in a bulk transfer and will be	
		directly to JSCC for the return of its customer collateral. JSCC	Obligations related to	liquidated. Any positions or other customer	
		would return customer collateral directly to each customer, after	JGB Futures Cleared	collateral that cannot be transferred will also be	
		deducting the outstanding amount of any obligations that arise	Contracts and the like	liquidated.	
		from the customer's open positions. Furthermore, these	upon Default of Cross		
		customers have the right to request that JSCC make a direct	Margining Accepting	Any remaining customer collateral that is not	
		payment of the profit associated with any change in the net	Party), Article 99-	transferred will be distributed pursuant to the	
		present value of swaps cleared in JSCC that would have been paid	2(Customer Profit	trustee's instructions in accordance with the U.S.	
		through the defaulting Clearing Participant on and after the date	Direct Receipt upon	Bankruptcy Code and the Part 190 Rules.	
		of default.	Default of Clearing		
			Broker)		
			Rules on Default		
			Settlement		
			Articles 8(Position		
			Transfer of		
			Customer's Cleared		
			Contracts)		
6	Delivery of	Customers' collateral is delivered to JSCC by the Clearing	Business Rules	See Rows 4 and 5 above.	

Item	Clearing Participant at JSCC (Exempt DCO)		FCM at CFTC-register	red DCO
	Description	Relevant laws,	Description	Relevant laws and regulations
		regulations and		
		rulebook <sup>3</sup>		
customer's	Participant as an agent through an account transfer with the Bank	Articles 63(Obligation		
collateral to the	of Japan ("BOJ"). Such customer collateral, once delivered to the	to Deposit Initial		
Trust Bank by JSCC	JSCC's account with the BOJ, is at all times segregated and remote	Margin), 66(Cutoff		
	from the bankruptcy of the Clearing Participant.	Time for Deposit of		
	After collateral is delivered to JSCC's account at the BOJ, it is	Initial Margin),		
	transferred to the Trust Accounts by JSCC. During the very brief	70(Cutoff Time for		
	period in which the customer collateral remains in JSCC's BOJ	Deposit of Intraday		
	account, such collateral is not bankruptcy remote from JSCC.	Margin), 72(Deposit		
		of Initial Margin by		
	However, (i) Clearing Participants are required by JSCC's rules to	Customer)		
	deliver all customer collateral to JSCC; <sup>20</sup> and (ii) the exact times			
	(11:30, 15:30 and 16:30) <sup>21</sup> at which JSCC delivers customer	Handling Procedures		
	collateral to the trust bank are prescribed in the operational	Article 43(Method of		
	procedures of JSCC. Therefore, customers may be able to mitigate	Settlement of Moneys		
	the risk of JSCC's bankruptcy during this transit process by	in Japanese Yen)		
	controlling the timing of deposit of their collateral with their			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup>Please see Row 3 (Segregation of Customer Collateral) for additional details.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup>These deadlines are prescribed in the operational procedures that are distributed to all Clearing Participants.

Item	Clearing Participant at JSCC (Exempt DCO)		FCM at CFTC-registered DCO		
	Description Relevant laws,		Description	Relevant laws and regulations	
		regulations and			
		rulebook <sup>3</sup>			
	Clearing Participants.				